AMEND § 16.2 DEFINITIONS:

2 ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT (ADU)

- 3 An apartment which is part of an existing structure on the property where the owner of the property
- 4 occupies one of the units. The accessory dwelling unit may be rented so that the owner-occupant
- 5 may benefit from the additional income. The owner may also elect to occupy the accessory dwelling-
- 6 unit and rent the principal dwelling unit. A secondary dwelling unit with facilities used or intended to
- be used for living, sleeping, cooking, eating, and sanitary facilities for one or more persons, whether
- 8 attached to the primary dwelling unit, detached from it, or contained within it.

9 AMEND §16.8.25 Accessory Dwelling Units:

10 § 16.8.25.1 **Purpose.**

- It is the intent of this article to impose provide standards that enable homeowners to create accessory
- dwelling units that are compatible with this title and do not negatively impact the character of the existing
- 13 neighborhood or overburden the existing infrastructure and to (1) provide a means for residents –
- 14 <u>including seniors</u>, single parents, and families with grown children to remain in their homes and
- neighborhoods, and (2)increase the housing stock of existing neighborhoods in a manner that is
- compatible with their size and scale, and (3) allow more efficient use of existing housing stock and
- 17 infrastructure, and (4) provide a broader range of affordable housing options. The purpose of this article
- is not intended to create a new supply of short-term rental (STR) units, such as those commonly
- 19 advertised to tourists.

20 § 16.8.25.2 **Applicability.**

- An accessory dwelling unit is allowed in all zoning districts where the use is permitted in Chapter 16.3. The unit must be located:
- 23 (1) within an existing structure, either principal or accessory on the property; or
- 24 (2) Attached to the existing principal structure, sharing a common wall; or
- 25 (3) Within a new accessory structure constructed for this purpose on the property.
- 26 with a certificate of occupancy issued more than five years prior to the date of the ADU application, on-
- 27 the property where the owner of the property occupies one of the units. The accessory dwelling unit may
- 28 be attached to, or detached from, the primary dwelling unit. No expansion of a building's footprint is
- 29 allowed to accommodate an accessory dwelling unit. No ADU may be rented for less than a 30-day
- 30 period. Violation of the 30-day minimum rental period shall result in the revocation of the certificate of
- 31 occupancy for the ADU. A revoked certificate of occupancy for an ADU shall not be reissued for a period
- 32 <u>of 90 days.</u>
- B. All ADUs must comply with the provisions of this ordinance within 90 days of the effective date of this ordinance.

35 § 16.8.25.3 Application for accessory dwelling unit.

- A. An application for an accessory dwelling unit must be made by the owner of the parcel on which the primary residential unit sits. The completed application and associated fees must be submitted to the
- Town Planner and Code Enforcement Officer for review.
- B. Applications for an accessory dwelling unit that meets the unit size standards and development standards contained in this article may be approved administratively and require approval by both
- 41 the Town Planner and Code Enforcement Officer.
- 42 C. An accessory dwelling unit that fails to meet the unit size standards and/or the development
- 43 standards provided in this article may not receive administrative approval; however, the accessory

dwelling unit may still be allowed. See § 16.8.25.4A and BC below.

D. The Town limits the number of new accessory dwelling unit permits to no more than 22 in the remainder of the calendar year of implementation and no more than 10 per calendar year on a first-come first-served basis.

E. One of the units on the property, either primary or secondary, must be occupied by the property
owner at all times during the period of permitting. Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy,
the property owner must submit a recorded copy of deed restrictions to the Town Planner, outlining
the owner occupancy requirement.

52 § 16.8.25.4 Accessory dwelling unit standards.

- 53 A. Lot standards.
- 54 (1) Legal lot/residence. An accessory dwelling unit is allowed only on lots within the Town that contain 55 a-one legal, single-family residence as the primary unit.
- 56 (2) Number of accessory dwelling units per lot. No more than one accessory dwelling unit is permitted on a lot.
- Zone lot size and unit density. The property on which an accessory dwelling unit is located must meet the size required by a-the applicable zoning zone's standards for principal residence except in the case of legally non-conforming lots. However, an accessory dwelling unit is exempt from the density requirement of such-the zone.
- 62 (4) Setbacks and Coverage. Yard setbacks for the zone must be met. However, for legally nonconforming lots where a proposed accessory dwelling unit will be attached to a principal dwelling
 unit and cannot meet the zone's side and rear yard setbacks, the percentage by which a lot is smaller
 than the required lot size for the zone will dictate the required setbacks for that lot. For example, a
 30,000 square foot legally non-conforming lot in a zone that requires 40,000 square feet would
 require side and rear yard setbacks that are 75% of the zone's side and rear yard setbacks. Building
 coverage requirements will remain as required by the zone.
- 69 (45) Utility connections. Accessory dwelling units must be connected to water and <u>wastewater</u> services approved by the Town.
- 71 (a) Public sewer.
- 72 [1] Service: verification, in writing, of adequate service to support the additional flow from the Superintendent of Wastewater Treatment Facilities.
- Fees: Payment of appropriate fees for connection to the municipal sewer system is required prior to obtaining the certificate of occupancy.
- 76 (b) Septic systems. Verification of adequate sewage disposal for subsurface waste disposal is required.
 77 The septic system, existing or proposed, must be verified as adequate or reconstructed as required.
 78 Plans for subsurface waste disposal must be prepared by a Maine-licensed site evaluator in full
 79 compliance with the State of Maine Subsurface Wastewater Disposal Rules, 10-144 C.M.R. 241.
- 80 (c) Public water. Verification in writing is required from the Kittery Water District for volume and supply.
- 82 (d) Wells. Verification of the potable water supply for private wells is required. Tests of the existing well or proposed well, if applicable, must indicate that the water supply is potable and acceptable for

- 84 domestic use and must conform to the recommendations included in the "Manual for Evaluating 85 Public Drinking Water Supplies, Public Health Service No. 1180 (1969)." 86 (6) Parking. Each accessory dwelling unit must have one on-site parking space in addition to the parking for the primary dwelling unit. Tandem parking is permitted. 87 88 (57) Private road or right-of-way access. Where an applicant seeks to locate an accessory dwelling unit 89 on a privately maintained road or right-of-way the following applies: 90 (a) Applicant must provide written consent from the association or parties responsible for street 91 maintenance; and 92 (b) Road construction standards must support the additional trips generated. Unit standards. 93 B. 94 Unit size. The habitable floor space of an accessory dwelling unit must be a minimum of 400 (1) 95 square feet and no larger than 800 square feet. The size of an accessory dwelling unit must meet 96 the minimum size for a dwelling unit as set by building code standards adopted and amended 97 from time to time by Maine's Bureau of Building Codes and Standards and be no larger than 98 1,000 square feet. For principal dwelling units 1,000 square feet or smaller, an accessory 99 dwelling unit may be no greater than 80% of the size, as measured in square feet, of the 100 principal dwelling unit. An accessory dwelling unit may have no more than two bedrooms. 101 102 (2) Unit location. An accessory dwelling unit: (a) An accessory dwelling unit must meet one of the following conditions: 103 104 [1] Must bBe fully constructed within the existing footprint of any legal primary residence or accessory 105 building; or 106 [2] Share a common wall with the principal residence, providing yard setbacks can be met per
- 16.8.25.4.A.(4); or 107
- 108 [3] Be constructed as a new accessory building containing an accessory dwelling unit, providing yard 109 setbacks can be met for the zone.
- 110 (b) Accessory dwelling units Will will be allowed inside of the primary principal residence building 111 where theeven if the building has nonconforming does not meet yard setbacks.
- 112 (c) Accessory dwelling units Will-will not be allowed in accessory or detached buildings encroaching on 113 yard setbacks.
- 114 (3) Building code compliance. An accessory dwelling unit must satisfy the requirements contained in the building code and fire code as currently adopted by the Town. See § 16.5.3E, Conformance to 115 116 standards.
- 117 Development standards. Should an accessory dwelling unit fail to meet the applicable development 118 unit standards listed in this article, the accessory dwelling unit may still be allowed if the applicant 119 obtains approval from the Board of Appeals under the provisions of a miscellaneous variation 120 request as outlined in §16.6.4.C. The Board of Appeals shall review any appeal decision in conformance with §16.6.6. "Basis for decision". 121