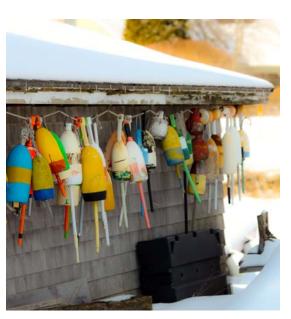
# VOLUME I: THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN







Consultant Team:
Community Circle
Martha Lyon Landscape Architecture, LLC
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RKG

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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#### Friends of the CPUC

Kittery residents who supported the planning effort with varying degrees of time commitment.

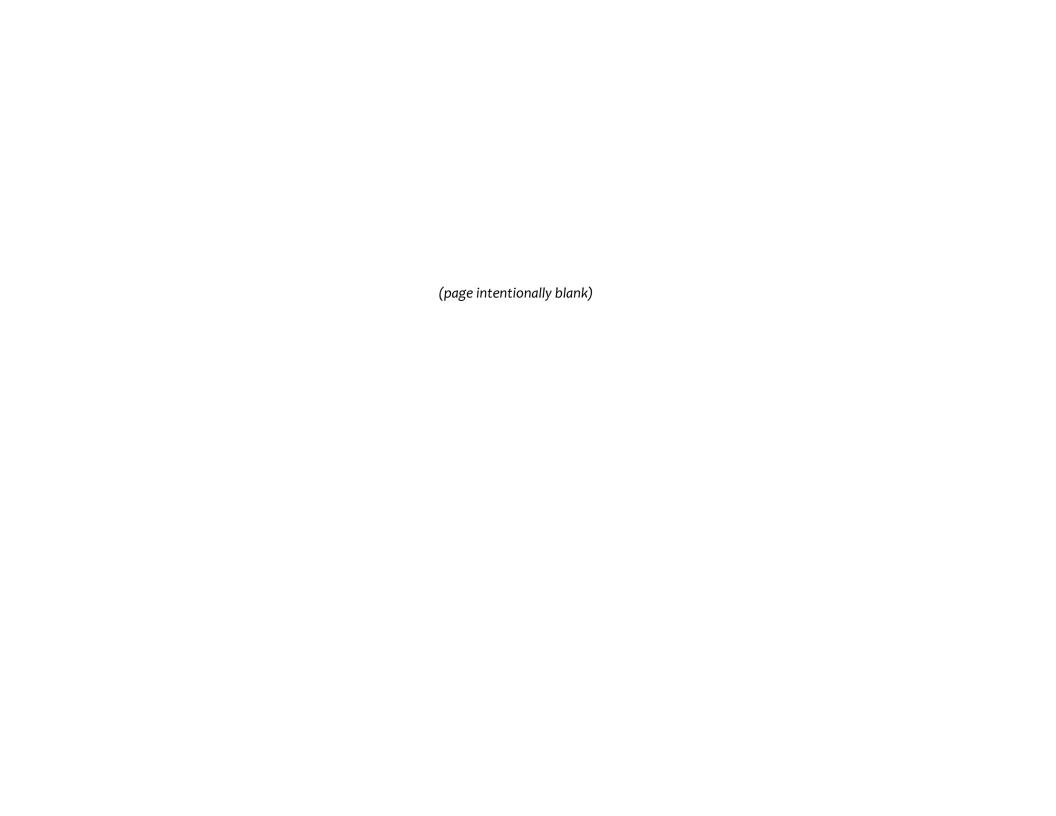
....and the concerned residents, business owners, Town officials and staff who devoted their time, energy and imagination to the making of this plan.

"If there is anything lovelier than the scenery of this gentle river I do not know it; and I doubt if the sky is purer and bluer in paradise."

-William Dean Howells, 1902

"Everywhere I went along the coast, and up Chauncey Creek, and through Brave Boat Harbor on a kayak was just a thrill. It was relatively undeveloped, clean, neat, old, rugged, rustic, authentic, natural, healthy, and a joy to behold. Places like this don't happen by accident (the people here are doing things right and deserve a lot of credit and encouragement)."

-Mark Alesse, 2014



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Additionally, two separate volumes were prepared to as **appendices** to this document, and reference has been made to them in Volume I:

VOLUME II: INVENTORY OF EXISTING CONDITIONS VOLUME III: SUMMARY OF PUBLIC INPUT

Both volumes may be viewed on the Town of Kittery website.

The Comprehensive Plan 2025 initiative which has taken place during the past 16 months has been an exciting, exhaustive and fascinating process that has gathered a great deal of information and opinion from many, many residents of Kittery, the Town Council, Town Managers, Town Departments and Employees, and Volunteer Boards and Commissions.

The Kittery Comprehensive Plan Committee would like to express our most sincere thanks for the participation and support of our citizens and to note with appreciation that none of this current effort would have been possible without the support (financial and otherwise) of the Town Council, the excellent guidance and input from our most recent past Manager Nancy Colbert Puff, our interim Manager Carol Granfield, and our current Manager Kendra Amaral, the tireless work or our Town Planner Chris DiMatteo, the dedication and excellent spirit and work ethic of the Committee members, and last but not least, the mighty and sustained efforts of Daphne Politis and Martha Lyon and the entire Community Circle Group, our consultant team for this project. We thank you for your professionalism, persistence, patience, adaptability, sense of humor (very important!), and for getting us to this stage of completion.

The Kittery Comprehensive Plan 2025 is intended to be a guidebook for the Town's direction in the next decade and beyond and a blueprint for updating our land use and development ordinance. It contains many views and opinions, and inherent in public gathering of opinion, it contains contradictions and inconsistencies. Nonetheless it has been and is our commitment to provide an effective distillation of all of the information gathered, in a readable, accessible and useful format, and one that will be an important and helpful guide to many Town decisions for the near future.

Kittery is a "small" town with many and varied aspects and facets, giving it the feel of a larger and more diverse place: it is the site of a great deal

of early history of our nation and region; it is a primary entrance ("gateway") to the State of Maine, bisected by the Maine Turnpike; it is a border town, with the prospering and attractive small city of Portsmouth just across the bridge(s); it is the home of a major shipyard in which complex technological and industrial processes are ongoing in the maintenance of nuclear submarines, for which there are major employment, traffic and economic impacts on Kittery and the region; it is the site of a very successful outlet mall zone, which benefits from tourist as well as local use throughout the year; it is home to a vibrant literary, performing and fine arts community; in addition Kittery hosts many small industries and home occupations, and is the home of many who commute to other locations for work. Kittery has both commercial fishing/lobstering and recreational waterfront activities, a vibrant local "food culture", and we are very fortunate to have a variety of scenic and recreational assets, including parks, beaches and waterfront areas, and other conserved land areas which are enjoyed by our residents and many visitors from the region and beyond.

Stated in one sentence, our mission is to preserve and enhance what we like and love about Kittery and to plan accordingly for the future, to allow appropriate residential, cultural, recreational, employment and business growth while preserving our natural environment and historical assets.

The Plan brings together many, sometimes disparate, ideas, and going forward, priorities will need to be established or confirmed from those many ideas. Please read, reflect, criticize, and most importantly, use this Comprehensive Plan, as it is a snapshot of where we are at this moment in time and sincere expression of the gathered ideas and concerns of Kittery citizens for the future direction of the town.

- Russell White, Chair, Kittery Comprehensive Plan Committee



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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Kittery is a special place. Its residents agree and very much enjoy living here. Visitors know one Kittery – the discount retail outlets and the beautiful seaside public parks. The Town has many more features known to residents who jealously guard some of these secret spots. Some residents fear that limited capacity to accommodate large numbers of people may result in the destruction of sensitive environmental quality and detract from their ability to enjoy them.

Kittery is a community of contrasts. On the one hand, it is a quiet, waterfront residential community. It has beautiful natural and historic features and both a working waterfront as well as a scenic seaside drive. It is also a major employment center (both the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard and the Outlet Mall area provide a large number of jobs). The goal of this plan is to find a way to balance these and other competing interests to maximize the quality of life in Kittery.

### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: CONTENTS**

Purpose: What is A Comprehensive Plan

Why Plan? Process

Kittery Voices: Public Process

**Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions** 

Vision, Goals and Objectives A Vision for Kittery's Future Goals and Objectives

#### Recommendations

Three Best Practice Planning Principles
Highlights of Plan Recommendations
Top 25 Key Recommendations
Top 24 Ripe Apples ("low hanging fruit@")
Future Land Use Map

Implementation: Next Steps

#### PURPOSE: WHAT IS A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN?

A Comprehensive Plan is a roadmap to help guide decision-making about the future of a municipality. It is:

- A basis for decision-making for future development
- A process leading to a plan of action based on a town's shared values and goals
- A set of priorities for addressing the full range of issues facing a town

#### How to use a Comprehensive Plan

- Guidance for future decision-making
- Menu of good ideas (from the public and best practice) are recorded as a suggested starting place for moving forward
- Understanding that not all actions are possible
- Choices will have to be made and vetted
- Priorities will have to be continually reevaluated

A Comprehensive Plan is an important opportunity to think about:

How can we make Kittery an even better place to live, work and play?



Logo developed for Comprehensive Plan, developed by local Kittery artist, Holly Elkins

#### WHY PLAN?

Updating a municipality's Comprehensive Plan in addition to making the Town eligible for State and other grants and sending a message to prospective investors regarding what the Town would like to see in terms of development, it is an opportunity to:

- Take stock, review objectives, direction and priorities
- Examine resource allocation: existing and optimal
- Need to update (last Comprehensive Plan was updated in 1999)
- · Be proactive and affect future decision making
- · Support eligibility for grant programs and public funds

# State of Maine Planning Office identifies 3 reasons to create a Comprehensive Plan consistent with Maine's Growth Management Act

- Legal protection for the Town's ordinances
- To qualify for state grant and loan programs
- Support for good planning and land use management ("good planning makes good communities")
  - Sustain rural living and vibrant village centers
  - Preserve healthy landscape and walkable communities
  - Balance economic prosperity with quality of life
  - Protect working waterfronts and community farms
  - Develop discussion among neighbors
  - Develop a basis for sound decisions in town management

#### **PROCESS**

The process is comprised of a number of steps and includes the following:

A Public Process that solicits public input in articulating a vision and set of goals to form the foundation of the Plan as well as feedback on

- What do we have?
- What do we want?
- What is most important?
- How do we get there?

the strategies with which to achieve and implement these.

**Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions** to understand key issues, opportunities and challenges and how they potentially impact the future.

Implementation Plan of Policy Directives and Action Steps that identifies lead responsible parities and potential partners for implementation as well as existing resources and priority items.

### The Comprehensive Plan is organized in three volumes:

Volume I is the Plan, Volumes II and III are appendices, to be used as reference documents.

# VOLUME 1: THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

VOLUME II: Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions

VOLUME III: Documentation of Public Input

# THE PLAN IS A COLLECTION OF GOOD IDEAS

- Can be overwhelming to navigate at first
- Is intended to be a resource and starting point for further discussion, exploration, and vetting
- Sets a direction, a roadmap that will need to be continually updated

### What does a Comprehensive Plan look at?

- Identifies features to preserve
- Identifies what needs to change
- Identifies resident concerns
- Identifies needed improvements
- Ensures that Kittery's desirable features are preserved and challenges are addressed

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC PROCESS

Kittery's residents, business owners and town officials were invited to participate in a variety of forums including town-wide public workshops and on-line forum, a survey, and interviews with a range of individuals. Their input was used to develop the vision and goals. This then formed the basis for the Comprehensive Plan.

#### **PUBLIC FORUMS**

- 3 town-wide public forums
- 1 on-line survey
- continuous on-line conversation
- website
- teen visioning session
- 10 Steering Committee meetings
- 4 Joint Workshops: Planning Board/Steering Committee
- Meetings with Town Department Heads
- 32 leadership interviews

#### THREE UNDERLYING THEMES

The following three themes were identified as underlying much of the community conversation:

- Preserve the town's character
- Increase and improve connections
- Promote a multi-generational Kittery

#### Preserve the town's character

One of the main underlying themes of the community conversation was that of a desire to "protect and maintain what we have rather than spend resources on acquiring more."

- Preserve open space and other natural features, working waterfront, and historic buildings -- while guiding additional development to desirable locations.
- Ensure that the diversity of people in terms of socio-economics can continue to live in Kittery (affordable housing and jobs)
- Support the diversity of land uses that make up the Town ("wild"

# Responses from March 12, 2016 Visioning Forum Favorite Things

- •Cultural and historical assets
- Foreside
- •Recreational access to natural assets
- Coastline

#### Also:

- Public parks
- •Rural character
- Demographic diversity
- •Sense of community

# **Least Favorite Things**

- •Dysfunctional town government
- Not pedestrian-friendly
- Traffic

#### Also:

- •Biking is difficult
- Lack of parking
- •Town codes
- School system
- •Lack of protection of historic and natural resources

landscapes, Foreside, outlets, working waterfront, quiet residential neighborhoods, etc.)

#### **Increase and improve connections**

- Safer and more pleasant walking and biking physical connections
- Communication and access to information
- Provide more opportunities for social connections by providing opportunities for community gathering (through an enhanced Foreside, a 21st century library, expanded programming at the KCC, increased public space on the water, and improved walking and biking infrastructure)

### Promote a multi-generational Kittery

- Wholesome activities for youth (including improved and increased recreational opportunities, safe ways of getting around town and more youth involvement in planning for the future)
- Support healthy aging in place (with affordable housing appropriately sized and located for seniors, as well as activities and transportation geared to this population)
- Provide opportunities for multi-generational activities

A summary of the public's comments is provided in the Introduction to this report. More detailed documentation of the public process is compiled in **Volume III: Summary of Public Input.** 

### Responses from March 12, 2016 Visioning Forum

# If you could do one thing to improve Kittery... what would it be?

- Sidewalks and bike lanes
- •Establish Town planning process
- •Improve school system
- Increase sustainability
- •Improve town government

#### Also:

- •Provide affordable housing
- •Resolve and complete library plan
- Support small businesses
- Parking plan
- Historic preservation
- •Preserve open space
- More public spaces
- •Increase recreational opportunities



# INVENTORY AND ASSESSEMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS

#### What Kittery HAS

An inventory of existing conditions was conducted for the following ten Topic Areas:

- History, Historic/Archaeological Resources
- Natural Resources, Water Resources, Agricultural & Forest Resources, Recreation and Open Space
- Population & Demographics
- Economy
- Housing
- Transportation & Circulation
- Public Services & Facilities
- Marine Resources
- Fiscal Capacity
- Land Use

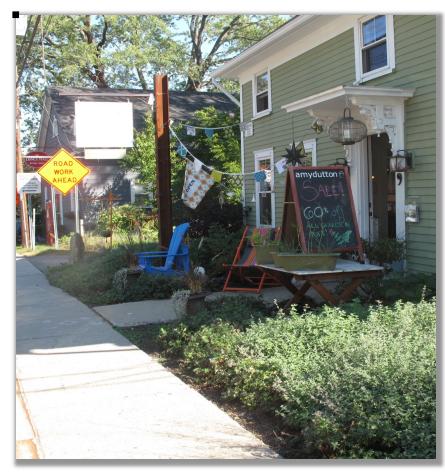
The assessment and inventory are summarized in this report and more comprehensively documented in **Volume II of this Comprehensive Plan.** 

# HIGHLIGHTS OF THE INVENTORY OF EXISTING RESOURCES

• The population of Kittery has remained relatively stable, possibly slightly declining (this trend is expected to continue)

- Between 2000 and 2014, residents aged 55 to 64 increased by 65% (this trend is expected to continue).
- The Town's waterfront (approximately 34 miles of shoreline) plays an important role in the town's development, recreation and commercial activity
- 65% of housing is owner-occupied (this is lower than in many surrounding towns)
- Household size is shrinking and the number of residents over 65 is growing.
- 74% of the housing stock was built after 1940
- Kittery contains 28 acres of federal and state-owned recreation facilities
- There are 6 primary economic development areas (they differ in types of activity and intensity)
- Portsmouth Naval Shipyard provides a range of employment opportunities.
- The Outlet area may present a redevelopment opportunity in the future (on-line shopping, competition from regional outlet malls).
- The recently revitalized Foreside District is very much appreciated by residents

- The underdeveloped land zoned as Business Park was recently sewered and has potential for development.
- There are reported parking shortages in various parts of Town.
- More commuters are using alternative modes of transportation (The number of carpoolers, bicycle and walk trips has increased since 2000), there is a need and an expressed desire to accommodate bicyclists and walkers with appropriate facilities.
- Some municipal services are provided regionally, perhaps there are additional opportunities to gain such efficiencies.
- Between 2010 and 2015, the local tax rate increased by 10 percent.
- Approximately 78% of Kittery's valuation is derived from residential properties, with only 22% coming from commercial and industrial.
- State aid to Kittery has been shrinking, increasing reliance on locally-generated taxes.
- Over 57% of land in Kittery is residential.
- 8% is commercial, industrial and institutional
- 21% is open space



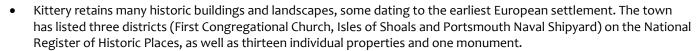
The following Summary Sheets provide an overview of the inventory by Topic Area.



# Kittery's Historic, Cultural & Archaeological Resources

### CENTURIES-LONG HISTORY & MANY EXTANT HISTORIC RESOURCES

- Humans have inhabited the Kittery area for centuries, beginning with Native peoples, the Abenakis, who sought shellfish along the coast, and Europeans who came in the early 1600s, establishing the Town of Kittery in 1647 making it the oldest incorporated town in the State of Maine. Many of Kittery's natural features and circulation routes retain Abenaki or early European settlers' names.
- Three major activities have dominated Kittery's economy over its 300+-year history and shaped its landscape -- military fortifications, fishing, shipbuilding and tourism. Forts have stood in Kittery near the mouth of the Piscataqua River since the early 1700s, established first to protect from British invasion, and later domestic and foreign wars. Shipbuilding came to dominate the Kittery economy beginning in the mid-1600s, and continues today in the form of submarine repair and retrofitting at the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, established in 1800. Beginning in the mid-1800s, Kittery became a tourist destination, with several large hotels built along the coast and one at Appledore Island in the Isles of Shoals. In the late-20<sup>th</sup> century Kittery became a regional shopping destination, with the addition of the Kittery Outlets along Route 1.



- One of the individually-listed properties -- the Lady Pepperrell House -- also has been designated a National Historic Landmark, one of 44 statewide and one of 5 in York County.
- Two local repositories contain a majority of artifacts documenting Kittery's history, the Kittery Historical and Naval Museum and the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard Museum. The former (a private organization) is open seasonally, and the latter (operated by the U. S. Government) is accessible by pre-arranged tour only. Additional historical materials (primarily documents) are held by the Town Clerk and in the Maine Room of the Rice Public Library.
- Much of Kittery's history lies within historic landscapes scattered throughout the town, including the two forts,
   Wood Island Life Saving Station, Celia Thaxter's Garden (Isles of Shoals), remains of train and trolley systems, and over 130 cemeteries and burying grounds.

### SUPPORT FOR LOCAL ARTS AND CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

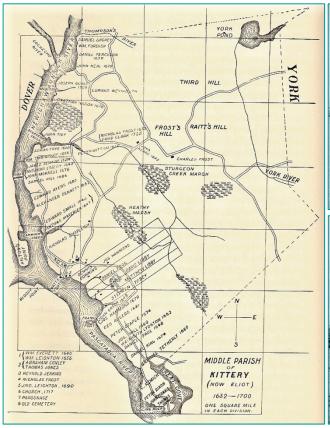
- Kittery is home to many working artists and several public and private organizations provide venues for showcasing artists' work.
- The Kittery Community Center, a facility owned and operated by the town, contains the 171-seat STAR Theatre as well as the Morgen Gallery, an exhibit space located in the heart of the center.
- The former Wentworth Dennett Elementary School, located on Government Street, has been successfully renovated to provide artists' studio spaces.



The Lady Pepperrell House, built in 1760, is a National Historic Landmark and one of the most treasured historic properties in the Town of Kittery.

- Kittery's historic and cultural resources possess local, regional and national significance, and therefore merit protection.
- The town lacks an historical commission or other entity to serve as a steward for historic resources and help ensure their protection.
- The town lacks a comprehensive inventory of historic resources and a strategy to preserve and protect them.
- The existing Shoreline Overlay Zone has provided a mechanism for protecting the town's coastline from the impact of new development. Similar approaches to historic resource protection are needed in other parts of town.
- The energized local arts community contributes significantly to the quality of life in Kittery.

### Kittery Comprehensive Plan: Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions







# Images of Kittery provide highlights of its past:

- A map depicting Kittery in the 17<sup>th</sup> century (far left) illustrates the early settlement's close association with the Piscataqua River
- The Isles of Shoals (center top), an early fishing center, later became home to a large hotel
- The Portsmouth Naval Shipyard (center middle), established in 1800, continues as a major industry today
- The Champernowne Hotel (far right), built in 1890, was one of several late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> century resorts dotting Kittery's coastline
- Government Street, ca. 1900 (bottom), served pedestrians, horse-drawn vehicles, and trolleys







# Kittery's Natural Resources, Open Space & Recreation Resources

### MANY DISTINCTIVE NATURAL RESOURCES

- Geology, topography and soils in Kittery reflect its geographic location along the Atlantic coast. Bedrock closely underlies much of the town, interspersed with pockets of marine soils and glacial outwash.
- Five watersheds cover most of Kittery, with the largest extending along the Piscataqua River and Spruce Creek. Many smaller tributaries feed these waterways.
- The town has relatively few fresh water resources, and much of the public drinking water is supplied by wells.
- Kittery contains very little farmland and supports just three active farms.
- Kittery supports three "natural areas," as defined by the Maine Natural Areas Program, including salt-hay salt marsh, white oak-red oak forest, and dune grassland.
- Two "habitat focus areas," defined by Beginning with Habitat, are located in Kittery. These areas, located in the Brave Boat Harbor-Gerrish Island area and York River Headwaters area, support rare plants, animals and their habitats.
- The town's location at the confluence of the Piscataqua River with the Atlantic Ocean, combined with the many historic buildings and landscape features, give Kittery tremendous scenic quality.

#### SIGNIFICANT OPEN SPACE RESOURCES

- Of Kittery's 12,000 acres and 30 miles of coastline, approximately 14% of the acreage and 10% of the coastline have been protected through a variety of conservation methods.
- While the State of Maine and Town of Kittery own some of this protected land, the majority has been conserved through the efforts of the Kittery Land Trust (840 acres) and Maine Coast Heritage Trust (408 acres).
- Kittery is also the southern "anchor" of the Rachel Carson National Wildlife Refuge, with its Brave Boat Harbor division, located in northeast Kittery, covering 400 acres.
- Kittery's scenic roads, including Route 103, are some of the town's most treasured assets. Visitors come from far and wide to drive the winding routes and take in historic and sea-facing views.
- The town's Conservation Commission is charged with reviewing protecting the natural resources located within the territorial limits of the town.
- The Kittery Open Space Advisory (KOSAC) is tasked with maintaining an inventory of public open space and making recommendations to the Town Manager about acquiring and/or selling/gifting/transferring this space.



Seapoint Beach, located at the far eastern end of Kittery, is a popular recreation spot, but also a feeding area for several species of migratory birds.

# WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

- Kittery's location at the mouth of the Piscataqua and along the Atlantic coast is its most defining natural feature.
- The presence of bedrock underlying most of the town, combined with the many surface waters and associated floodplain areas, limits the extent of new development.
- The town's small number of fresh water resources require public drinking water be supplied by wells or neighboring towns.
- While 10% of Kittery's 30-mile coastline has been protected through efforts of several public and private entities, much of this area remains unprotected.
- The scenic quality of Route 103 is partially protected by the town's Shoreline Overlay Zone regulation. Additional work is needed to protect scenic views and viewsheds.

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#### RECREATION RESOURCES IN MANY FORMS

- Kittery contains 28 acres of federal and state-owned recreation facilities, including both active and passive recreation sites. Two of these sites are open to all.
- The town maintains several historic sites (Fort Foster, Wood Island) which provide recreational opportunities, as well as many athletic fields and playgrounds.
- The Kittery Community Center, opened in 2011 at the former Frisbee Elementary School on Rogers Road, provides active recreation facilities (gymnasium, fitness center) and offers recreation-oriented programs to users of all ages.
- A master plan for Kittery's athletic fields, completed in 2014, outlined the need for greater access to facilities, and need to eliminate overlap of facilities, and the need to rest fields on an ongoing basis.
- Access to the water (Atlantic Ocean, Piscataqua River and Spruce Creek) is limited by the small number of launches, slips, moorings and parking spaces near these sites.
- Kittery contains an extensive network of trails, both at formal recreation facilities, and on conservation lands. While used by many, the trails do not currently connect to one another, and are not widely publicized.
- Sportsmen and women hunt throughout the year, in approximately three-quarters of the town, including some residential areas. Hunting is not permitted in the area to the west of Haley Road and south of Interstate 95.



The historic Rustlewood Farm, operated by the Johnson Family, covers 300 acres straddling the Kittery-Eliot line and is protected by a conservation easement.

Executive Summary - 11



The Piscataqua River provides access to the Atlantic and associated maritime-related recreational activities.

- The popularity of Fort Foster and Fort McClary as active and passive recreation sites places demands on limited staffing.
- The one regulation size soccer field in Kittery is in very high demand and in general, the town's fields are over utilized (in part because the town does not maintain separate practice fields), complicating maintenance tasks.
- Opportunity exists to better promote the town's system of trails and to create better connections between trail segments.
- Opportunity exists to provide more access to Kittery's waterways.



# Kittery's Demographics

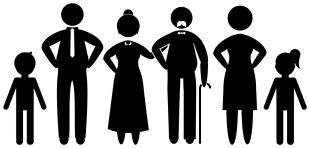
#### POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHICS

- Total population for Kittery has remained relatively stable since 1970, and that trend is projected to remain stable, possibly declining slightly, through the year 2032 (US Census, State of Maine Projections)
- Kittery is an aging community; between 2000 and 2014, residents ages 55 to 64 increased by 65 percent (US Census)
- The number of family households in Kittery with children under the age of eighteen has declined since 2000 (US Census)
- School enrollment in Kittery has remained stable with the exception of fluctuations due to military families moving to Kittery for short term assignments at the Naval Shipyard. During the 2014/15 school year, approximately 18 percent of children enrolled in the Kittery school system were from military families (Kittery School District)



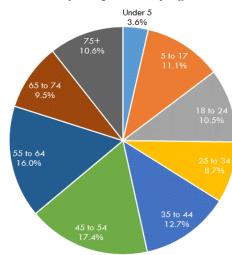
- The current population in Kittery is very stable, with over 86 percent of residents living in the same home they did a year ago (US Census)
- The median age of those coming from another country to live in Kittery was seventy-two (US Census)
- Since 2000, the median household income in Kittery has grown from \$45,067 to \$60,205 in 2014 (US Census)

# Kittery's estimated population in 2014 was 9,649 (US Census)



Total population is projected to decline by 6 percent through the year 2032 (State of Maine)

# Kittery's Population by Age



- Kittery's population has not grown in over 45 years, which does not stimulate new housing demand for families
- The senior population is growing as existing residents are getting older, which may require more targeted housing for seniors
- The Town should consider ways to attract and retain a younger population to help fill jobs, support local businesses, and support the town's tax base



# Kittery's Housing Resources

#### HOUSING RESOURCES

- For 2014, the American Community Survey estimates the total number of housing units in Kittery to be 5,144 (2010-2014 ACS)
- Sixty-five percent of Kittery's housing stock is owner-occupied which is lower than many surrounding towns with the exception of Portsmouth (2010-2014 ACS)
- Kittery has a relatively young housing stock, with 74 percent of residential structures built after 1940 (2010-2014 ACS)
- The American Community Survey estimates median owner-occupied housing value at \$292,200 and median monthly rent of \$1,232 (2010-2014 ACS)
- The Town does have several age-restricted housing options for residents over fifty-five



Kittery has a diversified housing stock in a desirable location

Household size is shrinking, and the number of residents over 65 is growing in Kittery.



What implications does this have for future housing needs?

 $4^{0}/_{0}$ 

Percentage Kittery's median home values have increased since 2010

 $7^{0}/_{0}$ 

Percentage Kittery's median rent values have increased since 2010

- Kittery's housing prices are increasing, making it harder for residents to afford to live in Kittery
- Housing that is affordable for younger single-person and family households is an important component of maintaining the Town's workforce and stimulating economic development
- With a growing senior population, the Town should consider ways to create housing that is affordable, accessible, and located in places with access to amenities



# Kittery's Economy

#### LABOR FORCE

- Total labor force is comprised of 5,624 people, which equals a 68 percent participation rate
- The majority of Kittery residents are employed in educational services, healthcare, and social assistance
- The Naval Shipyard contributes to the professional, scientific, management and administrative services sectors
- Six primary employment sectors are: manufacturing, professional services, public administration, retail trade, food services, educational services, and healthcare
- The average weekly wage in Kittery is \$1,404 per week

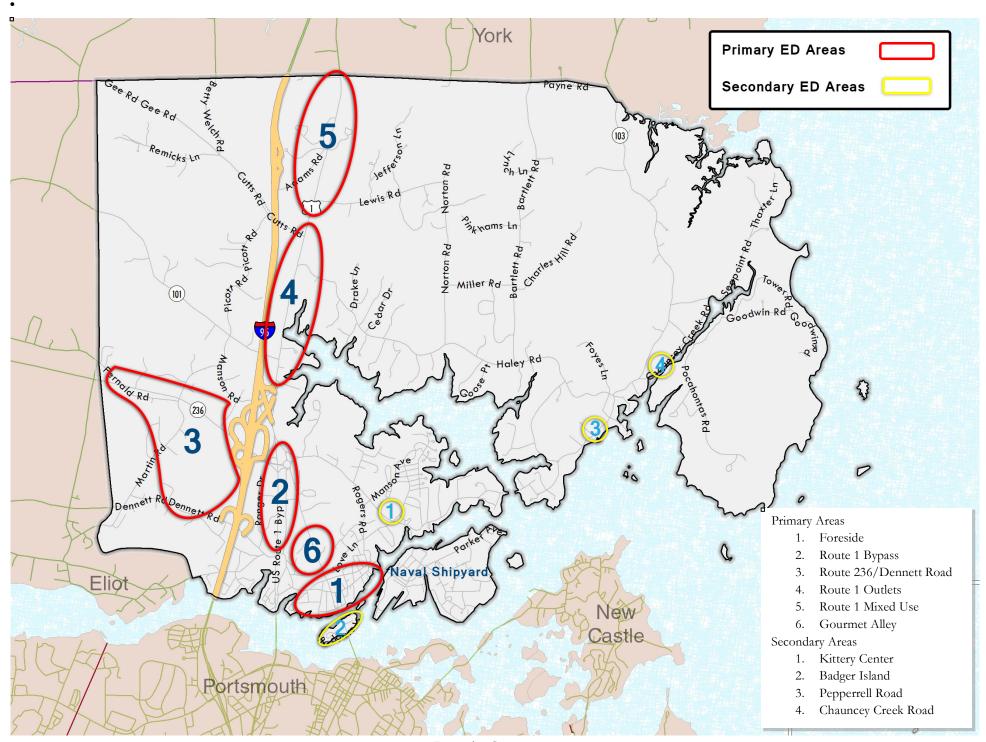
#### PRIMARY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AREAS

- Downtown/Foreside:
  - One of Kittery's more unique and interesting commercial areas with a mix of retail, restaurants, and daily service needs
  - Accessible by car, walking, or biking
- Route 1 Bypass Area:
  - Areas is zone Commercial 3 (C-3) and allows for the provision of general retail sales, services, and business space
  - Current businesses include a hardware store, motels, a fitness center, automotive repair shop, brewery, and sewage disposal plant
- Route 236/Dennett Road Area:
  - Currently mostly undeveloped, the business park area does have sanitary sewer line infrastructure already installed
  - Existing uses along Route 236 are small-scale commercial developments such as machine shops, office buildings, and a seafood wholesaler
- Route 1 Outlet Area:
  - Aside from the Foreside, this is one of Kittery's oldest and most successful economic development areas; the outlets generate property tax revenue and draw customers locally and regionally
- Route 1 Mixed Use Area:
  - o The area is zoned Mixed Use with the primary purpose of providing office, service, and residential uses
- Gourmet Alley:
  - o An interesting mix of restaurants and food markets located along Route 1 in close proximity to the Foreside



Kittery has an eclectic mix of restaurants, retail, and housing.

- Kittery's employment base includes a large number of lower-wage retail, restaurant, hospitality, service, and entertainment workers which are impacted by cost of living increases
- The Town should begin to think about business diversification along the Route 1 corridor as regional competition in outlets grows
- The success of the Foreside and Route 1
   Outlet Corridor shows the Town should continue investing in economic development areas
- The Town has many commercial zoning districts. Is this necessary? Should some be consolidated or changed?





# Kittery's Transportation Resources



#### TRAVEL CHARACTERISTICS

- Kittery is the largest work destination for Kittery and KACTS (Kittery Area Comprehensive Transportation System) community residents.
- 85% of Kittery households have 1 or 2 vehicles compared with state average of 74%. 6% of households in Kittery have no vehicle.
- 71% of Kittery commuters drive alone and 22% use other modes. The number of carpoolers, bicycle trips and walk trips has increased since 2000. Use of bicycle increased from 0.5% in 2000 to 2.4 percent in 2014, which represents 100 additional commuters who biked.
- Average commute time = 21 minutes, shorter than state average. The number of commuters traveling less than 10 minutes has decreased since 2000.

#### **OPERATING CONDITIONS**

- The main source of congestion on local roadway is during shift changes at the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard.
- The unsignalized intersection of Shapleigh Road/Whipple Road/Woodlawn Avenue operates with congestion and long vehicle delays during peak periods.
- I-95: 37,500 vehicles per day (vpd); US Route 1: 17,000 vpd; and SR Route 236: 18,700 vpd; US Rt. 1 Bypass: 15, 700 vpd (Year 2011) have the highest daily traffic volumes.
- Most of the roadway segments experienced decrease in daily traffic volume between 2010 and 2013. Shapleigh Road increased up to 22% during this period.
- The Department of Public Works (DPW) has a policy for local roadway maintenance called the Road Surface Management System. Typically, the roadways with ratings of less than 50 would be on the priority list for maintenance in a given years.
- Kittery has approximately 73 miles of roadways including I-95. Kittery has several scenic roads classified into three categories (1: scenic roads with highest value; 2: scenic roads with very high value; 3: scenic roads with high value).
- Most of the bridges in Kittery received a Federal Sufficiency Rating (FSR) above 50. Viaduct and Sarah Mildred Long Bridge have the lowest ratings of 16.4 and 21, respectively. Memorial Bridge replacement was completed in 2013.

#### **SAFETY**

• According to the annual Town report for 2013, Kittery experienced a reduction in accidents by 10% compared to 2012.



Unsignalized intersection of Shapleigh Road/Whipple Road/Woodlawn Avenue

- Kittery is served well by I-95, Route 1 and Route 1 Bypass.
- More commuters are biking and walking to their work. New sidewalks, pedestrian safety improvements, and expanded bicycling accommodations could be beneficial.
- When I-95 experiences congestion, particularly during summer months, local roadways experience congestion and are used as cut-throughs.
- Route 103 is a narrow, winding roadway shared by vehicles, motorcycles, and bicyclists, particularly on warm weather weekends.

(continued on reverse side)

- There were six high crash locations in Kittery between 2011 and 2013, which are:
  - o Intersection of Mason Road, Picott Road and Wilson Road;
  - o Intersection of Haley Road/US Route 1 and Trafton Lane;
  - o Intersection of New State Road & Rogers Road State Road;
  - o Intersection of Ramp off to Rogers Road Extension Road South Bound;
  - o End of US 1 Bypass/Intersection of US 1 Bypass & US 1 Bypass South Bound; and
  - o Intersection of Entrance to Maine Outlet/Entrance to Shop Center, US SHOP CTR, US 1: Non Int US 1.

#### PEDESTRIANS & BICYCLES

- Most of the sidewalks in Kittery are along US Route 1 and in the urban downtown area. The DPW maintains a Sidewalk Condition Report.
- Approximately 2.5-miles of the Eastern Trail runs through Kittery from the Maine State Line on the Memorial Bridge to Dennett Road.
- The Route 236 bike route runs through Kittery.
- The KACTS is working with the Town of Kittery on upgrading the Route 1 Bypass to make it more pedestrian friendly.
- Route 103 is included in Tour 8 of MaineDOT's "Explore Maine by Bike" book. Tour 8 provides 3 tour loops that are 12, 17 & 22 miles long.

#### TRANSIT

- In Kittery, the COAST provides year round fixed-route limited transit services at Portsmouth Naval Shipyard. Out of five COAST routes, four are express commuter routes.
- Paratransit service, ridesharing program and van services are available to Kittery residents through various organizations, including YCCAC, York Hospital, GoMaine, vRide, Enterprise Rideshare, and Kittery Community Center.
  - YCCAC provides "Local Rides" service in Kittery on Fridays, with destinations in Kittery, Portsmouth and Newington.
- A shuttle bus service use to operate on Route 103 in Kittery, but it has not been provided for several years.
- Currently, there is no passenger rail service into Kittery. The nearest stations from Kittery are Dover, New Hampshire and Wells, Maine. There is a freight service to the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard.

#### **PARKING**

- There is a shortage of parking spaces in the Foreside area during peak periods.
- · Parking at access points to the water during summer months is difficult for both residents and visitors.



Intersection of State Road and Rogers Road, one of the high crash locations.

- Fixed-route bus services in Kittery are only available at Portsmouth Naval Shipyard.
- There is a desire for shuttle service but the demand is not high enough for applying for grant.
- Parking shortages at Foreside area and at access points to the water during the summer.



# Kittery's Public Facilities & Services

#### WELL MAINTAINED FACILITIES

- The Municipal Complex/Town Hall building is in very good condition and has room for expansion if needed in the future.
- Public meeting space is available at the Town Hall, the schools, the Library, and Community Center and is adequate.
- Kittery has a variety of indoor and outdoor recreational resources
  - The **Kittery Community Center**, run by the Recreation Department provides a wide range of facilities and programs to Kittery residents of all ages (including a gymnasium, fitness room, theater, and classrooms).
  - The Port Authority manages 575 moorings (the majority of which are at Pepperrell Cove), four piers and additional moorings in various other locations along the Town's shoreline.
  - There are also a number of parks, beaches and conservation lands for Kittery residents to enjoy.
  - o Additional **Athletic fields** are needed to meet the needs of the Town's youth.
- **Sustainability.** The Energy Efficiency Committee works with the Town Manager and Council to adopt energy programs, projects and policies to develop more sustainable energy practices.
- Kittery's three **public schools** are adequate in terms of size and condition to meet current needs as well as those in the foreseeable future. Approximately 90% of school-aged children in Kittery attend public schools. There are some fluctuations in enrollment due to military families with short-term assignments at the Shipyard. There is capacity at all three schools for a small increase in enrollment; no significant increase is expected.
- The **Library** is currently operating out of two facilities that do not meet overall space needs and having two buildings is inefficient and causes inconvenience to both patrons and staff.
- The **Police Department**, located next to Town Hall in the Municipal Complex, is more than adequate to meet current and future needs (the second floor shell space could be used for expansion if needed in the future).
- The **Fire Department** operates from two fire stations, both in good condition, with the exception of the fact that nether station has sleeping quarters. The Fire Department is having a harder time recruiting volunteers than in the past.
- **Emergency Medical Service** is provided by American Ambulance New England. They operate out of the former Walker Street Fire Station which is leased to AANE for free; in exchange they provide free Ambulance service to all Town employees. They also serve the Town of Eliot from this location.
- Kittery does not have a Council on Aging. The Community Center provides activities and York County Community Action Corporation partners with Southern Maine Agency on Aging to provide **services to Kittery's seniors**. Between 2000 and 2014, residents age 55 to 64 increased by 65 percent, and the number of elderly residents is expected to continue to increase.

  Executive Summary 18



The Municipal Complex houses the majority of the Town's administrative offices.

- The Library needs to decide whether to construct an addition to the existing Rice building or to create a new facility on the site of KCC.
- The Kittery Community Center may need to increasingly orient future programming to the growing senior population.
- More substantial measures need to be taken to prepare for climate change and related rise in sea level.
- Implementing the recommendations of the recently completed **Athletics Field Study** will address the needs for additional fields.
- New school enrollment projections are needed in order to monitor potential future changes in student enrollment.
- The Port Authority needs to develop a Strategic Plan to help explore ways to increase access and enjoyment of the water.

(continued on reverse side)

### PROVISION OF QUALITY UTILITIES AND SERVICES

- Department of Public Works operates out of several facilities; the garage and administrative offices are in a facility
  located behind the Municipal Complex which is in good condition and adequately sized, with space for expansion if
  needed. DPW is responsible for maintenance of the Town's roads, stormwater infrastructure, parks, recreation
  fields, cemeteries and solid waste and recycling.
  - Solid Waste and Recycling is processed at the Town's Resource Recovery Facility which includes a transfer station for material solid wastes, a recycling center and a licensed demolition debris disposal site. Solid waste is transported from this site to EcoMaine in Portland, ME. South Berwick currently brings their paper for recycling to Kittery's Resource Recovery Facility, generating income for the Town. The facilities are adequate for current needs and there is room for future expansion.
  - Stormwater Management. DPW recently completed an inventory of the Town's Stormwater infrastructure and determined that it is generally in "very good" condition.
  - Monitoring of contaminated areas. Bacterial sources of pollution have been identified in Admiralty Village and other areas in the Spruce Creek Watershed. Clam flats have been close since 2005. Some parts of the Creek have seen improvement.
  - Parks. DPW maintains and staffs the Town-owned parks. Fort Foster, a 94-acre town-owned park commands much of the Department's attention, is highly used by both residents and visitors during the summer, and generates income for the Town.
- Water. Kittery's water is supplied by the Kittery Water District (KWD), a quasi-municipal corporation. The District also supplies water to parts of York and Eliot.
  - o The largest water consumer in Kittery is the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard.
  - KWD currently serves approximately 70% of the Town's residents and 95% of the businesses who pay user fees according to their actual usage.
  - o The KWD relies on surface water sources that must be protected from contamination.
  - Of the approximately 96 miles of water mains, most are adequately sized.
  - The District is planning to construct a new Treatment Facility and to continue to upgrade pipes.
  - The District has adequate treatment and pumping capacity to meet additional demand, however there are no planned extensions to the system, in fact, KWD is not able to pay for expansion of mains.
  - o Additional regional cooperation with surrounding towns may result in increased cost effectiveness.
- **Sewer.** Wastewater is treated at the Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant.
  - Sewage treatment is provided to 30% of Kittery residents and most of the Town's businesses.
  - The Plant and related infrastructure are all in good condition as they have been upgraded over the last few years.
  - The municipal system, which has additional capacity for expansion, is funded through an enterprise fund;
     user fees pay for the service.
  - The Town also has a "betterment fee" procedure to help charge property owners that benefit from a sewer extension.

- Regional joint dispatch for Police calls (pending grant) is expected to result in efficiencies.
- There may be a need to increase the number of sworn officers to police a reflect the actual daytime population taking into account tourists, shoppers and Shipyard employees.
- The **Fire Department** may need to transition to a full-time professional fire fighting staff in the near future.
- It may be more efficient to merge Kittery's **Resource Recovery Facility** with that of Eliot's.
- The Portsmouth Pierce Island
   Wastewater facility must be updated
   before the clam flats can be re-opened.
- DPW would like to explore becoming a "Stormwater Utility" in order to fund future improvements." The first step is to conduct a feasibility study.
- Both the Kittery Water District and the Town sewer system derive a significant portion of their usage and revenues from the Shipyard. Changes to the status of the Shipyard could affect costs to other users.
- Lack of funding for expansion of water service makes it difficult to guide growth through the provision of water.
- If the Kittery Water District administrative offices chooses to relocate in the future, the existing site will be available for reuse.
- The recent expansion of the sewer system to the Business Park is expected to result in encouraging economic development.
- New technologies will make it feasible to provide alternative methods of sewage treatment to Kittery Point and rural areas of Town in the future.



# Kittery's Marine Resources



#### **KEY WATERWAYS**

Kittery's harbor and waterfront areas include approximately 34 miles of shoreline, including rock outcrops, salt marshes, sandy beaches, mud flats, waterfront recreational areas, coves and mooring, commercial marina facilities, and a major federal installation at the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard. The waterfront and marine resources have played an important role in the history and development of Kittery, and the waterways are home to a wide range of commercial and recreational boat traffic. Much of the shoreline is in private ownership, with several large public parks such as Fort Foster and Fort McClary. All moorings, docks, piers, floats, and regulatory enforcement fall under the jurisdiction of the Kittery Port Authority (KPA). Key waterways include:

- Piscataqua River: Leading out to Portsmouth Harbor along the Kittery shoreline, the Piscataqua is an authorized federal navigation channel over 6.2 miles of its 13 length. The Piscataqua has multiple users, including freighters and tanker vessels, US military and Coast Guard, commercial fisherman, and recreational boaters.
- Spinney Creek: located just north of the Interstate 95 Bridge, this subtidal creek features a commercial aquaculture facility, several private float landings, and a private marina (in Eliot, ME) at the confluence of the creek with the Piscataqua River.
- Back Channel: This waterbody, an offshoot of the main Piscatagua River, runs from the western end of Badger's Island easterly to Spruce Creek between the mainland and Seavey Island, the location of the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard. The Back Channel is important for recreational boaters, particularly those docking on the northern side of Badger's Island. The channel is the waterbody closest to the revitalized commercial area in the Kittery Foreside.
- Chauncey Creek: The creek runs from the eastern end of Pepperell Cove to Seapoint Beach, and due to its shallow depth, is used primarily by small water craft. Several private docks and a popular waterfront restaurant are located on the creek. Recent work has replaced overboard discharge (OBD) systems with septic systems, improving water quality.
- Spruce Creek: this three-square mile tidal saltwater estuary is fed by five freshwater streams that run roughly up the middle of Kittery. At low tide, approximately 2.5 miles of clam flats are exposed. Water quality is affected by nonpoint source pollution and "first flush" (initial surface runoff) during rainfall events.
- Pepperrell Cove: Adjacent to Kittery Point and Fort McClary State Park, this is the primary mooring area in the town.
- Brave Boat Harbor: Used primarily by small craft due to shallow depths, with limited private landings and no public facilities. It is located within the Brave Boat Harbor Division of the Rachel Carson National Wildlife Refuge.
- Key waterfront natural areas include Seapoint Beach, Rachel Carson National Wildlife Refuge, Fort Foster, Fort McClary, the nearshore islands (including the future Wood Island Life-Saving Museum), and the Isles of Shoals.

#### OPERATING CONDITIONS AND ACCESS

- Demand for access to the waterfront and for boating access is consistently high, and at key times of the season, is greater than the ability of existing landside facilities and moorings to meet.
- A significant portion of the available parking at Frisbee Pier (a primary parking area for Pepperrell Cove) is in a lot across Pepperrell Road. This lot is in private ownership.



View across Back Channel of the Piscataqua River towards Portsmouth Naval Shipyard

- Kittery has a complex waterfront, with large-scale commercial and military craft, marina and docking facilities, commercial fishing, and recreational boating
- Limitations exist on access to the waterfront from crowded shorefront parking and launching facilities, and long waiting lists for moorings
- Contamination from wastewater treatment outfalls and other sources has affected shellfishing and overall water quality
- Opportunities exist to increase public access to waterfront, and to increase visitation to Kittery by waterborne passengers

#### OPERATING CONDITIONS AND ACCESS, CONTINUED

- In summer, the parking facilities at Pepperrell Cove can be extremely busy, and can become full. There can be extensive waits for pier/launch space to put dinghies in the water to reach moored vessels.
- Parking shortages also occur at the Traip Academy launching area.
- Other locations for parking and water access along the shoreline are limited, due to extensive private ownership of the shorefront.
- Major anchorages such as Pepperrell Cove have not been dredged in decades, leading to limitations on vessels that can safely moor and transit the area. The Pepperrell Cove anchorage was last dredged in 1916, to a depth of twelve feet. The navigation chart for the area shows depth of 11 to 7 feet at Mean Low Water (MLW), with local sources stating water depths are six to ten feet in half of the anchorage area.
- Storm winds and waves limit opportunities for additional moorings in exposed areas such as Fort Foster. Locations and plans for storage of floats during coastal storms should be evaluated, such as setting moorings in Chauncey Creek for temporary storage of the Pepperrell Cove floats.
- The currents occurring in the Kittery area can pose a hazard to small craft, particularly to human-powered craft such as kayaks.



Government Street Pier in the Kittery Foreside

### WATER QUALITY

- Run-off and direct source pollution have led to contamination of area waters and led to shellfishing restrictions and prohibitions in certain areas.
- Major sources affecting the Piscataqua River are wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) outfalls from South Berwick and Kittery in Maine, and from Portsmouth and Newington in New Hampshire. The Portsmouth Naval Shipyard is also a major pollution source.
- Development pressure in Spruce Creek watershed further threatens water quality. The watershed is identified by Maine Department of Environmental Protection as a "nonpoint source pollution priority watershed" due to bacterial contamination, low dissolved oxygen, toxic contamination, and a compromised ability to support commercial marine fisheries".

#### MUNICIPAL MANAGEMENT OF MARINE RESOURCES

The Kittery Port Authority (KPA) manages the town's marine facilities including piers, docks, and over 500 moorings. Funding is derived primarily from collection of mooring and docking fees, and the Kittery Town Council approves the Port Authority's budget. The KPA employs the Kittery Harbor Master, who oversees operations at the facilities, and provides marine law enforcement, rescue and education services to boaters within the tidal waters of the community. On the 2015 mooring registry, there are a total of 513 registered moorings, with approximately 20% assigned to commercial vessels and the remainder to recreational vessels. There is a twelve to fifteen-year waiting list for mooring spaces in Kittery. Major facilities under the jurisdiction of KPA include Pepperrell Cove and Frisbee Pier, Traip Academy boat launch, Government Street Pier, and the Back Channel.

#### **FLOODPLAIN**

- In November 2013, FEMA issued a Preliminary Digital FIRM (DFIRM) for York County, using updated flooding frequency and elevation data and modeling analysis. The mapping shows a larger floodplain area than previously mapped, with approximately 75 structures newly included in the floodplain (65 in the coastal area and the remainder in the interior).
- Due to challenges from Kittery and other coastal communities, FEMA withdrew the Preliminary DFIRM in December 2014. It is anticipated that FEMA will issue a revised Preliminary DFIRM for York County in 2016.



# Kittery's Fiscal Capacity and Capital Investment



#### FISCAL POSITION

- Kittery's local valuation increased by 4 percent between 2010 and 2015, in contrast to the state as whole which saw a decrease of 21 percent over the same time period
- Between 2010 and 2015, the local tax rate increased by 10 percent
- Between 2010 and 2015, individual property tax bills increased by an average of \$495. For 2015, the average single family property tax bill was \$4,929
- Approximately 78 percent of Kittery's valuation is derived from residential properties, with 22 percent coming from commercial, industrial, and personal property
- Federal and state aid to Kittery has been shrinking which increases the reliance on locally-generated taxes



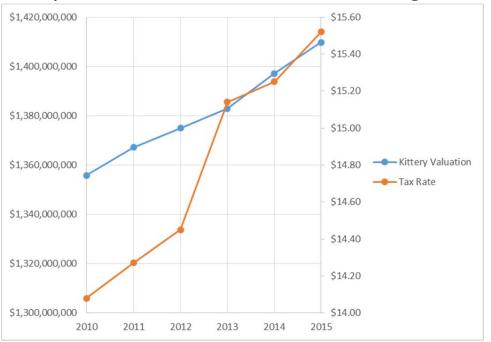
The local government depends on the residential property base to generate revenues for services

#### **BUDGET**

- Revenue:
  - o Total revenue in Fiscal Year 2015 budget was \$27,124,366; property tax accounted for 80 percent of total
  - o The State of Maine has a revenue sharing program which helps supplement the budget
- Expenses:
  - o In Fiscal Year 2015, the Town spent \$27,141,118 on town functions, services and schools; school costs accounted for nearly 55 percent of the budget. Only 9 percent of the budget was spent on governmental administrative expenses
- Debt:
  - The Town has long-term debt obligations of \$32,545,880 or 2.17 percent of the State Valuation
- Investments:
  - At the end of Fiscal Year 2014, the Town had an unassigned fund budget totaling \$4,345,203, which was an increase of \$187,965 over the Fiscal Year 2013
- Capital Improvement Program:
  - A majority of capital improvement funding goes toward standard expenses such as equipment and maintenance, sidewalks, school upgrades, and parks and recreation facilities

- Stewardship of Town budgetary resources is essential toward leveraging greater economic development
- The Town has undertaken debt obligations to finance development, particularly in the Tax Increment Finance Districts; it is imperative that increment on development is generated in order to pay the bonds
- Kittery is highly dependent on residential property taxes and may need to create opportunities to diversify revenues through economic development

# Kittery's valuation and tax rate have been increasing since 2010



#### Average Single-Family Tax Bill FY 2015 Average All Communities \$4,509 \$6,000.00 \$4,983 \$5,000 \$4,929 \$5,000.00 \$4,526 - 63 -- 43 -\$4,195 - 63 --43 -\$4,000.00 -13 \$3,661 - 63 -- 63 -\$3,000.00 - 63 -- 63 E. - 63 F. - 63 -\$2,000.00 - 43 -- 63 --13 -- 63 -- 63 - 63 -- 63 -- 63 - 63 F. -13 - 63 -\$1,000.00 - 63 -- 63 -- 63 -- 63 -

Eliot

Kittery

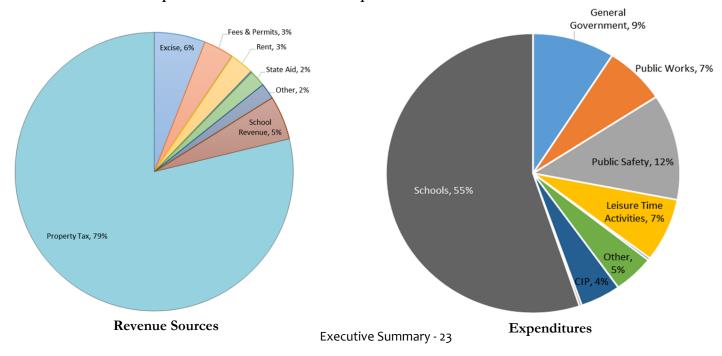
York

Kennebunk\*

### A comparison of revenue sources to expenditure items from the Fiscal Year 2015

Wells

So. Berwick





# Kittery's Land Use



#### **EXISTING LAND USE PATTERNS**

- Over 57 percent of the land in Kittery is classified as a residential land use (both single-family, and multi-family); commercial, industrial, and institutional uses make up a combined 8 percent; open space makes up 21 percent; and vacant land is about 10 percent
- The current Land Use and Development code divides Kittery into eighteen base zoning districts with four overlay districts
- Approximately 78 percent of the land in Kittery falls within residential zoning districts, primarily the Residential-Rural (R-RL) district
- Kittery has three business districts, three commercial districts, and three mixed-use districts all allowing different types of commercial uses
- The overlay districts are in place to help the Town protect natural resources and water bodies from the impacts of development, and as a way to promote fishing and maritime uses

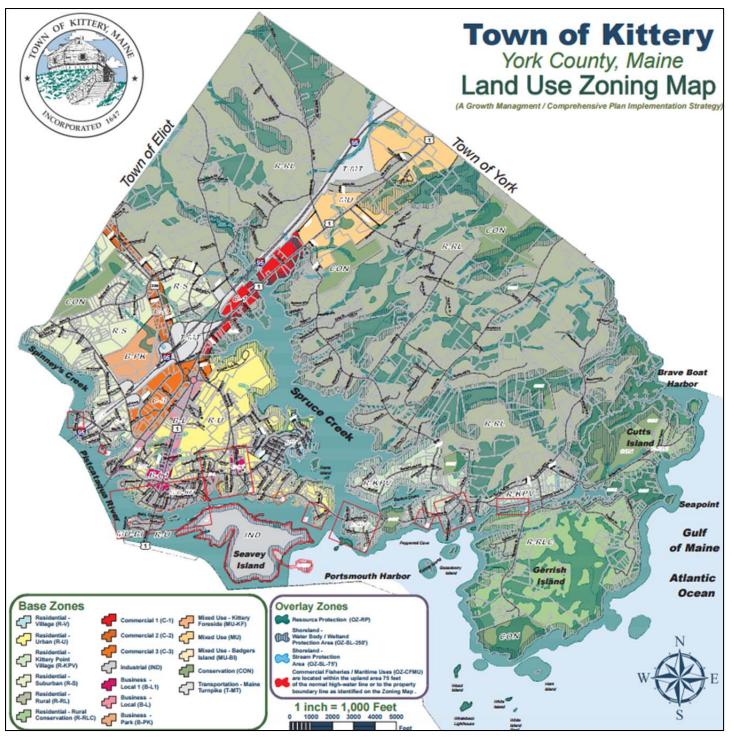
#### ISSUES AND CHALLENGES

- Redundancy:
  - Some of the zoning districts that regulate the same type of use (residential, commercial, and mixed-use)
     have different purpose statements, but very similar uses and dimensional requirements
- Inconsistency:
  - Many commercial districts have same dimensional requirements but differ when it comes to design elements for each
  - o Industrial zoning district does not include any dimensional standards or requirements
- Minimum Lot Size Requirements:
  - o In some districts where the purpose is to achieve a compact development pattern, minimum lot sizes are very large and challenge the purpose statement for the district
  - Small, single-use structures on large lots in mixed-use zones have less of an economic return when compared to areas that incorporate a compact development design
- Land Area per Dwelling Unit
  - The minimum land area per dwelling unit regulations in some districts limit the ability to create a more compact development pattern



Within the Town, there are many different zoning districts each creating opportunities and challenges for the Town.

- The comprehensive planning process offers an excellent opportunity to hold community-wide discussions on development goals
- The purpose of the zoning district should reflect what is on the ground today, as well as what the community hopes to achieve in the future
- It is very important to match the desired development goals and aspirations with the zoning that is in place, or could be in place throughout the Town



# VISION, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

### **What Kittery WANTS**

A Comprehensive Plan must recognize what features contribute to the uniqueness of a community and make recommendations to preserve and enhance these.

The **viability** of the Comprehensive Plan is contingent upon the community coming to a **consensus** about a desired future and then being **proactive** about setting **priorities** and assembling **tools** for the **implementation** of the identified action steps.

# WHAT MAKES KITTERY UNIQUE?

Kittery residents were asked what makes Kittery unique. These are a few of their responses.

#### A VISION FOR KITTERY'S FUTURE

The following vision was developed based on input from the public.

**IMAGINE...** a Kittery whose character is protected by the preservation and adaptive reuse of its **historic buildings**, the control of the scale of redevelopment so that it is in keeping with the historic charm of the Town and a promotion of the Town's history.

IMAGINE... a **Foreside district** that is a thriving, historic neighborhood that includes one of Maine's earliest working waterfront. A Foreside that maintains the historic, working –class character and scale and preserves its building stock by adopting a preference for creative or **adaptive reuse** of existing buildings. **Workforce housing** is integrated in the district. Walking and biking is safe and pleasant and there are more green spaces to enjoy as well as the **working waterfront**.

IMAGINE ... a Kittery where its beautiful and treasured **natural features** are preserved and protected and where enjoyment is enhanced through increased access to these for both passive and active **recreation**. Recreational activities are managed so as to prevent negative impacts on the environment, the season at Fort Foster is extended and programming at the Kittery Community Center is even more developed. Enjoyment of the water is enhanced by increasing **public access to the water**, cleaning up Spruce Creek, and providing shuttle service to Portsmouth from the Town Pier at Foreside.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Kittery is a community of contrasts..."

<sup>&</sup>quot;working waterfront"

<sup>&</sup>quot;We aren't Portsmouth and we don't want to be!"

<sup>&</sup>quot;gorgeous shoreline"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Gourmet Alley restaurants"

<sup>&</sup>quot;our history"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Portsmouth Naval Shipyard"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Fort Foster and Fort McClary"

<sup>&</sup>quot;natural lands"

IMAGINE... a Kittery that plans for the future of its **environment** by implementing measures that help it be more **resilient** and leading by example so that all town-owned buildings use renewable sources of energy, and the Town provides incentives for the use of renewable energy sources. A Kittery that **prepares for the potential impacts of the expected rise in sea level** due to climate change.

IMAGINE... a Kittery that preserves its **sense of community**, the sense of peace and quiet, but also the **diversity of places** that make up the Town. It feels more unified and less separated as multiple **ways of getting around Town** are more available. **Traffic** congestion is lessened and **walking** and **biking** is made safe and pleasant. A **town shuttle** helps to better connect people as do the additional places to gather and run into one another.

IMAGINE ... a Kittery that while improving and growing is able to retain a **diverse socio-economic** mix of residents by providing **affordable, workforce housing** and by creating **jobs** with adequate wages and salaries, resulting in a **sustainable** community.

IMAGINE... the **economy** of Kittery more diversified as it retains existing and supports additional local businesses, where the existing businesses are redeveloped into more pedestrian-oriented mixed-use developments that incorporate more natural features and that are able to be more economically viable, **sustainable**, and in keeping with evolving expectations of shoppers.

IMAGINE... a Kittery that has a continuing **relationship** with the **Portsmouth Naval Shipyard**, and traffic, noise and light impacts created by activity in the shipyard are reduced as a result of working together to mitigate these.

IMAGINE... a re-imagined, twenty-first century **library** and a **school system** where students are consistently recognized for their success in the community and nationwide because these institutions provide top quality education, opportunities for life long learning, and enrichment programs.

IMAGINE... that all these improvements are made in a systematic way with significant **community engagement** in the decision-making process led by a **town government** that is respectful, transparent and civil in its discourse. A **shared vision** and **ordinances** that support the goals embodied in the vision are clear and easy to enforce.

#### **GOALS AND OBJECTIVES**

1. HISTORIC, CULTURAL, AND ARCHAEOLOGY RESOURCES GOAL

TO PROTECT THE TOWN'S CHARACTER BY PRESERVING AND PROTECTING HISTORIC FEATURES AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES, AND PROMOTING AN AWARENESS OF THE TOWN'S UNIQUE HISTORY AND CULTURE

**Objective 1.1.** Protect historic and archaeological resources

**Objective 1.2.** Promote Kittery's history

**Objective 1.3.** Support and nurture Kittery's community of working artists

#### 2. NATURAL RESOURCES, OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION GOAL

TO PROTECT KITTERY'S NATURAL RESOURCES INCLUDING WATERSHED, FRESH WATER, WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS, AGRICULTURAL LANDS, FOREST RESOURCES, OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION

**Objective 2.1.** Protect and preserve critical open spaces for passive recreation, visual impact and preservation of wildlife habitats, coastal (saltwater) wetlands, freshwater wetlands, and vernal pools **Objective 2.2.** Increase opportunities for recreation

#### 3. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT GOAL:

TO SUPPORT DESIRABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, BALANCE THE RELATIONSHIP WITH THE PORTSMOUTH NAVAL SHIPYARD, AND INCREASE THE TOWN'S TAX BASE WHILE ALSO PROVIDING LOCAL JOBS.

**Objective 3.1.** Attract and retain businesses to sustain the vibrant center at foreside that provides residents and visitors with places to go and spaces to gather

**Objective 3.2.** Continue to promote economic development in areas already identified by the town

**Objective 3.3.** Develop guidelines for the future development of the Route 1 Corridor into a mixed-use pedestrian-oriented area **Objective 3.4.** Support and maintenance of existing jobs and the creation of jobs for a variety of skills sets and range of salaries **Objective 3.5.** Attract new businesses to the business park

#### 4. HOUSING GOAL:

TO PROVIDE A RANGE OF HOUSING TYPES TO MEET THE NEEDS OF INDIVIDUALS THROUGHOUT THEIR LIFECYCLE AND TO SUPPORT RESIDENTS WITH A RANGE OF INCOMES

**Objective 4.1.** Attract young people and retain residents with a variety of incomes

**Objective 4.2.** Support elderly residents' ability to age in place

#### 5. TRANSPORTATION GOAL:

TO IMPROVE SAFETY AND EASE OF GETTING AROUND TOWN AND BETTER CONNECT THE "PIECES" OF KITTERY. PROVIDE ALTERNATIVES TO AUTOMOBILE TRAVEL WITH SAFE AND PLEASANT BIKE ACCOMMODATIONS AND WALKING PATHS.

Objective 5.1. Address traffic safety and congestion

**Objective 5.2.** Make walking and biking safe and pleasant

**Objective 5.3.** Explore ways of providing non-vehicular modes of transportation

**Objective 5.4.** Explore ways of increasing parking options

#### 6. MARINE RESOURCES GOAL:

TO PROTECT THE TOWN'S COASTLINE, THE WORKING WATERFRONT, AND ENSURE APPROPRIATE ACCESS TO AND ENJOYMENT OF THE WATER WHILE PROTECTING IT FROM ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

STATE OF MAINE GOAL: To protect the State's marine resources industry, ports and harbors from incompatible development and to promote access to the shore for commercial fishermen and the public.

**Objective 6.1.** Increase access to the waterfront

Objective 6.2. Promote working waterfront

**Objective 6.3.** Protect marine resources

### 7. TOWN GOVERNANCE, PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES GOAL:

TO IMPROVE TOWN GOVERNANCE AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES; INCREASE FISCAL CAPACITY RESPONSIBLY

**Objective 7.1.** Improve Town governance and its ability to adapt to change

Objective 7.2. Maintain and improve municipal facilities

Objective 7.3. Provide adequate municipal services

Objective 7.4. Maintain and responsibly increase fiscal capacity

### 8. LAND USE GOAL:

## ENSURE THAT THE TOWN'S REGULATIONS SUPPORT DESIRED LAND USES.

**Objective 8.1.** Update Town Code and apply land use regulations to guide desirable development in appropriate locations

**Objective 8.2.** Protect the area north of Spruce Creek

**Objective 8.3.** Sustain and build upon the vitality of the Foreside District

**Objective 8.4.** Protect the working waterfront

**Objective 8.5.** Support creative and viable redevelopment of the Route 1 Corridor (Outlet mall area and Rt. 1 By-pass) **Objective 8.6.** Explore feasibility of development in the business park

### 9. COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE GOAL:

ESTABLISH SHORT, MEDIUM AND LONG TERM PLANS TO ADDRESS THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE, INCLUDING INCREASED STORM FREQUENCY AND STRENGTH, COASTAL EROSION AND RISING OCEAN LEVELS, AND TRANSITION OF BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE ENERGY CONSUMPTION TO LOW AND ZERO IMPACT METHODS

**Objective 9.1.** Establish plans to address the effects of climate change.

**Objective 9.2.** Reduce energy consumption and transition to low and zero impact methods.

**Objective 9.3.** Provide education and incentives to protect the environment and improve quality of life.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

The recommendations were developed based on significant public input and articulate the objectives of the shared vision expressed by the hundreds of Kittery residents, town officials, and

## Where did the recommendations come from?

- Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions
- Review of other relevant documents and future trends
- Interviews with Town Staff
- State Requirements
- CPU Committee Review
- Public input
- Best practice

business owners that participated in this comprehensive planning process. The recommendations also reflect best practice and address state requirements. They also incorporate relevant strategies from the previous Comprehensive Plan (1999).

### THREE KEY BEST PRACTICE PLANNING PRINCIPLES

New policy initiatives included in the Comprehensive Plan or in Kittery's Town Code should strive to be grounded in principles of sustainability. Broadly, sustainability is a concept that recognizes the **interrelatedness** of the energy, environmental, economic development, and civic health of the Town, and the importance of ensuring that future generations can enjoy the resources that exist in Kittery today.

Environmental Health & Economic & Stewardship Wellness Social Vitality

The following Comprehensive planning principles were used to evaluate recommendations throughout the Plan, whenever relevant.

### **Environmental Stewardship**

Kittery needs to prepare for the potential impacts of climate change, sea level rise, and to preserve wildlife habitat.

- Do the recommendations support a long-term sustainable future and stewardship of natural resources, including land preservation?
- Do recommendations promote the use of renewable energy sources throughout Town?
- Do they promote sustainable land use patterns?
- Are there recommendations regarding how the Town can lead by example including ways in which municipal facilities and services can be more environmentally-sensitive?
- Are there recommendations regarding how the Town can encourage private property owners to adopt more sustainable measures?

### **Health and Wellness**

The Plan should promote the health and wellness of Kittery's residents and of the community as a whole.

- Do recommendations promote the health and wellness of the people who live, work and play in Kittery?
- Do they support the health of the community as a whole?
- Do they provide opportunities for fitness as a part of everyday life, healthy lifestyle choices, support the recreational needs of all ages, opportunities for life long learning and the building of social capital?
- Do they support the creation of safe and accessible public spaces for various ages and abilities?
- Are there recommendations that address the specific needs of different age groups (especially those of youth and of the elderly)?

### **Economic and Social Vitality**

The Plan should support the long-term economic and social vitality of Kittery.

- Do the recommendations promote the Kittery's ability to support a diverse community?
- Do they protect and promote Kittery's unique historic resources?
- Do they foster a strong local economy, local agriculture and food production, and also protect water dependent businesses?
- Do they protect Kittery's unique culture?
- Do recommendations support municipal investment in critical infrastructure to support and encourage desired development in desirable locations?
- Are there provisions to encourage and include the continued engagement of Kittery's residents in determining the character of their community and in determining its future direction by being involved in decision-making regarding the Town's future development?

### HIGHLIGHTS OF PLAN RECOMMENDATIONS

The Plan considers the public's vision of an historic seacoast community with small town character and unique features that the majority of Kittery residents seem to wish to preserve. The following represent some of the Plan's highlights:

Foreside District: The Plan recommends enhancing this district by protecting its walkability, encouraging mixed use (housing above retail) and reuse of existing buildings, the development of workforce housing, improving pedestrian and bicycle access to the area, and exploring water-taxi access from Portsmouth. It is also recommended that parking strategies are explored (including shared parking) and that innovative uses such as *makerspaces* that afford artists and small business owners with space to create, invent and learn be encouraged to compliment the other small scale uses in the district.

Working Waterfront: The Plan makes recommendations to preserve the working waterfront that many Kittery residents feel passionate about protecting. Recommendations include supporting the Town's maritime-based economy including the fishing and shell fishing industry including finding ways to better connect fishing to the local economy (for example, by connecting fishermen to local restaurants who tell their stories on the menu). A self-guided tour of the waterfront would help to increase appreciation. A public education effort would help to increase awareness of pollutants to the waterfront and ways of decreasing or eliminating these.

**Route 1 Corridor:** It is recommended that the Town invite property and business owners in this area to embark on developing a vision and plan for the future redevelopment of the area. Many of the buildings will be reaching the end of their life cycle and the future of brick and mortar retail includes creating more of a pedestrian-oriented mixed use environment.

**Housing:** The Plan recognizes the need to create more affordable housing -- namely workforce housing, housing for young families

and housing for seniors – and recommends a variety of ways of achieving a wider range of housing types and price points.

**Natural Features and Recreation:** The Plan recognizes the value residents place on Kittery's parks and beaches as well as on its

scenic vistas which greatly contribute to the experience of

"Kittery is old and must preserve old trees and old buildings and wildlife" – comment from Comment Board in Town Hall.

living and visiting Kittery. Various mechanisms to protect open lands, farmland and wildlife corridors are proposed for consideration. Additionally, a review of existing hunting regulations is proposed as a large number of residents expressed concern regarding their safety in wooded and other areas. A number of strategies address ways to reduce dog and horse waste at area beaches and parks, another area of significant concern amongst residents.

Historic Features: Participants in the Comprehensive Planning process expressed a significant degree of support for protecting the Town's historic features. Among other things, the Plan recommends creating an Historic Preservation Committee to conduct an inventory and oversee the protection and education regarding these resources. Creating historic districts around clusters of historic buildings, and establishing fence height restrictions to preserve views of historic and scenic areas are also proposed. Additionally, the Plan recommends a number of ways to help support and promote local artists.

**Transportation:** A number of recommendations respond to the public's desire for additional alternative modes of transportation, namely safe pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure. Exploring the

feasibility of a town shuttle, including the potential for regional collaboration is also suggested.

**Future development** is guided to areas where public utilities exist, where growth has already occurred. Growth is steered away from protected lands, natural resources, and areas that are not currently serviced by water and/or sewer infrastructure.

**Regional cooperation** and collaboration is recommended wherever relevant, mutually beneficial approaches should be explored.

**Kittery's resilience** and ability to plan and adapt to potential future change is promoted in a variety of ways, including by identifying, monitoring, planning and mitigating the potential impacts of sea level rise and climate change. Additional recommendations include updating the Town Code to encourage the use of renewable energy sources, increasing public awareness regarding the need to protect the environment for future generations.

The lenses of environmental stewardship and future resilience, the health and wellness of Kittery residents, and economic and social vitality are used to evaluate recommendations.

### **TOP 25 KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The policy recommendations were selected based on professional opinion (an assessment of existing conditions, future trends, and best practice), and what the public and the Steering Committee seemed to feel was most important.

**Numbering does not in any way indicate priority.** The numbers in parenthesis correspond to the relevant strategy(s) in the Implementation Tables.

- Complete a CLIMATE ADAPTATION STUDY to plan for the potential impacts of sea level rise and prepare for extreme weather events.
- Working with the Kittery Land Trust, develop a STRATEGY FOR OPEN SPACE ACQUISITION, setting priorities for parcels to be included.
- 3. Collaborate with property owners in the area around the ROUTE 1 CORRIDOR to identify strategies towards making mutually beneficial changes to the area including exploring options to redevelop commercial properties with mixed use (e.g. retail, housing, office) and consider zoning amendments such as an overlay district to provide more flexibility concerning permitted uses.
- 4. Develop a long-range plan for the **LIBRARY** including where the library will be located (renovation and expansion on existing site, new building on other site) and whether the Library should become a Town Department.
- 5. Continue to support HEALTHY LIFESTYLE CHOICES AND WELLNESS by increasing RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES for all ages, evaluating the Athletic Fields Master Plan, improving walking and biking infrastructure so that it is safe and pleasant, ensuring appropriate recreational access to the waterfront, and increasing awareness of existing resources.

- Updating the Sidewalks Conditions Report and developing a Bike Plan are among the specific steps recommended.
- Engage in targeted outreach to BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY SECTORS marketing Kittery's economic development areas.
   Marketing should include continuing to update and improve the Economic Development website.
- Ensure historic properties, including buildings and landscapes, are preserved and explore the establishment of HISTORIC DISTRICTS and development design guidelines to further the properties' protection.
- 8. Reduce **DOG AND HORSE WASTE** at area open spaces through enhanced enforcement and public education.
- Review existing HUNTING regulations and provide public education regarding these to improve the safety of residents especially in the Town Forest, while at the same time protecting resident's right to carry firearms and hunt.
- 10. **PROTECT EXISTING OPEN LANDS**, including farmlands and wetlands from over-development by implementing effective strategies such as larger minimum lot sizes in the rural residential zone. As one way of preserving Kittery's rural character, review and revise the **cluster zoning bylaw** and provide incentives for developers to use the bylaw.
- 11. Continue to support Kittery's **MARITIME BASED ECONOMY** including the fishing and shell fishing industry by maintaining access to the working waterfront and creating innovative avenues to better connect fishing to the local economy (e.g.

- Dock to Dish program connecting fishermen to local restaurants).
- 12. Review and revise **TOWN CODE** so that it supports the implementation of the Comprehensive Plan goals and objectives, is clear, promotes best practice, and is easy to use.
- 13. Develop a Plan for Town facilities and property owners to transition to LOW AND ZERO IMPACT ENERGY SOURCES
- 14. Use the **COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND FUTURE LAND USE MAP** as a guide for encouraging desirable new development in identified appropriate locations, while protecting open spaces, agricultural land, and natural and historical resources while keeping in mind that climate change and areas at risk will change the overlay map
- 15. Educate residents about town planning roles and processes and ensure that PLANNING AND TOWN MANAGEMENT PROCESSES are open, transparent, informative, inclusive, respectful and welcoming.
- 16. Review, update and incorporate where appropriate, the recommendations from the **FORESIDE** Forums. Residents have expressed much enthusiasm for recent improvements in the Foreside and support for future infill development that is appropriate in scale and activity.
- 17. Evaluate Town-wide current **PARKING** conditions and policies and revise to meet development goals by improving management of existing spaces and exploring shared parking and other strategies.

- 18. Provide more support and visibility to the work of LOCAL ARTISTS by expanding exhibition venues and providing a mechanism to support arts-related businesses, including nonprofits. Artists are seen to provide a uniqueness to Kittery and residents expressed a desire to provide additional support and visibility.
- 19. **GUIDE DEVELOPMENT** to areas already served by public utilities (8.1.2.), resulting in a more efficient and cost-effective use of these public services.
- 20. Undertake to complete a Comprehensive town-wide HOUSING PLAN that will document existing supply and identify needs and ways of meeting these, including methods for encouraging the development of affordable housing (e.g. creation of new types of housing, including workforce housing, and housing for seniors wishing to downsize, etc.).
- 21. Develop a **COMPLETE STREETS POLICY** to identify needed and appropriate improvement in order to accommodate all modes of transportation to accommodate all including people with special needs. This will result in reducing pollutants to the environment and in providing safe healthy options for residents to get around, mainly by walking and biking.
- 22. Increase awareness in residents and business owners with regard to the EFFECTS OF POLLUTANTS, PESTICIDES, AND STORMWATER RUNOFF (6.3.1.) and evaluate Town Code regarding the use of pesticides and herbicides with chemicals, in waterfront areas and town-wide (6.3.2.). Providing

information and incentives for greener practices will help to mitigate these environmental hazards.

- 23. Increase and improve **COMMUNICATION** with Town residents (7.1.3.). Using a variety of modes including the internet and cable TV in innovative ways will help to keep residents more informed and connected to town government.
- 24. Consider an **ADAPTIVE REUSE ORDINANCE** to guide redevelopment of existing buildings (8.1.6.). By promoting the reuse of existing structures more efficient development can occur in areas already services by public utilities and protecting open land from development.
- 25. Establish mechanisms to protect visual assets such as creating a PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION OF SCENIC VISTAS and establishing an historic preservation committee to create a comprehensive INVENTORY OF HISTORIC RESOURCES. These are the first steps in helping to protect and promote those visual assets that contribute to Kittery's uniqueness.

## TOP 24 RIPE APPLES ("LOW HANGING FRUIT)"



The following are a sample of selected low or no cost, relatively easy to achieve action items that received the most support by the participants at a public forum where these were discussed. It is

recommended that the Town proceed with implementing at least some of these in order to keep momentum and support for the Plan alive.

### **Highest Priority**

- Establish a new committee, revive the defunct Energy Committee, and/or team up with the York Energy Committee and design a sustainability policy and plan for the Town.
- Explore ways of increasing Town Department efficiencies and effectiveness by further collaborating across departments.
- Revisit cluster ordinance to ensure it is maintaining the goal of open space preservation.
- Establish a Climate Adaptation Committee.
- Join regional coalition of surrounding coastal communities to work together around issues of sea level rise.
- Consider a ban on plastic bags and plastic water bottles

### ALSO:

- Consider forming a Transportation Advisory Committee to identify and evaluate transportation improvements.
- Develop a Complete Streets Policy to accommodate all modes of transportation, for all ability levels, in a safe and attractive way to encourage more walking and biking.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These low cost, relatively easy to achieve action items received the most support at a public forum held on Nov. 3, 2016.

- Identify ways for better management of existing parking spaces, e.g. consider off-site remote parking for employees.
- Work with the Kittery Land Trust to create a prioritized list of parcels for open space acquisition should there parcels come up for sale.
- Consider endorsing York River Committee's efforts to designate the York River Watershed as a Federal Wild and Scenic River with the Mt. Agamenticus-to-the-Sea Initiative.
- Increase awareness regarding dog feces ordinance and erect more signs with regulations pertaining to the conduct of dogs and their owners on beaches and other open spaces.
- Prepare educational materials summarizing Kittery's water quality challenges and the effects of pollutants and pesticides.
- Create an on-line and printed guide to the recreational resources of Kittery and make them available to residents and visitors.
- Establish a process to monitor and report on the status of the **Comprehensive Plan Implementation**.

- Undertake a Housing Plan to study supply, demand and strategies to encourage a variety of housing types and price points.
- Invite the business owners of the Rt. 1 Outlet Mall area to explore future redevelopment options, including encouraging mixed use (e.g. housing on upper stories above retail).
- Identify additional areas of potential collaboration with the PNS.
- Encourage non-motorized visitors to environmentallysensitive areas by installing bike racks and bike/pedestrian paths.
- Review, update and promote existing materials/information on navigating Kittery's waterways.
- Provide **recycling bins** in public places.
- Develop town-wide goals regarding energy efficiency and related benchmarks for public facilities.

- Establish a timeline for converting all Town-owned buildings to renewable energy. Explore grants to install solar energy panels
- Increase involvement of the schools in environmental stewardship efforts.

### **PLAN CONCEPT MAP**

The Plan Concept Map on the following page provides summarizes the key recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan.

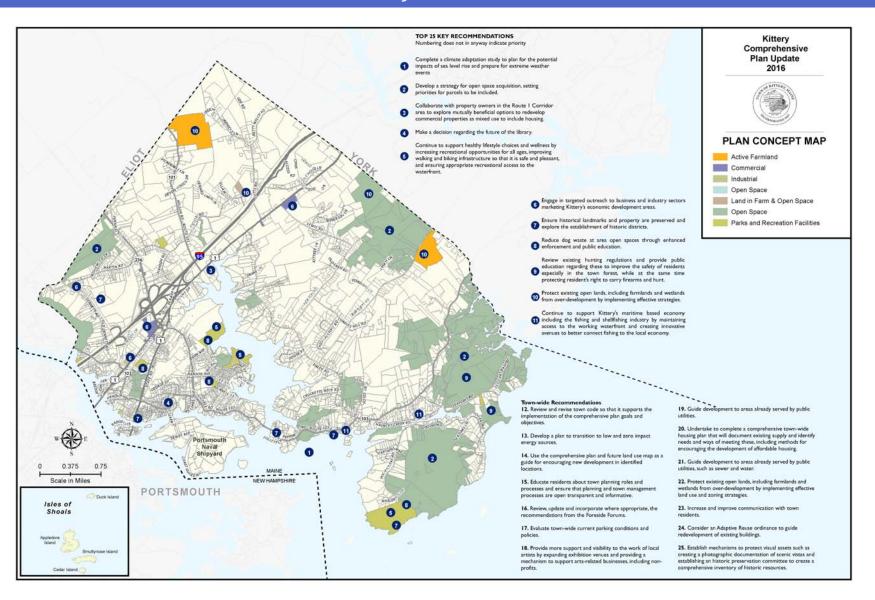








### **CONCEPT PLAN MAP: 25 TOP KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**



### **FUTURE LAND USE MAP**

The Future Land Use Map is a summary of the Future Land Use Plan which was developed to help guide future decisions regarding the kind of growth and the location of growth that was determined to be appropriate and desirable and that is consistent with the vision, goals and objectives of the Comprehensive Plan.

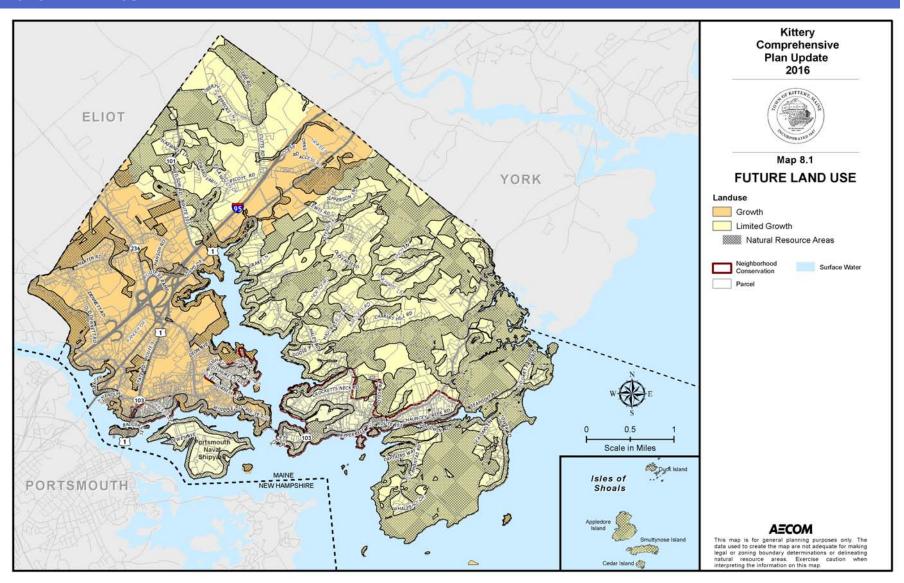
- "GROWTH" areas where the Town would like to encourage future development to occur
- "LIMITED GROWTH"- areas that could accommodate a minimal amount of growth
- Neighborhood Conservation Areas- areas may have infill potential, but for the most part will retain a similar character in the future.
  - Foreside
  - Kittery Point
  - Admiralty Village

"There is still plenty of room to grow while maintaining Kittery's character" – comment from Comment Board in Town Hall. The Future Land Use Map also includes:

- Most current inventory of protected open spaces which will not be developed on in the future
- Resource Protection/Rural Conservation land areas that should not be developed due to their impact on natural features, watersheds, and surface water bodies.



### **FUTURE LAND USE MAP**



### **IMPLEMENTATION**

## NEXT STEPS: Moving forward towards implementation, what are the first steps?

- Establish method to monitor progress on the Plan
- Continue to review and fine-tune menu of options and resources
- Use goals and objectives as a decision-making guide to evaluate opportunities and plans
- Look for opportunities (e.g. funding; partners: public and private sector; regional approaches, partners, etc.)
- Continue community conversation
- Many items will require additional vetting, including Town Council vote
- Begin by implementing "ripe apples" to keep momentum
- Vet top 25 Key Recommendations first

### **IMPLEMENTATION TOOLS AND CAPACITY**

Increase Capacity	Prioritize
Hire additional:	staff • Funding availability
Recruit addition volunteers	Opportunity to partner
<ul> <li>Consider need f</li> </ul>	• Addresses health and safety
additional committees, bo	ards • Political will
Regional appro	ach • "Ripe apples" – low hanging fruit to keep
<ul> <li>Increase comm tax base</li> </ul>	
Explore funding	• Phasing
opportunities (s grants, etc.)	• Establish a method to monitor progress and keep the Plan Up-to-
<ul> <li>Revise zoning a adopt new tool</li> </ul>	nd Date

The Comprehensive Plan Update Committee seriously considered recommending the formation of an implementation committee, but determined that a better alternative would be to, in consultation with the Town Manager and Council, create a structured process involving the Council, Boards, and Department Heads to periodically (on an annual or biannual basis) monitor, support and report on progress of implementation.



ANNUAL EVALUATION OF IMPLEMENTATION: The Town Manager should hold an annual Summit Meeting with representatives of existing boards, committees and the Town Council to report on the "State of the Plan" and to discuss progress, hurdles and action plans.





# SECTION 1: BACKGROUND AND CONTEXT



Kittery Comprehensive Plan 2015-2025

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# INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

Volume I is a summary of the Comprehensive Plan, its foundations and recommendations. The Plan was developed based on the input of hundreds of residents, business owners, town officials, and Committee members who participated in the process. Recommendations were developed incorporating this input and also reflecting best practice and meeting state requirements.

The Comprehensive Plan is organized in three volumes:

**Volume I: The Comprehensive Plan** 

**Volume I: Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions** 

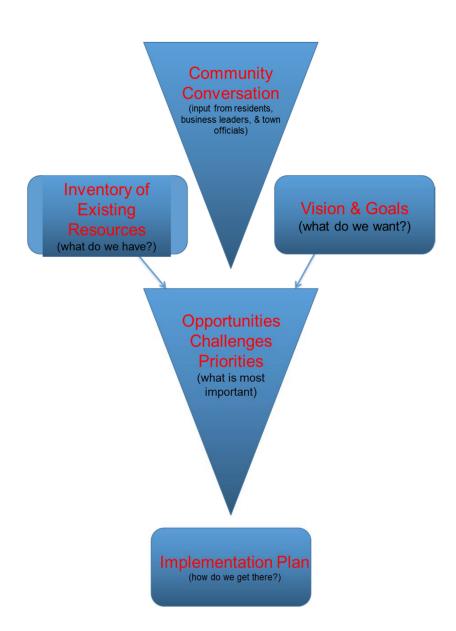
**Volume II: Documentation of Public Input** 

The Plan can also be viewed in its entirety on Kittery's town website.

### **PROCESS**

The process of updating a Comprehensive Plan is comprised of several steps including:

Developing a Vision and set of goals with significant public input



- Conducting an inventory and assessment of the Town's existing conditions
- Identifying Key Issues, Challenges and Opportunities and their implications for the future
- Developing an Implementation Plan which:
  - Lists goals and policy objectives
  - Identifies priorities
  - Identifies lead responsible parties and potential partners
  - Lists suggested action steps and existing resources

The process addresses the following questions:

- What do we have?
- What do we want?
- What is most important?
- How do we get there?

### **OVERVIEW OF PREVIOUS PLANNING EFFORTS**

Kittery has a number of planning documents relevant to the Comprehensive Planning process. These were reviewed and, when relevant, incorporated into the Plan. A summary of the most relevant of these follows. The most relevant of course, is the previous Comprehensive Plan (1999/2000).

Kittery's first land use regulations were adopted by Town Meeting in 1952. They established two small Local Business Districts, Commercial Districts along Route One and Interstate (now Route One bypass), with the rest of the town as General or Single Residence Districts.

The Comprehensive Planning Act was passed by the State of Maine in 1954 and the Town of Kittery added a provision for a Planning Committee in 1956 and initiated the required Comprehensive Planning process. The first Kittery Comprehensive Plan was adopted in 1958. The first complete zoning ordinance was adopted in 1960. A complete revision of the ordinance was undertaken in 1977.

The 1958 Comprehensive Plan was partially updated in 1963 and 1966 and recommended road programs, public open space to protect Spruce Creek, Seapoint Beach and Fort Foster, as well as the protection of the town's scenic and historic character.

A further update of the Land Use section was undertaken in 1973 and in 1977 the zoning ordinance (renamed Land Use and Development Code) was extensively revised.

The Comprehensive Plan was updated again in 1989. One of the notable recommendations of this updated plan was the proposal to alter the type of commercial development along Route 1 by creating a Mixed Use District along Route One north of Haley Road.

The Land Use and Development Code was revised once again in 1991 in an effort to make administrative improvements as well as to implement some of the Comprehensive Plan's recommendations. Among other refinements the following additions were made to the code since the 1991 revision:

- Provision for a Mixed Use District
- Badger's Island District
- Foreside District
- Village Residence District (Admiralty Village)
- Revised Mixed Use District
- Shoreland Overlay Zone

UPDATE OF THE KITTERY COMPREHENSIVE PLAN, PLANNING DECISIONS, INC. AND APPLEDORE ENGINEERING, INC., DEC. 1999, REVISED 2000

In 1998, the Kittery Comprehensive Plan Update Committee was charged with reviewing and updating the Town's 1989 Comprehensive Plan. The update was adopted in 2000.

The Plan stated what the citizens of Kittery want: "They prefer encouraging growth into Quality Community Areas (existing town and village centers) that would be surrounded by Rural or Conservation Areas. This combination reflects the historic patterns of development along the New England Seacoast, mills and commerce centers surrounded by working waterfronts and forests."

Residents who participated in the Comprehensive Planning process for the 2025 Plan identified some of the same elements that comprised the Year 2000 Vision; these include:

A small-town character as a historic seacoast town consisting of economically diverse neighborhoods, working waterfronts, natural habitats and resources, rural landscapes, and commercial places, that promotes economic growth and guides/controls residential

development by providing distinct planning requirements consistent with that character, and with responsive public services, schools which are a source of community pride, and adequate public facilities while retaining a stable property tax rate.

"The guiding principle of the Town's effort to manage the use of land should be to encourage a development pattern that maintains the historical pattern of a built-up center, traditional moderate density neighborhoods, and open outlying areas. To facilitate this pattern, the Town should focus on directing development to vacant or underutilized areas within the built-up area that are served or can be served by public water and sewer service is or can be provided and on directing development away from areas with natural constraints for development, undeveloped shorefront areas, and areas in which public services are not available."

From the 1999/2000 Comprehensive Plan

- Kittery's historic settlement pattern of compact villages and neighborhood centers separated by rural countryside and sustain a unique sense of place in every neighborhood by respecting local cultural and natural features maintained.
- Economic and residential growth targeted to compact, mixed use centers in areas with existing or planned infrastructure and services at a scale appropriate for the community and region.

- 3. Mixed use, pedestrian friendly neighborhoods that incorporate open areas, landscaping, and other amenities that enhance livability preserved and protected.
- 4. Choice in the mode of transportation provided and transportation options are integrated and consistent with land use objectives ensured.
- 5. Environmental quality and important natural and historic features of Kittery, the County, region and the state protected and large areas of un-fragmented wildlife habitat and undeveloped land preserved.
- 6. Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and other natural resourcebased enterprises and minimize conflicts of development with these industries encouraged and strengthened.
- 7. Town center, villages and neighborhoods reinvested in and a diversity of viable business enterprises and housing opportunities in these areas supported.
- 8. Coalitions with stakeholders established and maintained and engage the public in the pursuit of better growth solutions engaged.
- Public funds invested and incentives provided and disincentives consistent with the Vision for Kittery and these growth management policies.
- 10. The growth management program, comprehensive planning and implementation process for the Town all will be integrated with all the purposes of zoning embraced in

Maine Revised Statutes, and be created to promote the health, safety and general welfare of its residents.

The 1999/2000 Comprehensive Plan put forth the following goals:

### LAND USE

- Encourage development in identified growth areas while assuring that new development occurs in a manner that is compatible with existing settlement patterns, respects natural resource values and enhances the desired pattern of use.
- To foster a pattern of land use that respects and builds upon the present character of the established settlement pattern of village cores surrounded by open, outlying rural areas created by undeveloped land, fields, wooded areas, farmland, wetlands, and roadways.
- To preserve and enhance the dominant natural waterfront/seacoast character and to continue to guide development away from sensitive waterfront areas.

### POPULATION AND HOUSING

- To manage population and household growth in a manner consistent with the Town's ability to absorb it.
- To encourage a diversity of housing to meet the needs of a wide range of residents, so lower, mid, and higher cost housing is available in Kittery.
- To assure that as new housing is built in Kittery, at least 10% of the new units are affordable to lower or moderate income households.

### **ECONOMY**

- To expand the number and range of high quality jobs that are available in Kittery
- To reduce the reliance of the community on the two industry sectors as the Town's primary economic base.
- To maintain the traditional marine industries as viable economic activities
- To expand the range of goods and services that Kittery residents can obtain within the community
- To assure that all economic growth is fiscally and environmentally sound and is in keeping with the character of the community
- To strive for a balance between residential and nonresidential development.

### NATURAL RESOURCES

- Surface water quality within Kittery protected and improved
- Groundwater resources quality and supply protected and preserved.
- Wetlands, vernal pools and adjacent uplands protected from encroachment and degradation
- Flood prone areas use managed to reduce the risk of property and environmental damage.
- Significant wildlife and fisheries habitat, and critical and unique natural areas protected.
- Maintain the scenic quality of the Town's visual environment while respecting private property rights.
- Preserve the scenic quality of the Town's shoreland areas.
- Maintain and enhance high value scenic views and vistas.

 Maintain and enhance the visual character of identified scenic roads in a way that balances visual considerations with traffic movement and safety.

### RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE

- To provide recreational facilities to adequately meet the needs of the Town's current population and to provide facilities for the growing population.
- To maintain the current level of public access to the Atlantic Ocean and the Piscataqua River and to expand and improve access as opportunities arise.
- To maintain the rural, open landscape in designated nongrowth areas.

### HISTORIC, ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES

- To preserve the community's historic buildings, site and neighborhoods.
- To assure that the community's archaeological resources are identified and protected from inadvertent damage or destruction.
- To preserve and promote Kittery's historic and archaeological resources.
- To expand the range of cultural facilities and opportunities available in Kittery to meet the needs of Kittery's residents.

### MARINE RESOURCES

- To improve the quality of the Town's coastal waters.
- To increase the extent and vitality of the community's shell fishing industry.

- To provide for the growth of aquaculture in a way that is positive for the entire community.
- To protect important wildlife and aquatic habitats.
- To assure that the quality of the Town's drinking water is maintained.

### PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES AND FISCAL CAPACITY

- To provide high quality but cost efficient public services and facilities to meet the needs of the residents of Kittery.
- To assure that adequate public services are available in areas where growth and development are desired.
- To discourage development in those areas of Kittery where it is difficult or expensive to provide municipal services.
- To continue to increase the rate of recycling.
- To provide adequate public water and sewer service in those areas of the community where higher intensity development is desired.
- To maintain a relatively stable property tax burden while providing a high level of community services and facilities.

### **TRANSPORTATION**

- To improve access to the Maine Turnpike
- To improve safety of the existing road network.
- To maintain and improve the physical condition of the existing road and street system.
- To maintain and improve the capacity of the arterial and collector road network in a manner that is consistent with the neighborhoods and which maintains their scenic character.

 To ensure that new development does not overburden the road network, create safety problems, or impact existing residential neighborhoods.

Many of these objectives are carried over into the 2025 Plan as they remain relevant.

## THE FORESIDE FORUMS, LISTENING SESSIONS ON THE FUTURE OF KITTERY FORESIDE, 2014, INITIATED BY TOWN COUNCIL

In recent years, historic Kittery Foreside has experienced an influx of new businesses, non-profit arts and culture organizations, and residents who together have turned the area into a vibrant place to work, live, and visit. In January of 2014, Town Council established the "Foreside Forums" to learn how town government could best extend its assistance to the community in supporting the area's on-going success, and to provide the community with an opportunity to share ideas

The first forum solicited public opinion on what was going well in the Foreside district. The report reports that there was there was a high degree of support for "organic" growth. Participants felt strongly about "keeping Foreside walkable, affordable, and retaining its authentic character, while enhancing the area's gateways, connections to the waterfront connections, and park spaces."

The other forums organized participants into four groups which focused on:

- Parking, transportation, and circulation
- Housing
- Business uses
- Public land and infrastructure

Some highlights include the following comments:

- "Long term residents want to continue living in Kittery"
- "Residents are more important to Kittery than the tourists"
- "Learn Lessons of What Not To Do From Portsmouth --Parking, Large Buildings, etc."
- Maintain Affordable/ Low Income Housing(Portsmouth Lesson)
  - Artist's housing
  - Employees, Elderly

As a follow up to the Foreside Forums, a group of Foreside residents and business owners met in April of 2016 and developed a vision statement for the future of the Foreside district. They presented this vision to the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee. The CPUC voted to incorporate the Foreside Vision into the Town-wide Vision as they deemed it completely consistent with discussions regarding this area during the Comprehensive planning process.

### **Vision for Kittery Foreside**

4/2016

The Foreside is a thriving, historic neighborhood that includes Maine's earliest working waterfront. We envision a future for the Foreside that benefits the entire town by:

- Maintaining the historic, working-class character and scale of the Foreside;
- Preserving Foreside building stock by adopting a preference for creative or adaptive reuse of existing buildings;
- Ensuring the availability of integrated workforce housing in the Foreside;
- Encouraging walking and biking in the Foreside;
- Preserving the Foreside's working waterfront;
- Protecting and expanding green space in the Foreside.

FOUR-YEAR GROWTH MANAGEMENT PROGRAM EVALUATION, MAINE STATE PLANNING OFFICE, MARCH 2011

The recommendations in the Comprehensive Plan take into account state and regional goals and meet the State of Maine's Land Use requirements.

### STATE OF MAINE GOALS

The Growth Management Act includes ten state goals "to provide overall direction and consistency to the planning and regulatory actions of all state and municipal agencies affecting natural resource management, land use, and development." (30-A MRSA §4312). Recommendations made in this Comprehensive Plan are

consistent with these goals. See Appendix for a more detailed listing of State requirements.

- A. To encourage orderly growth and development in appropriate areas of each community and region while protecting the State's rural character, making efficient use of public services, and preventing development sprawl
- B. To plan for, finance, and develop an efficient system of public facilities and services to accommodate anticipated growth and economic development
- C. To promote an economic climate which increases job opportunities and overall economic well-being
- D. To encourage and promote affordable, decent housing opportunities for all Maine citizens
- E. To protect the quality and manage the quantity of the State's water resources, including lakes, aquifers, great ponds, estuaries, rivers, and coastal areas
- F. To protect the State's other critical natural resources, including without limitation, wetlands, wildlife and fisheries habitat, sand dunes, shorelands, scenic vistas, and unique natural areas
- G. To protect the State's marine resources industry, ports, and harbors from incompatible development and to promote access to the shore for commercial fishermen and the public

- H. To safeguard the State's agricultural and forest resources from development which threatens those resources
- I. To preserve the State's historic and archeological resources; and
- J. To promote and protect the availability of outdoor recreation opportunities for all Maine citizens, including access to surface waters

### STATE COASTAL POLICIES

- To promote the maintenance, development, and revitalization of the State's ports and harbors for fishing, transportation, and recreation
- To manage the marine environment and its related resources to preserve and improve the ecological integrity and diversity of marine communities and habitats, to expand our understanding of the productivity of the Gulf of Maine and coastal waters, and to enhance the economic value of the State's renewable marine resources
- To support shoreline development that gives preference to water-dependent uses over other uses, that promotes public access to the shoreline, and that considers the cumulative effects of development on coastal resources

- To discourage growth and new development in coastal areas where, because of coastal storms, flooding, landslides, or sealevel rise, it is hazardous to human health and safety
- To encourage and support cooperative state and municipal management of coastal resources
- To protect and manage critical habitats and natural areas of state and national significance, and to maintain the scenic beauty and character of the coast, even in areas where development occurs
- To expand the opportunities for outdoor recreation, and to encourage appropriate coastal tourist activities and development
- To restore and maintain the quality of our fresh, marine, and estuarine waters to allow far the broadest possible diversity of public and private uses
- To restore and maintain coastal air quality to protect the health of citizens and visitors, and to protect enjoyment of the natural beauty and maritime character of the Maine coast

### ADDITIONAL PLANS INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING

The following additional relevant planning documents were also reviewed.

- Southern Maine Regional Planning Commission, Regional Efficiency and Economic Development Analysis for the Towns of Kittery, Eliot, York, South Berwick, Berwick, Wells and North Berwick, February, 2010.
- Sustain Southern Maine, Kittery Pilot Community Technical Workshop, Kittery Foreside/Kittery Crossing Pilot, February 11, 2013 and March 2013.
- *Master Plan for Athletic Fields,* Kittery ME, Weston and Sampson, 2015.
- Town Report (2013-2014):
   <a href="http://www.kitteryme.gov/Pages/KitteryME\_WebDocs/Town%2">http://www.kitteryme.gov/Pages/KitteryME\_WebDocs/Town%2</a>
   oReports/Town%20Report%202013-2014.pdf
- Stormwater Management Plan: 2013-2018 Plan
- Climate Change Adaption Report: Georgetown, Maine, prepared by Georgetown Conservation Commission, 2015
- Overview of Shore and Harbor Projects-September 2013, Town of Kittery Maine, Department of Public Works
- Quality Improvement Plan for Kittery's Shore and Harbors (2014), Wright-Pierce
- Route 1 Bypass Bicycle & Pedestrian Plan (2015)
- Stormwater Program Management Plan for York County MS4s (Berwick, Eliot, South Berwick, Kittery and York, ME), Permit

Years 1 through 5 (July 1,2013 to June 30,2018) Submitted to Maine DEP December 2013 Revised February 4, 2014 (to address MEDEP Comments)

Kittery DPW Project Updates
 http://www.kitteryme.gov/Pages/KitteryME\_DPW/DPWPROJE
 CTUPDATES

### **Sewer Infrastructure and Expansion Projects:**

- <a href="http://www.kitteryme.gov/Pages/KitteryME\_Projects/sewerprojects/">http://www.kitteryme.gov/Pages/KitteryME\_Projects/sewerprojects/</a>
- http://kitteryme.gov/Pages/KitteryME\_Planning/Kittery\_Sewer\_Line\_Map.pdf
- Kittery Water System Master Plan, Sept. 2010. Wright-Pierce.

### **Kittery Schools, District Profiles:**

- http://www.kitteryschools.com;
   http://www.kitteryschools.com/district-profile
- Maine Department of Education: http://www.maine.gov/doe/ Planning Decisions, Inc., Best Fit Model (1/26/2009)
- Maine Department of Education, "A Snapshot of Education in Maine," <a href="http://maine.gov/doe/inside/snapshot.html">http://maine.gov/doe/inside/snapshot.html</a>
- <u>Town of Kittery Fort Foster Park 5-year Management Plan</u> (2004-2008). Kittery Parks Commission, Town of Kittery.
- Fort Foster Park, 5-Year Management Plan 2004-2008

## <u>Kittery Town Code:</u> http://www.kitteryme.gov/Pages/KitteryME\_TownCode/index

Town of Kittery Budget, Fiscal Year 2017

## INVENTORY AND ASSESSEMENT OF EXISTING RESOURCES

Information was collected for the following ten (10) Topic Areas:

- History, Historic/Archaeological Resources
- Natural Resources, Water Resources, Agricultural & Forest Resources, Recreation and Open Space
- Population & Demographics
- Economy
- Housing
- Transportation & Circulation
- Public Services & Facilities
- Marine Resources
- Fiscal Capacity
- Land Use

An inventory and assessment of existing conditions was undertaken by:

- attending guided tours of Kittery and the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard
- site visits of key locations
- · research and compilation of existing data
- review of Town documents and other relevant planning documents

 more than 30 leadership interviews of Town Department Heads, members of Town Committees and Boards, as well as other relevant individuals

See Volume II: Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions for full documentation

### **SUMMARY OF KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC PROCESS**

Kittery's residents, business owners and town officials were invited to participate in a variety of forums including town-wide public workshops and on-line forum, a survey, and interviews with a range of individuals. Their input was used to develop the vision and goals. This then formed the basis for the Comprehensive Plan.

The goals of the public process included:

- Identify critical issues
- Define shared goals
- Establish priorities for the future
- Build support for Plan

See Volume III: Summary of Public Input for a full documentation of public comment in these and other forums (Including in an online forum and a survey).

### **UPDATING THE PLANNING PROCESS**

Kittery has experienced some important changes since the last Comprehensive Plan update. Included amongst these are:

- Kittery Community Center: an extremely popular and successful institution offering recreation and other programming to Kittery residents.
- Foreside and Gourmet Alley: This area of town has been transformed into a sort of downtown for Kittery offering a variety of both culinary as well as cultural and artistic options.

These were needs identified in the previous Plan. They have now to a large degree been implemented .

However, noteworthy is the fact that many of the recommendations found in this Comprehensive Plan were also present in the 1999 (adopted in 2000) Comprehensive Plan. Some of the strategies included in that Plan have been implemented, others are underway, and still others are not.

Why do we consider it important to re-introduce some of these strategies? Many are worthy of repeating because they are still relevant or they are on-going efforts that need to be part of the Town's Plan. Others were not implemented but sometimes factors such as the economy, regional trends, degree of political will, and changes in public attitude are enough to make the conditions "ripe" for reconsideration. These changes include:

- A significant increase in the elderly population;
- An increase in the public's interest in non-automotive forms of transportation because of an increased awareness; and
- An interest in the three best practice key planning principles (see next page)
- An increase in the awareness and desire on the part of may residents to take better care of the environment and prepare for the potential impacts of sea level rise and climate adaptation.

### THREE BEST PRACTICE PLANNING PRINCIPLES

New policy initiatives included in the Comprehensive Plan or in Kittery's Town Code should strive to be grounded in principles of sustainability. Broadly, sustainability is a concept that recognizes the **interrelatedness** of the energy, environmental, economic development, and civic health of the Town, and the importance of ensuring that future generations can enjoy the resources that exist in Kittery today.

Environmental
Stewardship

Health &
Wellness

Economic &
Social Vitality

The following Comprehensive planning principles will be used to

evaluate recommendations throughout the Plan, whenever relevant.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP**

Kittery needs to prepare for the potential impacts of climate change, sea level rise, and to preserve wildlife habitat.

- Do the recommendations support a long-term sustainable future and stewardship of natural resources, including land preservation?
- Do recommendations promote the use of renewable energy sources throughout Town?
- Do they promote sustainable land use patterns?
- Are there recommendations regarding how the Town can lead by example including ways in which municipal facilities and services can be more environmentallysensitive?
- Are there recommendations regarding how the Town can encourage private property owners to adopt more sustainable measures?

### HEALTH AND WELLNESS

The Plan should promote the health and wellness of Kittery's residents and of the community as a whole.

- Do recommendations promote the health and wellness of the people who live, work and play in Kittery?
- Do they support the health of the community as a whole?

- Do they provide opportunities for fitness as a part of everyday life, healthy lifestyle choices, support the recreational needs of all ages, opportunities for life long learning and the building of social capital?
- Do they support the creation of safe and accessible public spaces for various ages and abilities?
- Are there recommendations that address the specific needs of different age groups (especially those of youth and of the elderly)?

### **ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL VITALITY**

The Plan should support the long-term economic and social vitality of Kittery.

- Do the recommendations promote the Kittery's ability to support a diverse community?
- Do they protect and promote Kittery's unique historic resources?
- Do they foster a strong local economy, local agriculture and food production, and also protect water dependent businesses?
- Do they protect Kittery's unique culture?
- Do recommendations support municipal investment in critical infrastructure to support and encourage desired development in desirable locations?
- Are there provisions to encourage and include the continued engagement of Kittery's residents in determining the character of their community and in

determining its future direction by being involved in decision-making regarding the Town's future development?



### PLAN FOUNDATION

The Comprehensive Plan, and in particular its Implementation Plan, has been built upon a two-part foundation. First, a set of guiding principles, developed through an extensive engagement process, resulted in a VISION and GOALS for realizing this vision. Second, an assessment of Kittery's existing resources identified KEY ISSUES, OPPORTUNITIES and CHALLENGES. Combined, these generated a set of goals and objectives that form the core of the Implementation Plan. The following chapter summarizes the two parts of this foundation, and defines the resulting GOALS AND OBJECTIVES, a way of setting the stage for the Implementation Plan chapter that follows.

### VISION AND GOALS FOR THE FUTURE

The vision and goals for Kittery's future were determined by a set of guiding principles, developed through a public engagement process, or "community conversation," that spanned the length of the planning process (fifteen months), and involved hundreds of Kittery residents, elected officials and town staff members. A listing of the forums, meetings, workshops, and social media outlets appears in the box on the next page. The purpose of this engagement process included:

Identifying critical issues



Town-wide Public Forum: March 12, 2016 at STAR Theatre

- Defining shared goals
- Establishing priorities for the future
- Building support for Plan

### **PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT PROCESS**

A set of the underlying themes and sub-themes emerged from this public engagement process, and these helped to define the

### VISION FOR THE FUTURE OF KITTERY

**IMAGINE...** a Kittery whose character is protected by the preservation and adaptive reuse of its **historic buildings**, the control of the scale of redevelopment so that it is in keeping with the historic charm of the Town and a promotion of the Town's history.

IMAGINE... a Foreside district that is a thriving, historic neighborhood that includes one of Maine's earliest working waterfronts. A Foreside that maintains the historic, working –class character and scale and preserves its building stock by adopting a preference for creative or adaptive reuse of existing buildings.

Workforce housing is integrated in the district. Walking and biking is safe and pleasant and there are more green spaces to enjoy as well as the working waterfront.

**IMAGINE** ... a Kittery where its beautiful and treasured **natural features** are preserved and protected and where enjoyment is enhanced through increased access to these for both passive and active **recreation**. Recreational activities are managed so as to prevent negative impacts on the environment, the season at Fort Foster is extended and programming at the Kittery Community Center is even more developed. Enjoyment of the water is enhanced by increasing **public access to the water**, cleaning up Spruce Creek, and providing shuttle service to Portsmouth from the Town Pier at Foreside.

**IMAGINE...** a Kittery that plans for the future of its **environment** by implementing **resilient** and leading by example so that all townowned buildings use renewable sources of energy, and the Town provides incentives for the use of renewable energy sources. A Kittery that **prepares for the potential impacts of the expected rise in sea level** due to climate change.

**IMAGINE...** a Kittery that preserves its **sense of community**, the sense of peace and quiet, but also the **diversity of places** that make up the Town. It feels more unified and less separated as multiple **ways of getting around Town** are more available. **Traffic** congestion is lessened and **Walking** and **biking** is made safe and pleasant. A **town shuttle** helps to better connect people as do the additional places to gather and run into one another.

**IMAGINE...** a Kittery that while improving and growing is able to retain a **diverse socio-economic** mix of residents by providing **affordable, workforce housing** and by creating **jobs** with adequate wages and salaries, resulting in a **sustainable** community.

**IMAGINE...** the **economy** of Kittery more diversified as it retains existing and supports additional local businesses, where the existing businesses are redeveloped into more pedestrian-oriented mixeduse developments that incorporate more natural features and that are able to be more economically viable, **sustainable**, and in keeping with evolving expectations of shoppers.

**IMAGINE...** a Kittery that has a continuing **relationship with the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard**, and traffic, noise and light impacts created by activity in the shipyard are reduced as a result of working together to mitigate these.

**IMAGINE...** a re-imagined, twenty-first century **library** and a **school system** where students are consistently recognized for their success in the community and nationwide because these institutions provide top quality education, opportunities for life long learning, and enrichment programs.

**IMAGINE...** that all these improvements are made in a systematic way with significant **community engagement** in the decision-making process led by a **town government** that is respectful, transparent and civil in its discourse. A **shared vision** and **ordinances** that support the goals embodied in the vision are clear and easy to enforce.

plan vision and goals. A summary of these, along with "Kittery Voices" (found in colored boxes) appears below. For more detailed documentation of participants' comments in these and other forums, please see **Volume III** of the Comprehensive Plan.

### MAJOR UNDERLYING THEMES

Three major underlying themes arose from the public engagement process, taken as a whole:

### PRESERVE TOWN CHARACTER

- Preserve open space and other natural features, working waterfront, and historic buildings -- while guiding additional development to desirable locations.
- Ensure that the diversity of people in terms of socioeconomics can continue to live in Kittery (affordable housing and jobs)
- Support the diversity of land uses that make up the Town ("wild" landscapes, Foreside, outlets, working waterfront, quiet residential neighborhoods, etc.)

### INCREASE AND IMPROVE CONNECTIONS

- Safer and more pleasant walking and biking physical connections
- Communication and access to information
- Provide more opportunities for social connections by providing opportunities for community gathering (through an enhanced Foreside, a 21st century library, expanded programming at the KCC, increased public space on the water, and improved walking and biking infrastructure)

### **GOALS**

To protect the town's character by preserving and protecting HISTORIC FEATURES, AND CULTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES and promoting an awareness of the Town's unique history

To protect Kittery's NATURAL RESOURCES including watershed, fresh water, wetlands and vernal pools, agricultural and forest resources, open space and recreation

To support desirable ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, reduce dependence on Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, and increase the Town's tax base while also providing local jobs

To provide a range of HOUSING types to meet the needs of individuals throughout the lifecycle and to support residents with a diversity of incomes

To improve safety and ease of GETTING AROUND TOWN and better connect the "pieces" of Kittery. Also provide safe and pleasant alternatives to automobile travel with safe and pleasant bike and walking paths

To protect the Town's COASTLINE, the working waterfront, and ensure appropriate access and enjoyment of the water while protecting it from environmental impacts

To improve TOWN GOVERNANCE. Provide quality MUNICIPAL FACILITIES and SERVICES

To ensure that regulations support the desired LAND USES

To establish short, medium and long term plans to address the effects of climate change for COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE, and to transition to low and zero impact energy methods

### **PUBLIC FORUMS**

- 3 town-wide public forums
- 1 on-line survey
- continuous on-line conversation
- website
- teen visioning session
- XXX Steering Committee meetings
- 4 Joint Workshops: Planning Board/Steering Committee
- Meetings with Town Department Heads
- 32 leadership interviews

### PROMOTE A MULTI-GENERATIONAL KITTERY

- Wholesome activities for youth (including improved and
  - increased recreational opportunities, safe ways of getting around town and more youth involvement in planning for the future)

"Keep our identity distinct from that of Portsmouth." – public forum participant (March 12, 2016)

- Support healthy aging in place (with affordable housing appropriately sized and located for seniors, as well as activities and transportation geared to this population)
- Provide opportunities for multi-generational activities

### **SUB-THEMES**

Participants in the public engagement process indentified several specifi sub-themes.

- Participants expressed a strong appreciation for the NATURAL setting of the Town and a desire that efforts to preserve these features be made, including:
  - Open space and rural character
  - Working waterfront and waterfront views
  - Sea Point Beach
  - Brave Boat Harbor
  - Rachel Carson National Wildlife Refuge
  - Spruce Creek (clean)
  - Pepperrell Cove
- Related to the desire to protect the natural features was an appreciation of active and passive RECREATIONAL opportunities and a desire for more:
  - Fort Foster/Fort McClary
  - Rogers Park
  - More public access to the water
  - Kittery Community Center
- There was a strong desire to plan for climate change and become more
   SUSTAINABLE as a Town including:

"Build a business environment and infrastructure that should support continued growth in a structured way." – on-line community conversation participant

- Becoming an example of carbon neutrality
- having all town owned buildings use renewable energy sources (e.g. solar)
- provide local tax credits for use of solar energy
- A strong appreciation of the HISTORY and historic character of Kittery, including:
  - Preservation of historic buildings
  - The role of the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard
  - Preservation of the scale of buildings as a way of preserving the Town's character
- Participants spoke of the SENSE OF COMMUNITY they experience and treasure living in Kittery and the sense of "peace and quiet"

they would like to preserve. They also appreciated the

"I like that there are both wild areas and refined cultural spaces."

- "DIVERSITY OF PLACES," that make up Kittery including the distinct neighborhoods, waterfront, Foreside, outlets, natural areas.
- Enthusiasm was expressed for the recently revitalized FORESIDE district with an expressed desire to enhance the district's character by:
  - Improving parking
  - Encouraging more small, local business and artists
  - Ensuring that any new "Kittery is uniquely charming."

    development/redevelopment be contextual

### TEEN VOICE: MAY 20, 2016 - TRAIP ACADEMY

### **TEEN FAVORITES:**

- Historical Sites (Forts, etc.)\*\*\*\*
- Beaches\*
- Small Community\*
- Accepting Local People\*
- Clean Environment\*
- Forests and scenic beauty\*\*
- · Not Too urban
- Shipyard
- Food
- Kittery Block Party
- "Wood Island"
- Outlets
- Open Space to Build on
- Small School

### **TEEN LEAST FAVORITES:**

- Not "Green"/Pollution\*
- Culture of community
- Motels on by pass (Attracting drug dealers and crime)
- Poor Maintenance @ Athletic Fields (Need Improvements)
- Lack of athletic fields/space. (Need Expansion)\*\*
- Shipyard/236 Traffic\*\*\*
- Road conditions\*
- Town Council
- Tourist Attractions
- Wasting land that is for animals
- No "Teen" places

- The WORKING WATERFRONT was felt to be a significant unique feature of the Town and a strong desire was expressed to preserve this. The fishing industry was mentioned as important to consider in future planning.
- The number one most frequent response to the question, "if you could do one thing to improve Kittery, what would it be?" was improve PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE infrastructure to support walking and biking. Additionally, automobile TRAFFIC was a concern (especially as it related to the shipyard) and a desire for a TOWN-WIDE SHUTTLE ranked high on the list. PARKING, especially in the Foreside area, was perceived as being a significant issue.
- A recognition that the Town's population is relatively
   DIVERSE, socio-economically speaking, and that providing

affordable housing and the creation of jobs with "thriving wages and salaries" will be the only way to support this economic diversity in the future.

"Kittery will increasingly be a magnet for people to live and start businesses, so how do we harness this without losing the qualities that make it a great place to live and work?" -public forum

- Some discussion regarding the negative impacts of the PORTSMOUTH NAVAL SHIPYARD and a desire to work on mitigating these, namely noise and light pollution and traffic.
- The most referenced PUBLIC FACILITY/SERVICE identified for improvement was the LIBRARY (and a desire that its plan

for the future be finalized and implemented), followed by the **SCHOOL SYSTEM** (a desire for improvement to the system and its reputation).

 There was much discussion regarding a "I love where I live!! I want to own a home here... but am concerned about affordability."

- desire to improve **TOWN GOVERNANCE** including a desire for increased respect, transparency and civility. Additionally, some felt that there is a need for a unifying vision and for the town codes to support this vision and to be better enforced.
- Much enthusiasm was expressed for the public forum itself and for what it represented, that is, an opportunity for public discourse and COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT IN MAKING DECISIONS that will help to shape the Town's future. Many called for more proactive planning, citizen-led planning efforts and improved communication. Some wished to involve more youth in town government.

### **KEY ISSUES, OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES**

In addition to the vision defined through the public engagement process, an assessment of Kittery's existing resources helped shaped the goals and objectives for realizing this vision. A summary of this inventory can be found in the next chapter of the plan; full documentation of this inventory appears in **Volume II** of the plan.

## HISTORIC, CULTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES

- While residents strongly value the town's historic resources and recognize their impact on the character of the town, many residents are unaware of the extent to which they fuel the local economy.
- Kittery retains historic buildings and landscapes from throughout the town's over-350-year history, and many of these resources have been preserved. Others, however, have been severely compromised or altogether lost.
- While Kittery has listed several properties and districts to the National Register of Historic Places, many more historic buildings and landscapes have not been recognized as such. However, the town also lacks a comprehensive inventory of historic resources, or a plan for preserving them.
- The town lacks a volunteer-based entity to serve as a watchdog for historic resources.
- The town has no official single repository for historical materials.
- The town's military history, a significant part of Kittery's past that draws tourists from across the country, is not being utilized to its full potential to attract tourists.

- The town has not taken advantage of state-sponsored programs that promote and fund preservation of historic and cultural resources.
- The town's many scenic views, incorporating both historic and natural resources, are currently unprotected by town ordinances. By protecting the town's scenic viewsheds, through proactive and creative development regulations (including regulation of fence heights), Kitty can help retain these important visual assets.
- The town's youth are largely uninvolved in efforts to preserve Kittery's historic and cultural resources. By sustaining and expanding upon existing education programs, local youth can develop a greater appreciation for local history, and go on to serve as advocates.
- By supporting the local visual and performing arts community, Kittery can fuel the growth of this important piece of the local economy.

### NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION

- Kittery's topography, soils and associated wetlands, as well as shallow depths to bedrock, place limits on the extent of development possible.
- Farmland has all but disappeared in Kittery. Opportunity exists to adopt regulations limiting the amount of farming

- soils that can be removed from a property, as a means of preserving existing agricultural lands town-wide.
- Wells currently supply drinking water to many Kittery homes, making preservation of groundwater and aquifer quality critical to the health of the community.
- Opportunity exists to protect Kittery's many unique natural areas, including natural communities, habitat focus areas, and essential habitats, while at the same time preserving individual property-owners' rights, through negotiation of easements and restrictions on wetlands and farmlands; purchase of unprotected open spaces; and creation of buffers between developed lands and preserved open spaces.
- Opportunity exists to improve the quality of Spruce Creek through future redevelopment efforts at the Kittery Outlet area.
- The quality of Kittery's recreation areas, including parks, playing fields, and beaches, is negatively affected by dog and horse waste left by pet owners. Several options are available for controlling and processing dog waste in public open spaces.
- The draft Athletic Fields Master Plan proposes a phased approach to field management and expansion, and opportunity exists to implement this plan, as needed and financially feasible.

- Opportunity exists to create a well-documented nonmotorized trail system that runs continuously throughout the town, including conversion of the old trolley bed to a recreational pathway.
- Opportunity exists to re-visit the existing firearms ordinance so that residents feel safe, while at the same time hunters may continue to pursue their activity.
- Through the creation and implementation of a sustainability plan, Kittery can conserve energy, protect water quality, and ready itself for the impact of rising sea levels.
- Opportunity exists to protect Kittery's visual and scenic qualities, including its scenic roads, while at the same time preserving individual property-owners' rights.

#### **ECONOMY**

- Kittery has a unique mix of business types and economic development areas that support a relatively large labor force for the size of the town.
- As it stands today, the area around the Outlet Mall continues to be successful despite a slight uptick in vacancies.
- Residents and businesses recognize the value of the Foreside. The Town should continue to foster, encourage, and invest in the success of this area.

- The primary employers in Kittery are manufacturing and retail businesses, but the majority of Kittery residents are employed in the healthcare, professional services, and retail sectors.
- The Town should work with local landowners, business groups, and brokers to promote the location and amenities the existing Business Park has to offer.
- Within the healthcare employment sector, the number of businesses and number of employees have been increasing in Kittery.
- The PNS employers over 5,000 workers.

#### HOUSING

- As housing demand grows and prices increase, it will be important for the Town to consider ways of increasing access to affordable housing.
- While many new single-family homes have high price points and tax bills, the more compact development pattern found in locations such as the Foreside actually produce more property taxes per acre than homes in areas such as Gerrish Island.
- There is a need to address housing challenges for foreign students working seasonally at Kittery businesses.

- The increasing senior population in Kittery will need housing appropriately designed, sized, and located to accommodate this growing population.
- Since 2005, a majority of the new housing built has located north of Spruce Creek to the east of Route 1, and in the area north of Route 101 and west of Route 1, with the predominate development pattern being single-family subdivisions with houses on large lots.
- It will be important to determine if the current lot area minimums in the zoning districts covering the no/limited growth areas are effective.
- The dimensional requirements in Kittery's zoning are designed in such a way as to discourage larger multi-family buildings in some of the key areas residents would like to see them of a larger size and scale are not being built in Kittery.

#### **TRANSPORTATION**

- Kittery is the largest work destination for Kittery residents and for residents in the KACTS communities. Traffic backing up into residential neighborhoods during the daytime shift change is a major issue.
- The number of trips for all travel modes in Kittery has increased since 2000, except for the drive alone trips, which have decreased. In Kittery, the number of workers who worked at home almost doubled since 2000.

- Kittery has 73.42 miles of roadways, including Interstate 95.
   The interchanges have a significant impact on existing and future land use and development. Interchanges occupy many acres of land that are unavailable for development and/or local circulation.
- Recently built residential developments on the northern side of Kittery (for example, off of Haley Road) are characterized with long dead-end streets (cul-de-sacs), which limit access and prevent connectivity to the roadway network.
- Most of the roadway segments experienced a decrease in ADT volume between 2010 and 2013. ADT on Shapleigh Road increased up to 22% during this period.
- When I-95 experiences congestion, particularly during summer months, local roadways experience congestion and are used as cut-throughs.
- With the recent addition of new restaurants and shops, parking demand has increased in the Foreside area. A Town-wide Parking Management Plan would help evaluate parking supply, demand and utilization in Downtown Kittery and commercial areas and may improve parking efficiency.
- The Sidewalk Condition Report, which includes inventory of sidewalks, has not been updated since 2000.

- Developing a Complete Streets policy would accommodate all modes of transportation and make streets attractive and safe which would encourage more pedestrian and biking activities.
- Kittery does not participate in the MaineDOT Safe Routes to School (SRTS) Program.
- In Kittery, COAST provides year round limited transit services. Out of five COAST routes, four are express commuter routes.
- The existing public transit services in Kittery are mainly commuter services that serve the PNS.
- Paratransit service, ridesharing programs and van services are available to Kittery residents through various organizations.

#### MARINE RESOURCES

- Demand for access to the waterfront and for boating access is consistently high, and at peaks times, can be greater than the ability of existing landside facilities and moorings to meet.
- Storm winds and waves limit opportunities for additional moorings in exposed areas such as Fort Foster. The floats are vulnerable to damage during storms.
- As a coastal community with a densely-developed shoreline, extensive waterfront recreational areas, and a working waterfront, Kittery is going to experience direct impacts from sea level rise.

- A significant portion of the available parking at Pepperrell Cove is in a lot across Route 103/Pepperrell Road.
- The Town-operated mooring facilities at Pepperrell Cove and Traip Academy are heavily used, there is a 12-15 year waiting list for moorings, and there is no available space at these locations for installation of additional moorings.
- Boaters, particularly visitors to Kittery, who want to kayak or sail on the Piscataqua should be made aware of tides and currents.
- Portsmouth is upgrading its Pierce Island treatment plant but the facility will bypass stormwater from secondary treatment during wet weather.
- However, Water quality in Spruce Creek and its watershed is threatened by development pressure in the watershed, and there are no restrictions on pesticide and fertilizer use.
- There are concerns about the impacts the users have on the waterfront areas and parks, with the issue of dog waste (and also horse waste at Rogers Park) a primary concern.
- Residents are divided on whether to build facilities, e.g., parking, for increased usage of certain parks.
- There is at present no fixed location public pumpout facility from Great Bay to the Portsmouth Harbor entrance, thus it can be difficult for boat owners to dispose of waste in an environmentally responsible fashion.

- Long-term siltation in Pepperrell Cove and a lack of dredging have decreased available water depths, limiting the draft and size of boats able to access the moorings and piers.
- The town's many scenic views, including views of the water, are currently unprotected by town ordinances.
- Due to underlying soil conditions, septic system failures have been reported in areas near the border with York, ME, an area considered as high-value for land conservation, and one also facing development pressure.

## PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES (FISCAL CAPACITY)

- Kittery's population has been relatively stable over the past couple of decades, with a slight tendency towards declining, evident since 1970. An increase in the Town's population could affect the facilities and services needed.
- residents age 55 to 64 increased by sixty-five percent (65%), and the number of elderly residents is expected to continue to increase.
- Kittery has adequate to very good public buildings, has done a
  fairly good job at maintaining its public buildings and with few
  exceptions there is adequate space to serve the existing
  population as well as any predictable (slight) future increase.

- There is an adequate amount of public meeting space available at the Town Hall, the public schools, the Library and the Community Center.
- The Kittery School Department operates three school buildings, and currently the schools can comfortably accommodate enrollments with additional capacity for any future increases in the student population.
- The Rice Public Library, Kittery Community Center, Town Hall, public piers, and possible public gathering spots in the Foreside are important to maintain and enhance towards this end.
- Kittery has a variety of indoor and outdoor recreational resources including The Kittery Community Center, 4 public piers, parks, beaches, conservation lands, playgrounds and athletic fields.
- An increasing awareness regarding healthy living has resulted in more people interested in making fitness a part of everyday life. This results in a higher demand for recreation, both passive and active, for all ages.
- As the population ages, it will become important to provide more services geared to elderly residents.
- The Police Station facility is more than adequate to meet current and future needs in terms of space, but the Department may need to add staff to reflect the large day-

- time population which includes tourists (seasonal), shoppers (outlets), and employees (PNS).
- As it becomes increasingly difficult to recruit volunteers, the Fire Department should consider strategies such as regionalization, establishing a partial professional fire fighting staff, among other strategies.
- The Rice Library, a beautiful historic building, has experienced an increase in usage over the past years while simultaneously facing space shortages and other obstacles to efficient functioning. A decision must be made regarding how to modernize the Rice Library either by constructing an addition to the existing building or by creating a new facility on another site.
- The demise of printed media combined with the lack of a local newspaper has resulted in the reliance and high usage of cable TV, social media and community bulletin boards for communication.
- Kittery's economy has a strong relationship with the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard.
- It will be important to guide development, both residential and commercial, to desired locations through the provision of utilities and services.
- While Kittery has taken steps to be mindful of the environment, it is important to be more proactive regarding

- the implementation of sustainability measures, especially with regard to sea level rise and climate adaptation.
- Kittery is currently in sound fiscal health.
- The Town needs to consider ways to increase its local valuation so that it can maintain its public facilities and continue to provide services at the current level.

#### LAND USE

- Since the completion of the 1999 Comprehensive Plan, 74
  percent of residential development occurred in the Rural and
  Rural Conservation zoning districts.
- Kittery's current zoning code does not lead to the desired development and preservation outcomes as stated in the 1999 Comprehensive Plan, and are in some cases the code does not support the goals of this Comprehensive Plan process.
- The Business Park zoning district is envisioned to create a
   "high quality park-like setting for both businesses and
   residents," but the zoning performance standards make that
   vision very challenging to accomplish.
- The Mixed Use district along the northern segment of Route 1 has similar challenges to the Business Park District with respect to creating a true mix of uses.

- Current use restrictions, performance standards, and dimensional requirements in certain zoning districts do not match with the purpose statement of the district.
- While the Outlet Malls are currently a viable tax generating commercial use in Kittery, questions have been asked throughout the Comprehensive Plan process about their long-term viability and potential need for future adaptation if the retail market changes.
- The Foreside is arguable one of Kittery's most successful development areas, and one of its most beloved. The mix of walkable retail, restaurants, small businesses, and residences provides the quintessential New England character to this part of Kittery. However, there are challenges with balancing economic development, housing demand, and building design that is attractive and similar in character with existing buildings.
- Contrary to what the 1999 Comprehensive Plan called for, the majority of residential development constructed after 1999 is located north of Spruce Creek on the east and west sides of Route 1. Residents still share the same vision of maintaining as much open space as possible north of the Creek, while minimizing the impact of new development.

#### COASTAL RESILIANCE

• Average annual temperature across Maine warmed by about 3 degrees F (1.7 degrees C) between 1895 and 2014.

- Models predicting future climate change developed by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) predict that annual temperature will increase another 3 – 5 degrees F (1.7-2.8 degrees C) across Maine between 2015 and 2050.
- Changes in temperature affect our experience, changing the length and character of each season.
- Climate change models predict that the warm season (defined as when average daily temperature is above freezing) will increase by an additional 2 weeks over the next 50 years.
- As Maine's summers become warmer and longer, the number of excessively hot and humid days when heat indices rise above 95 degrees F (35 degrees C) are likely to increase.
- The incidence of Lyme disease and other insect-born diseases is on the rise.
- Changing climate is putting wildlife at risk. Vulnerable species include moose.
- A significant increase in extreme precipitation events (more frequent and intense storms) has been observed across Maine, especially in coastal communities.
- The total amount of accumulated snow is predicted to decline, however, extreme snowfall events with significant accumulations (strong nor'easters) are likely to increase in frequency.

- The impact from intense storms may result in costly repairs to roads and infrastructure.
- Intense rain storms can sometimes lead to storm water runoff which may carry pollutants that could affect pollution levels of lakes and streams
- Longer growing seasons, extreme precipitation events and greater variability in the weather offer both opportunities and challenges to Maine's farmers.
- The longer summers may represent an opportunity for residents to enjoy warm weather activities for longer, but simultaneously the excessively hot days pose a public health hazard especially to the young and elderly.
- The unreliability of winter weather means that seasonal events and activities, many linked to local economies, are often negatively affected.
- Changes in the temperature and acidification of the ocean's water is affecting marine species habitat. These changes are expected to continue to affect the fishing industry.
- Flood zones have moved inland as a result of larger and more frequent storms. Increased frequency of flooding poses a threat to property and potential harm to humans.

#### **COMPREHENSIVE PLAN GOALS AND OBJECTIVES**

The foregoing vision and assessment of existing conditions resulted in following nine goals and accompanying objectives that form the core of the Implementation Plan that follows.

## 1. HISTORIC, CULTURAL, AND ARCHAEOLOGY RESOURCES GOAL

TO PROTECT THE TOWN'S CHARACTER BY PRESERVING AND PROTECTING HISTORIC FEATURES AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES, AND PROMOTING AN AWARENESS OF THE TOWN'S UNIQUE HISTORY AND CULTURE

**Objective 1.1.** Protect historic and archaeological resources **Objective 1.2.** Promote Kittery's history **Objective 1.3.** Support and nurture Kittery's community of working artists

## 2. NATURAL RESOURCES, OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION GOAL

TO PROTECT KITTERY'S NATURAL RESOURCES INCLUDING WATERSHED, FRESH WATER, WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS, AGRICULTURAL LANDS, FOREST RESOURCES, OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION

**Objective 2.1.** Protect and preserve critical open spaces for passive recreation, visual impact and preservation of wildlife

habitats, coastal (saltwater) wetlands, freshwater wetlands, and vernal pools

Objective 2.2. Increase opportunities for recreation

#### 3. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT GOAL:

TO SUPPORT DESIRABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, BALANCE THE RELATIONSHIP WITH THE PORTSMOUTH NAVAL SHIPYARD, AND INCREASE THE TOWN'S TAX BASE WHILE ALSO PROVIDING LOCAL JOBS.

**Objective 3.1.** Attract and retain businesses to sustain the vibrant center at foreside that provides residents and visitors with places to go and spaces to gather

Objective 3.2. Continue to promote economic development in areas already identified by the town

**Objective 3.3.** Develop guidelines for the future development of the Route 1 Corridor into a mixed-use pedestrian-oriented area **Objective 3.4.** Support and maintenance of existing jobs and the creation of jobs for a variety of skills sets and range of salaries **Objective 3.5.** Attract new businesses to the business park

#### 4. HOUSING GOAL:

TO PROVIDE A RANGE OF HOUSING TYPES TO MEET THE NEEDS OF INDIVIDUALS THROUGHOUT THEIR LIFECYCLE AND TO SUPPORT RESIDENTS WITH A RANGE OF INCOMES

**Objective 4.1.** Attract young people and retain residents with a variety of incomes

Objective 4.2. Support elderly residents' ability to age in place

#### 5. TRANSPORTATION GOAL:

TO IMPROVE SAFETY AND EASE OF GETTING AROUND TOWN AND BETTER CONNECT THE "PIECES" OF KITTERY. PROVIDE ALTERNATIVES TO AUTOMOBILE TRAVEL WITH SAFE AND PLEASANT BIKE ACCOMMODATIONS AND WALKING PATHS.

Objective 5.1. Address traffic safety and congestion

**Objective 5.2.** Make walking and biking safe and pleasant

**Objective 5.3.** Explore ways of providing non-vehicular modes of transportation

**Objective 5.4.** Explore ways of increasing parking options

#### 6. MARINE RESOURCES GOAL:

To protect the town's coastline, the working waterfront, and ENSURE APPROPRIATE access to and enjoyment of the water while protecting it from environmental impacts

STATE OF MAINE GOAL: To protect the State's marine resources industry, ports and harbors from incompatible development and to promote access to the shore for commercial fishermen and the public.

**Objective 6.1.** Increase access to the waterfront

**Objective 6.2.** Promote working waterfront

Objective 6.3. Protect marine resources

## 7. TOWN GOVERNANCE, PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES GOAL:

## TO IMPROVE TOWN GOVERNANCE AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES; INCREASE FISCAL CAPACITY RESPONSIBLY

**Objective 7.1.** Improve Town governance and its ability to adapt to change

Objective 7.2. Maintain and improve municipal facilities

Objective 7.3. Provide adequate municipal services

Objective 7.4. Maintain and responsibly increase fiscal capacity

#### 8. LAND USE GOAL:

### ENSURE THAT THE TOWN'S REGULATIONS SUPPORT DESIRED LAND USES.

**Objective 8.1.** Update Town Code and apply land use regulations to guide desirable development in appropriate locations

**Objective 8.2.** Protect the area north of Spruce Creek

**Objective 8.3.** Sustain and build upon the vitality of the Foreside District

Objective 8.4. Protect the working waterfront

**Objective 8.5.** Support creative and viable redevelopment of the Route 1 Corridor (Outlet mall area and Rt. 1 By-pass)

**Objective 8.6.** Explore feasibility of development in the business park

#### 9. COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE GOAL:

Establish short, medium and long term plans to address the effects of climate change, including increased storm frequency and strength, coastal erosion and rising ocean levels, and transition of both public and private energy consumption to low and zero impact methods

**Objective 9.1.** Establish plans to address the effects of climate change.

**Objective 9.2.** Reduce energy consumption and transition to low and zero impact methods.

**Objective 9.3.** Provide education and incentives to protect the environment and improve quality of life.



View from Fort McClary State Park

# SECTION 2: RECOMMENDATIONS



Kittery Comprehensive Plan 2015-2025

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## INTRODUCTION TO PLAN RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **OVERVIEW**

At the first meeting with the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee, we asked the members what they would consider to be a successful outcome of the planning process. In different words, all those seated around the table said the same thing – that they would consider the Plan a success if it was able to engage residents to identify their shared values and then to forge enough consensus so that the Plan could be carried forward to implementation.

In the end, the success of any plan will depend on its feasibility, the capacity for the Town to implement and the support town officials and others have moving forward. The implementation plan collates the recommendations and presents them in a format that is useful and useable by those charged with taking action. An attempt is made to assign priorities to strategies with the recognition that these may change due to unforeseen challenges, opportunities or other factors. Therefore, these priorities should be revisited and adjusted as the Town moves forward.

Due to the fact that there may be some disagreement among residents regarding the degree to which government should

manage and be involved in what some see as the jurisdiction of private decision-making, it may take time to gain consensus on some of the recommendations that require local government

This chapter is comprised of the following sections:

#### INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

- Overview
- Goals
- State of Maine: Growth Management
- Implementation Tools and Capacity
- Regional Cooperation
- Three Best Practice Planning Principles
- Top 25 Key Recommendations
- Concept Map
- List of Ripe Apples (Low Hanging Fruit)

action. This, in combination with the fact that Kittery is a small town with limited resources may mean that some of the recommendations may take more time to implement than may be desired. In this case, we recommend patient, perseverance and above all a continuation of the community conversation. This Plan continues to promote the main theme of the 1999/2000 Comprehensive Plan, that is that "The guiding principle of the Town's effort to manage land should be to encourage a development pattern that maintains the historical pattern of a built-up center, traditional moderate density neighborhoods, and open outlying areas. To facilitate this pattern, the Town should focus on directing development to vacant or underutilized areas within the built-up area

that are served or can be served by public water and sewer service or to designated areas on the fringe of the built-up area where public water and sewer service is or can be provided and on directing development away from areas with natural constraints for development, undeveloped shorefront areas, and areas in which public services are not available."

Coming to consensus about a desired future and then being proactive and assembling useful tools for the implementation of the identified action steps are critical for the viability of a Comprehensive Plan.

#### **GOALS**

The following is the Implementation Plan for the Comprehensive Plan. It represents the core of the Plan and is organized around the TOPIC AREAS and GOALS listed in the text box on the next page.

The recommendations were developed based on significant public input and articulate the objectives of the shared vision expressed by the hundreds of Kittery residents, town officials, and business owners that participated in this comprehensive planning process. The recommendations also reflect best practice and address state requirements. They also incorporate relevant strategies from the previous Comprehensive Plan (1999).

This implementation plan is a road map for the future. This section is a comprehensive long-range set of guidelines that sets the direction for development and future growth of the Town of Kittery. The information contained in this chapter is intended to

#### **GOALS**

To protect the town's character by preserving and protecting HISTORIC FEATURES, AND CULTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES and promoting an awareness of the Town's unique history.

To protect Kittery's NATURAL RESOURCES including watershed, fresh water, wetlands and vernal pools, agricultural and forest resources, open space and recreation.

To support desirable ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, reduce dependence on Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, and increase the Town's tax base while also providing local jobs.

To provide a range of HOUSING types to meet the needs of individuals throughout the lifecycle and to support residents with a diversity of incomes.

To improve safety and ease of GETTING AROUND TOWN and better connect the "pieces" of Kittery. Also provide safe and pleasant alternatives to automobile travel with safe and pleasant bike and walking paths.

To protect the Town's COASTLINE, the working waterfront, and ensure appropriate access and enjoyment of the water while protecting it from environmental impacts.

To improve TOWN GOVERNANCE. Provide quality MUNICIPAL FACILITIES and SERVICES

To ensure that regulations support the desired LAND USES.

To establish short, medium and long term plans to address the effects of climate change for COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE, and to transition to low and zero impact energy methods

guide decisions with regard to land use and other related issues in a manner compatible with the Town's character.

Under each goal, a series of objectives provides more detail regarding aspects of these. For each policy directive, a number of strategies are listed outlining the HOW to achieve each of these. At the end of the section, **Implementation Tables** provide additional guidance, including ideas regarding action steps and existing resources.

The Tables present strategies and action steps phased to help achieve the goals and objectives. For each of these, a LEAD is identified whose responsibility includes inviting PARTNERS (both those listed as well as others that my become relevant) to initiate action.

The direction set by the vision and goals developed with input from the public and the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee are also intended to inform the Town's zoning which must be reviewed with a critical eye as to whether or not it aligns with these objectives. Each regulatory change as well as expenditures identified in the recommendations will require further discussion and review by the public and a vote by Town Council. Therefore, the recommendations are only intended to provide the starting point for these discussions and in some cases will require further study, public input, and additional exploration of potential action steps.

Critical to the implementation of the Plan is the establishment of a COMPREHENSIVE PLAN MONITORING PROCESS led by the Town Manager with the purpose of keeping the Plan up to date and providing a "status update" in an annual basis, reporting on

progress and on potential obstacles, providing an opportunity to discuss possible ways of overcoming these.

#### STATE OF MAINE: GROWTH MANAGEMENT

Article 1 of the State's Title 30-A Planning and Land Use Regulations Growth Management Program¹ lists the purpose and goals of the Comprehensive Plan's implementation program. See the Appendix for the State of Maine's Growth Management Act Comprehensive Review Criteria for each topic area. The implementation section addresses these in full.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://legislature.maine.gov/statutes/30-a/title30-Asec4312.html

The State Planning Office identifies three reasons to create a Comprehensive Plan consistent with Maine's Growth Management Act; these are<sup>2</sup>:

- 1. Legal Protection for the Town's ordinances.
- 2. To qualify for certain state grant and loan programs; examples include:
  - Community Development Block Grants
  - Land for Maine's Future
  - Municipal Investment Trust Fund
  - DEP 319(h) Non-Point Source Protection Grants
  - DEP State Revolving Loan Fund
  - SPO Plan Implementation Grants
  - Land and Water Conservation Fund
- 3. "Good planning makes good communities"
  - a. Sustain rural living and vibrant village centers
  - b. preserve healthy landscape and walkable communities
  - c. balance economic prosperity with quality of life
  - d. protect working waterfronts and community farms
  - e. develop discussion among neighbors
  - f. develop a basis for sound decisions in town management

## Title 30-A State of Maine: Growth Management Program

- Establish, in each municipality of the State, local comprehensive planning and land use management
- Encourage municipalities to identify the tools and resources to effectively plan for and manage future development within their jurisdictions with a maximum of local initiative and flexibility
- Encourage local land use ordinances, tools and policies based on local comprehensive plans
- Incorporate regional considerations into local planning and decision making so as to ensure consideration of regional needs and the regional impact of development;
- Provide for continued direct state regulation of development proposals that occur in areas of statewide concern, that directly impact natural resources of statewide significance or that by their scale or nature otherwise affect vital state interests
- Encourage the widest possible involvement by the citizens of each municipality in all aspects of the planning and implementation process, in order to ensure that the plans developed by municipalities have had the benefit of citizen input; and
- Encourage the development and implementation of multimunicipal growth management programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://maine.gov/dacf/municipalplanning/docs/reasonsforcompplan.pdf

#### **IMPLEMENTATION: TOOLS AND CAPACITY**

The following is a list and discussion of the Implementation Tools recommended for the Town of Kittery to achieve its vision and set of goals developed to form the basis of the Comprehensive Plan.

- Hire Additional Staff
- Additional Committees, Boards & Committees
- Recruit Volunteers
- Obtain Funding
- Revise Zoning and Adopt New Tools
- Keeping the Plan Up-to-Date
- Regional Cooperation

#### HIRE ADDITIONAL STAFF

The Plan recommends hiring of additional staff to help with implementation and meeting the Plan objectives; these include the following:

**Police** – There may be a need to hire additional officers to reflect the daytime census of people in Kittery to include employees at the PNS, shoppers at the Outlets, and visitors especially in the summer months.

**Fire** – Consider transitioning to a fulltime career Fire Department.

Additionally, according to the State of Maine's Growth Management Act only communities that adopt a consistent comprehensive plan can...

- Enact legitimate zoning\*, impact fee, and rate of growth ordinances
- Require state agencies to comply with local zoning standards
- Qualify for preferred status with many state competitive grant programs
- Guide state growth-related capital investment towards locally-chosen growth areas
- Qualify for Site Location of Development Act exemptions for certain growth-area developments;
- Qualify for relaxed MaineDOT traffic permit standards for certain growth-area developments;
- Qualify for authority to issue Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) permits; and
- Qualify for authority to issue Site Location of Development Act permits.

Consider hiring a full or part-time **Economic Development** Officer or Planner to work with the Planning Department and can serve as a liaison to the business community.

<sup>\*</sup> Exceptions apply for certain shoreland zoning, adult entertainment, and floodplain management ordinances.

Consider hiring a **Grant Writer** can help to stay abreast of available funding.

## ADDITIONAL COMMITTEES, BOARDS, AND COMMISSIONS

One way to increase capacity is to form Committees, Boards and/or Commissions charged with implementing specific aspects of the Comprehensive Plan. The purpose of these Committees is made clear in the Implementation Plan. Additional Committees, Boards, and other organizations recommended to help implement the strategies in the Plan include the following:

- Historic Preservation Commission
- Transportation Advisory Committee
- Housing Committee
- Climate Adaptation Committee
- Energy Advisory Committee (revive)
- Chauncy Creek Watershed Association

#### **RECRUIT VOLUNTEERS**

A concerted effort needs to be made to attract more and new individuals to volunteer on various committees and in other ways to work towards making some of the desired improvements. Additionally, it is important that volunteers be recruited from all segments of the town's population.

Develop clear messaging regarding what the Boards and Committees do, including roles and expectations and information regarding opportunities and benefits of participation in Town governance.

#### **OBTAIN FUNDING**

Many of the Plan's recommendations will require funding. It is also recommended that funds be raised for desired improvements by increasing the commercial tax base. This may be accomplished by providing incentives for additional commercial development and/or expanding the existing commercial districts. Additional sources of funding must be explored in order to fund desired improvements. There may be State funding available for some of the action items. Some of these potential funding sources are identified in the Implementation Table.

#### REVISE ZONING AND ADOPT NEW TOOLS

The Town Code should be reviewed and revised to reflect the Future Land Use Plan (as presented in this Comprehensive Plan). The review is also an opportunity to ensure clarity, ease of use, consistency with state regulations. Additionally, it is recommended that the following be considered:

- Consider reducing the number of sub-zoning categories to reflect existing and desired uses
- Review and revise Town Code to address potential impacts of sea level rise and climate adaptation

- Review and revise the Cluster Development requirements to encourage use of this provision of the Code
- Consider adopting an Adaptive Reuse Ordinance to encourage reuse of existing buildings
- Consider adoption of an Inclusionary Housing Ordinance, adjustments to the Accessory Dwelling Unit ordinance, and the adoption of regulations related to alternative housing types- all in order to encourage the creation of affordable housing units
- Explore feasibility of a Transfer of Development Rights ordinance
- Consider adopting contract zoning to encourage specific type of development on particular parcels.
- Review and revise the dimensional standards in the mixeduse cluster provision so as to encourage developers to use it.
- Consider Town policy changes that encourage the use of renewable energy sources.

#### Preserving Kittery's town character

Preserving the unique historical, cultural, and natural resources in Kittery is a critical component to maintaining the Town's character. Currently, the Town has very few options for identifying and preserving the historical, archeological, and cultural assets that

exist. Many of these features are discussed in the Historical and Cultural Resources chapter of the Comprehensive Plan, but many of the actions relate back to land use and zoning regulations.

- Use the Comprehensive Plan and Future Land Use Map as a guide for encouraging new development in identified locations, while protecting open spaces, agricultural land, and natural and historical resources.
- Identify regulations that can be amended or added to the Town's land use code that will further the preservation and protection of historic resources, with input from the Planning Board and other stakeholders. If an Historic Commission is established and the town becomes a certified local government, amend the zoning to include an historic preservation ordinance.

#### FUTURE LAND USE: TWO LAND USE DESIGNATIONS

The Future Land Use Map designates two land use categories.

#### **GROWTH AREAS**

- 75% or more of future non-residential growth is expected
- areas that are or can relatively easily be served by public facilities and services
- are accessible by a variety of modes of transportation
- promote more compact and denser pattern of development
- where there is existing development

#### LIMITED GROWTH AREAS

- include land with significant resource constraints to development or use
- areas with important agriculture or commercial forestry use
- areas that lack public utilities and/or are distant from public service
- land that is unsuitable for intense development
- intensive development is discouraged
- protection of rural characteristics priority

#### **Neighborhood Conservation Overlay Areas**

- infill projects that fill out existing neighborhood
- smaller scale development that is in keeping with character of specific context

The three Neighborhood Conservation Areas are:

- Foreside
- Kittery Point
- Admiralty Village

Refer to Topic Area #8 for a more complete discussion of future land use, and to the map on the following page.

#### KEEPING THE PLAN UP-TO-DATE

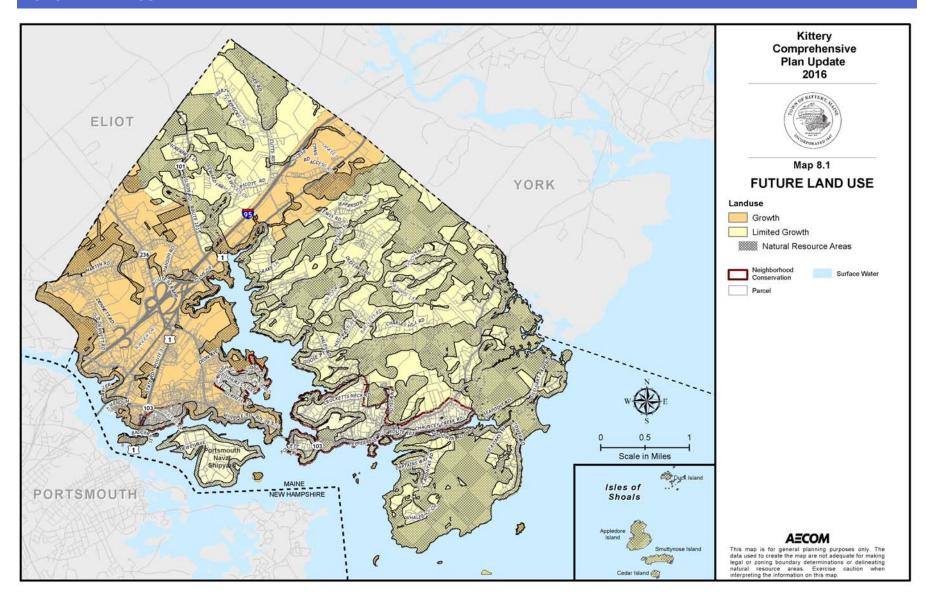
Generally speaking, municipalities complete a new Comprehensive Plan every 20 years or so. The Comprehensive Plan should be updated or new plan developed, approximately every 10 years. **ESTABLISH PROCESS TO MONITOR PROGRESS.** The Committee seriously considered recommending the formation of an implementation committee, or in the alternative, in consultation with the Town Manager and Council, creation of a structured process involving the Council, Boards, and Department Heads to periodically (on an annual or biannual basis) monitor, support and report on progress of implementation.

ANNUAL EVALUATION OF IMPLEMENTATION: The Town Manager should hold an **annual Summit Meeting** with representatives of existing boards, committees and the Town Council to report on the "State of the Plan" and to discuss progress, hurdles and action plans. The Town Manager should invite all Town Departments, Boards and Committees to an annual Summit Meeting where a "State of the Plan" address would be made to the Planning Board and Town Council and all participants could report on progress and any obstacles to progress they may encounter.

The Evaluation should include a review of the following:

- The degree to which future land use plan strategies have been implemented
- Percent of municipal growth-related capital investments in growth areas
- Location and amount of new development in relation to community's designated growth areas, rural areas, and transition areas (if applicable)
- Amount of critical natural resource, critical rural, and critical waterfront areas protected through acquisition, easements, or other measures.

#### **FUTURE LAND USE IN KITTERY**



#### **REGIONAL COOPERATION**

Another way of increasing the capacity to implement a municipality's goals and objectives is through the collaboration with surrounding communities. Regional cooperation is desirable for a number of ways including sharing resources, increasing efficiency and improving the ability to tackle issues that are regional in nature. This section summarizes on-going efforts at regional cooperation and identifies future opportunities to do so.

As the southernmost coastal municipality in Maine, Kittery functions as the link between New Hampshire as the southern gateway to the entire State. Kittery is a home rule municipality governed by a Town Charter. Its local government, businesses, and residents, regularly work with neighboring communities to deliver services, manage natural resources and address economic needs.

The town's location on the Piscataqua River across from Portsmouth has meant that early in its history Kittery has had strong ties to the sea, to fishing, and to shipbuilding. This relationship remains today. Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, a major submarine repair and refueling facility on Seavey Island in Kittery is a continuation of this heritage.

Geographically and economically, Kittery is strongly tied to the Greater Portsmouth economy. The U.S. Census Bureau as the Portsmouth Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) identifies this area. More than 3,000 residents routinely commute outside the town for employment. In addition, its proximity to "tax-free" New Hampshire helps shape much of its local economy as retailers of items such as electronics, appliances and furniture reportedly rarely



locate in town. Many residents travel across the river for shopping, services, and entertainment.

At the same time, Kittery has served as a major employment center largely at the Shipyard. More than 6,000 workers commute in Kittery daily from a broad region extending into Massachusetts, New Hampshire and north and west into Maine.

Kittery also functions as the tourist and principle economic gateway to Maine. With both I-95 (the Maine Turnpike) and U.S. Route One entering Maine in Kittery, the town has long played a role in

welcoming and servicing both the commercial traveler and the tourist. Over the past couple of decades, this role has been greatly changed and expanded with the development of the factory outlet centers along Route One. The Maine Turnpike Authority projects more than 1.1 billion travelers will cross the I-95 in the next decade<sup>3</sup>.

#### REGIONAL SHARED RESOURCES AND FACILITIES

When working on the previous Comprehensive Plan, the Committee was able to review several documents including those prepared by the Southern Maine Regional Planning Commission (SMRPC) to understand what the regional goals were and how Kittery could play a role. The SMRPC was contacted and unfortunately these documents have not been updated, therefore, such a review is not possible.

The Committee working on this Comprehensive Plan determined that Kittery should continue to work with neighboring communities to address both common service needs and issues that transcend individual boundaries. Many of the actions listed below are ongoing efforts also identified in the 1999/2000 Comprehensive Plan.

#### **Climate Adaptation and Preparedness**

It is strongly recommended that Kittery join the regional coalition of surrounding coastal communities (New England Climate Adaptation Project) to work together around issues of sea level rise. Also Kittery should access State resources to help with this effort. For example, the State of Maine has developed a Debris Management

Plan that establishes the necessary framework to prepare for and respond to State and local disaster events that generate disaster debris<sup>4</sup>.

It is also recommended that Kittery develop a regional approach to addressing the potential impacts of climate change by collaborating with neighboring communities to among other things:

- Monitor wildlife in specific locations
- Collaborate on control of invasive plant and animal species
- Standardize review and controls for shorelands and structures and activities affected by sea level rise

#### **Energy Consumption**

It is recommended that Kittery collaborate with area towns to develop renewable and sustainable energy sources, technologies, etc. with the goal of transitioning to low and zero impact energy sources.

#### **Transportation Planning**

Transportation networks are by definition regional and so making improvements should be approached on a regional basis when possible and appropriate or relevant, including:

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  from Town of Kittery, Comprehensive Plan 2015-2025 Draft

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Maine Emergency Management Agency, The Comprehensive Debris Management Plan, Feb. 21, 2014, https://app.box.com/s/owxgplpwj6q8c8jx1x5zhcnsdicmkawq/1/7950557617/66189138813/1

- Mass Transit Service. There currently is no scheduled bus service in Kittery. Past efforts to establish service have not been supported. However, changing employment patterns with the privatization of shipyard facilities, trolley service at the malls, and changing patterns of transportation may result in growing interest in trying to establish local bus service on a limited basis. The Town should support regional efforts to explore the need for bus service and possible regional approaches to meeting this need.
- Coordinate Community and Regional Needs. Coordinate
  efforts to improve safety, efficiency and optimal use of the
  regional transportation system. Actively participate in the
  regional and state transportation and land use planning
  efforts including KACTS, KEYS Coalition, and other regional
  transportation-oriented groups.
- Regional Bicycle Routes. The Town of Kittery has actively supported the development of the Eastern Trail as a regional bike path. The Town should continue to work with other municipalities, KACTS, and RTAC to develop a coordinated system of bicycle routes within the Portsmouth and southern Maine area.
- Boat Taxis. Explore opportunities for water-based visitation to Kittery, such as a water-taxi from Portsmouth, and to provide a docking location for existing boat trips (such as the various harbor tours) to drop off visitors in Kittery. This would need to be coordinated with the City of Portsmouth.

#### **Open Space Planning**

The Town should work cooperatively with adjacent communities, private conservation organizations, and the Southern Maine Regional Planning Commission to develop a regional open space plan that links open spaces in the individual communities into a regional system with connections as appropriate.

#### **Affordable Housing Initiatives**

Because of the diversity of the community's housing stock, there is concern that Kittery could become the only community with a reasonable supply of affordable housing in the region. Kittery should take the initiative to promote a regional approach to assuring that there is an adequate supply of affordable housing in southern Maine and that each community does its fair share in meeting this need.

Seek ways to work with surrounding communities (including South Berwick, York and Eliot) and relevant non-profit groups to address regional affordable housing needs. This could include applying for grant funding for the study of regional affordable housing issues and/or for specific affordable housing initiatives. Examine the potential benefits of establishing a regional housing authority to serve the mutual needs of the neighboring communities (York, Eliot and South Berwick). This might be especially helpful in efforts aimed at addressing housing needs for seniors.

#### **Intra-local Agreement**

Kittery and area legislators were instrumental in the 2011 passage of LD433, an act to permit New Hampshire employees to exempt

income derived for services to Maine municipalities under a formal intra-local agreement, as long as Maine towns do not use such agreement to replace Maine jobs. The act enables cross border access to an occasional temporary need for specialized services, as well as other opportunities otherwise unavailable.

#### **Natural Resources**

It is recommended that the following regional efforts are continued and/or initiated with regard to the preservation of the area's natural resources:

- The watersheds of a number of Kittery water bodies extend into Eliot and York. Sound watershed management requires that the entire geographic area of the watershed be addressed. The Town should continue to work with the Town of Eliot to manage development in the Spruce Creek watershed to allow improvement in the estuary's water quality and initiate efforts to work with the adjacent community on joint watershed management for the other water bodies.
- Continue to explore ways to work with its neighboring communities on improvements necessary to comply with emerging stormwater standards
- Continue and seek to increase involvement in conservation initiatives, including, but not limited to, the efforts of the Rachel Carson preserve, Maine Heritage Trust, and the Mt. Agamenticus- to-the- Sea conservation initiative

- Work with the Public Works and Sewer Departments, the Kittery Water District, Conservation Commission, Shellfish Commission, and the NGO Spruce Creek Association to improve the Spruce Creek Watershed and regional efforts to protect the quality of and access to the Piscataqua River.
- Coordinate efforts with Kittery Water District and surrounding towns, monitor land use issues and impacts concerning the regional water supply.
- Cooperate with neighboring communities and regional/local advocacy groups to protect water resources.

#### **Agricultural and Forest Resources**

- Encourage opportunities for farms and communitysupported agriculture in Kittery and participation in a regional farmers market in collaboration with surrounding towns.
- Support the efforts of the numerous conservation organizations working in southern Maine of the St.
   Agamenticus to the Sea Conservation Initiative to protect and promote greater understanding of the geographical and biological interconnections within the Mt. A region.

#### Recreation

Many of Kittery's recreational resources are enjoyed by a large number of non-residents, people from surrounding towns and from farther afield. These include the following: Kittery Community

Center offers programming to non-Kittery residents, Fort McClary, Fort Foster, Isles of Shoals Moorings<sup>5</sup>, Town Forest, Rachel Carson National Wildlife Refuge, beaches and walking trails.

An opportunity exists to connect Kittery's walking trails to adjacent trails to form a more complete network of trails. The Southern Maine Regional Planning Commission recently completed a study for Developing An Integrated Trail System in York County.<sup>6</sup>

#### **Economic Development**

Kittery should continue to explore ways of working regionally to attract businesses, create jobs, and increase economic vitality in Town. It is proposed that the Town of Kittery:

- Continue to examine opportunities to work with surrounding towns on regional economic development strategies which result in the sharing of both costs and benefits in potential projects and services.
- Continue to participate, via the Economic Development Committee, in regional development organizations such as, but not limited to SMEDD and the Greater York and Portsmouth Chambers of Commerce

- Be an active member in the Southern Maine Economic Development District (SMEDD) that includes towns in both York and Cumberland Counties. SMEDD offers local businesses access to revolving loan funds and technical assistance that are not available through other sources. It also has the potential to spearhead regional solutions to economic issues
- Engage in the effort (with Eliot, York, South Berwick, North Berwick and Wells and funded through a community development block grant) to examine possible areas of municipal cooperation in economic development, public facilities and services and, possibly, other ventures as well
- Together with area towns, explore the possibility of state legislation that would allow municipalities to retain a portion of the State sales tax collected by businesses in the community or impose a local sales tax option to be retained by the municipality to help mitigate impacts

#### **Public Facilities and Services**

It is recommended that the following regional efforts are continued and/or initiated with regard to Public Facilities and Services:

- Joint dispatch for fire and police will continue and will be expanded to include Eliot, Berwick, and South Berwick.
- The Kittery Fire Department has signed mutual aid agreements with surrounding cities and towns and is very active in the Seacoast Chief Fire Officers Association – A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Gosport Harbor at the Isles of Shoals is bisected by the Maine - New Hampshire state line. Moorings are located on both sides of the boundary and the number has been increasing in recent years. To avoid conflicts, the Kittery Port Authority works with the New Hampshire Port Authority to coordinate the number and placement of moorings in Gosport Harbor.

<sup>6</sup> <a href="http://www.smrpc.org/images/Projects/Trails/Developing\_an\_Integrated\_Trail\_System\_in\_York\_County.pdf">http://www.smrpc.org/images/Projects/Trails/Developing\_an\_Integrated\_Trail\_System\_in\_York\_County.pdf</a>

Mutual Aid District. Agreements also exist with the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard for automatic mutual aid and discussion in on-going with the towns of York and Eliot to establish automatic mutual aid between the three towns.

- Expand regional cooperation in waste reduction and recycling (e.g. consider regionalizing recycling with the Town of Eliot)
- Consider consolidating water supplies with York Water District
- Consider connection to South Berwick Water District
- Continue to upgrade town GIS mapping capabilities and maintain the latest environmental and natural resource information supplied to the town by state, federal and regional agencies
- Continue to work with surrounding communities, and to the extent that is feasible, develop a mutually beneficial regional approach to the provision of services.
- Southern Maine Planning and Development Commission's Cooperative Purchasing Program provides the region's municipalities, non-profit agencies, and school districts a way to save money and time for municipal services and products. As a group; working in conjunction with Greater Portland Council of Governments (GPCOG), municipalities, non-profit agencies, and school districts use collective buying power to reduce prices on everyday supplies and

seasonal services, and at the same time, reduce administrative costs<sup>7</sup>.

#### CONSISTENCY WITH REGIONAL GOALS

Kittery's goals and objectives or policies set forth in this plan compare favorably to the regional policies, especially those in neighboring communities due to information exchange and collaboration with those municipalities. No conflicts are apparent with any neighboring community policy. Should any surface during implementation of this program, Kittery will coordinate a resolution with such community.

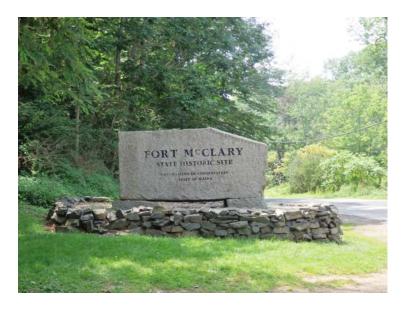
Representatives from the Town should regularly participate in multi-town, regional and state-wide organizations and events that address issues that affect the local government and the community. Kittery should be a member of such organizations, communicate with them on a regular basis and attend any relevant events.

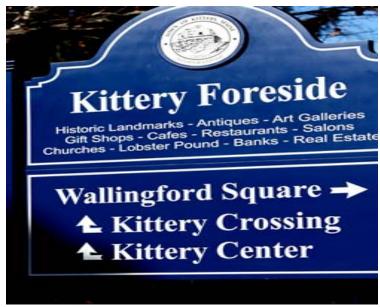
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> SMRPC Cooperative Purchasing Program, see: http://www.smrpc.org/index.php/cooperative-purchasing

Coordinate land use strategies with other local and regional land use planning efforts where appropriate. Meet with neighboring communities to coordinate land use designations and regulatory and non-regulatory land use strategies. Be aware of regional planning efforts.



Representing the future we are planning for, one of the youngest participants at the public forum on May 12, 2016 says he likes "looking at the lights at night on the bridge."





#### THREE BEST PRACTICE PLANNING PRINCIPLES

New policy initiatives included in the Comprehensive Plan or in Kittery's Town Code strive to be grounded in principles of sustainability. Broadly, sustainability is a concept that recognizes the **interrelatedness** of the energy, environmental, economic development, and civic health of the Town, and the importance of ensuring that future generations can enjoy the resources that exist in Kittery today. These are understood further by thinking about the following three main principles:

- Environmental Stewardship
- Economic & Social Vitality
- Health & Wellness

Environmental Stewardship: Recommendations help Kittery to prepare for climate change, sea level rise, and preserve wildlife habitat, thus supporting a long-term sustainable future and stewardship of natural resources, including land preservation.

- Do recommendations promote the use of renewable energy sources throughout Town?
- Do they promote sustainable land use patterns?
- Are there recommendations regarding how the Town can lead by example including ways in which municipal facilities and services can be more environmentally- sensitive?
- Are there recommendations regarding how the Town can encourage private property owners to adopt more sustainable measures?

Health and Wellness: The Plan should promote the health and wellness of Kittery's residents and of the community as a whole.

- Do recommendations promote the health and wellness of the people who live, work and play in Kittery?
- Do they support the health of the community as a whole?
- Do they provide opportunities for fitness as a part of everyday life, healthy lifestyle choices, support the recreational needs of all ages, opportunities for life-long learning and the building of social capital?
- Do they support the creation of safe and accessible public spaces for various ages and abilities?
- Are there recommendations that address the specific needs of different age groups (especially those of youth and of the elderly)?

Economic and Social Vitality: The Plan should support the long-term economic and social vitality of Kittery.

- Do the recommendations promote the Kittery's ability to support a diverse community?
- Do they protect and promote Kittery's unique historic resources?
- Do they foster a strong local economy, local agriculture and food production, and also protect water dependent businesses?
- Do they protect Kittery's unique culture?
- Do recommendations support municipal investment in critical infrastructure to support and encourage desired development in desirable locations?
- Are there provisions to encourage and include the continued engagement of Kittery's residents in determining the character of their community and in determining its future direction by being involved in decision-making regarding the Town's future development?

A list of the Plan's Top 25 Key Recommendations is presented next, followed by a listing of "Ripe Apples," that is, low cost, relatively easy to implement actions to keep momentum going as well as inspire faith in the Comprehensive Plan.

#### LIST OF 25 KEY POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is a list of the 25 Key Recommendations of the Plan. They represent the town's policies that help achieve the goals as articulated in the Comprehensive Plan. The policy recommendations were selected based on professional opinion (an assessment of existing conditions, future trends, and best practice), and what the public and the Steering Committee seemed to feel was most important.

**Numbering does not in anyway indicate priority.** The numbers in parenthesis correspond to the relevant strategy(s) in the Implementation Tables.

- 1. Complete a **CLIMATE ADAPTATION STUDY** to plan for the potential impacts of sea level rise and prepare for extreme weather events (9.1.1. and 9.1.2. and 8.1.4.)
- Working with the Kittery Land Trust, develop a STRATEGY FOR OPEN SPACE ACQUISITION, setting priorities for parcels to be included. (8.2.1)
- Collaborate with property owners in the area around the ROUTE 1 CORRIDOR to identify strategies towards making mutually beneficial changes to the area including exploring

- options to redevelop commercial properties with mixed use (e.g. retail, housing, office) and consider zoning amendments such as an overlay district to provide more flexibility concerning permitted uses. (3.4.1. and 8.5.1.).
- 4. Develop a long-range plan for the **LIBRARY** (7.2.1.) including where the library will be located (renovation and expansion on existing site, new building on other site) and whether the Library should become a Town Department.
- 5. Continue to support **HEALTHY LIFESTYLE CHOICES AND WELLNESS** by increasing **RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES**for all ages, evaluating the Athletic Fields Master Plan,
  improving **walking and biking** infrastructure so that it is safe
  and pleasant, ensure appropriate recreational **access to the waterfront**, and increasing awareness of existing resources.
  Updating the Sidewalks Conditions Report and developing a
  Bike Plan are among the specific steps recommended. (7.2.5.
  and 5.2.1. and 2.2.1. and 2.2.5. and 2.2.8. and 6.1.5)
- Engage in targeted outreach to BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY SECTORS marketing Kittery's economic development areas. Marketing should include continuing to update and improve the Economic Development website (3.2.2. and 3.3.3.)
- 7. Ensure historic properties, including buildings and landscapes, are preserved and explore the establishment of **HISTORIC DISTRICTS** and development design guidelines to further the properties' protection (1.1.5.)
- 8. Reduce **DOG WASTE** at area open spaces through enhanced enforcement and public education (6.3.6. and 2.2.3.)

- Review existing HUNTING regulations and provide public education regarding these to improve the safety of residents especially in the Town Forest, while at the same time protecting resident's right to carry firearms and hunt (2.1.5, 2.2.9 and 2.1.10)
- 10. **PROTECT EXISTING OPEN LANDS**, including farmlands and wetlands from over-development by implementing effective strategies such as larger minimum lot sizes in the rural residential zone (2.1.1.) As one way of preserving Kittery's rural character, review and revise the **cluster zoning bylaw** and provide incentives for developers to use the bylaw (2.1.4. and 4.2.3. and 8.2.2.)
- 11. Continue to support Kittery's **MARITIME BASED ECONOMY** including the fishing and shell fishing industry by maintaining access to the working waterfront and creating innovative avenues to better connect fishing to the local economy (e.g. Dock to Dish program connecting fishermen to local restaurants). (3.5.3. and 6.2.1.)
- 12. Review and revise **TOWN CODE** so that it supports the implementation of the Comprehensive Plan goals and objectives, is clear, promotes best practice, and is easy to use (7.1.2. and 8.1.1.)
- 13. Develop a Plan for Town facilities and property owners to transition to **LOW AND ZERO IMPACT ENERGY SOURCES** (9.2.1. and 9.2.2.)

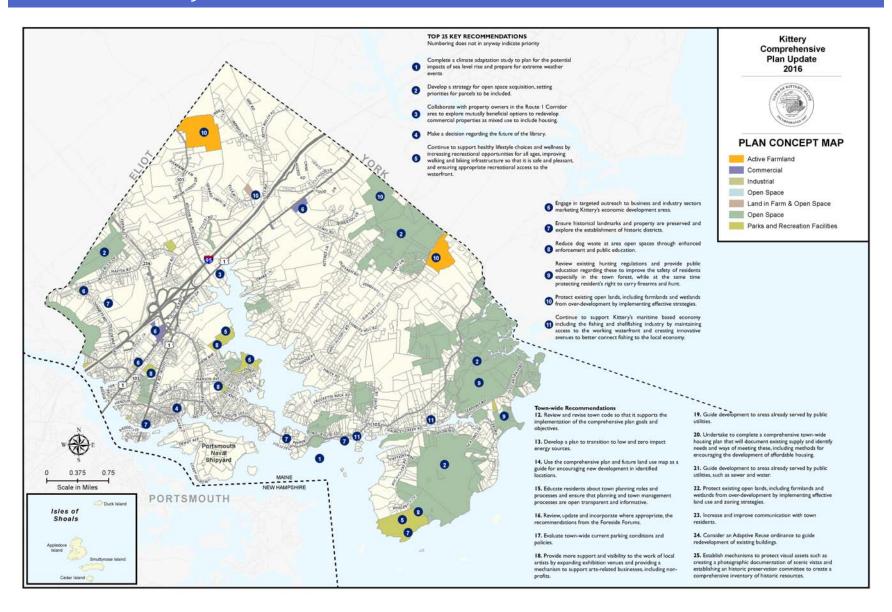
- 14. Use the **COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND FUTURE LAND USE MAP** as a guide for encouraging desirable new development in identified appropriate locations, while protecting open spaces, agricultural land, and natural and historical resources while keeping in mind that climate change and areas at risk will change the overlay map (8.1 and 8.2. and 8.4.)
- 15. Educate residents about town planning roles and processes and ensure that PLANNING AND TOWN MANAGEMENT PROCESSES are open, transparent, informative, inclusive, respectful and welcoming (7.1.1. and 7.1.2.)
- 16. Review, update and incorporate where appropriate, the recommendations from the **FORESIDE** Forums. (3.1. and 8.3.). Residents have expressed much enthusiasm for recent improvements in the Foreside and support for future infill development that is appropriate in scale and activity.
- 17. Evaluate Town-wide current **PARKING** conditions and policies and revise to meet development goals by improving management of existing spaces and exploring shared parking and other strategies (5.4.1. and 5.4.2)
- 18. Provide more support and visibility to the work of LOCAL ARTISTS by expanding exhibition venues and providing a mechanism to support arts-related businesses, including non-profits. (1.3.1.). Artists are seen to provide a uniqueness to Kittery and residents expressed a desire to provide additional support and visibility.

- 19. **GUIDE DEVELOPMENT** to areas already served by public utilities (8.1.2.), resulting in a more efficient and cost-effective use of these public services.
- 20. Undertake to complete a Comprehensive town-wide HOUSING PLAN that will document existing supply and identify needs and ways of meeting these, including methods for encouraging the development of affordable housing (e.g. creation of new types of housing, including workforce housing, and housing for seniors wishing to downsize, etc.). (4.1.1. and 4.1.3. and 4.2.2.)
- 21. Develop a **COMPLETE STREETS POLICY** to identify needed and appropriate improvement in order to accommodate all modes of transportation to accommodate all including people with special needs (5.2.3.). This will result in reducing pollutants to the environment and in providing safe healthy options for residents to get around, mainly by walking and biking.
- 22. Increase awareness in residents and business owners with regard to the EFFECTS OF POLLUTANTS, PESTICIDES, AND STORMWATER RUNOFF (6.3.1.) and evaluate Town Code regarding the use of pesticides and herbicides with chemicals, in waterfront areas and town-wide (6.3.2.). Providing information and incentives for greener practices will help to mitigate these environmental hazards.
- 23. Increase and improve **COMMUNICATION** with Town residents (7.1.3.). Using a variety of modes including the internet and cable TV in innovative ways will help to keep

- residents more informed and connected to town government.
- 24. Consider an **ADAPTIVE REUSE ORDINANCE** to guide redevelopment of existing buildings (8.1.6.). By promoting the reuse of existing structures more efficient development can occur in areas already services by public utilities and protecting open land from development.
- 25. Establish mechanisms to protect visual assets such as creating a PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION OF SCENIC VISTAS and establishing an historic preservation committee to create a comprehensive INVENTORY OF HISTORIC RESOURCES 1.1.1 and 1.1.6). These are the first steps in helping to protect and promote the visual assets that contribute to Kittery's uniqueness (1.3.3 and 1.3.4).

NOTE: Not all number one priority recommendations make the list of "Top 25 Recommendations."

#### **CONCEPT PLAN MAP: 25 TOP KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**



#### LIST OF RIPE APPLES (LOW HANGING FRUIT)

#### HISTORIC AND CULTURAL RESOURCES



 Launch an education and advocacy effort to inform residents about options for preserving and protecting historic resources.

#### NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION

- Complete an **inventory of open spaces** in Kittery.
- Add hunting regulations to the Town website and the Town kiosk so that residents are more informed of policies.
- Consider endorsing York River Committee's efforts to designate the York River Watershed as a Federal Wild and Scenic River with the Mt. Agamenticus-to-the-Sea Initiative.
- Update the inventory and photographic record of scenic vistas and views.
- Increase awareness regarding dog feces ordinance and erect more signs with regulations pertaining to the conduct of dogs and their owners on beaches and other open spaces.
- Create an on-line and printed guide to the recreational resources of Kittery and make them available to residents and visitors.
- Establish a new committee, revive the defunct Energy
   Committee, and/or team up with the York Energy
   Committee and design a sustainability policy and plan for the Town.

#### HOUSING

- Undertake a Housing Plan to study supply, demand and strategies to encourage a variety of housing types and price points.
- Create a Housing Committee or Housing Trust to oversee implementation of the Housing Plan.
- Provide incentives for developers to take advantage of Kittery's cluster zoning ordinance, particularly if affordable housing is provided.
- Ensure site plan review includes a focus on new development restricted to seniors, and includes consideration of safe walking distance to nearby amenities and a local public transit option.

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

- Initiate contact with local businesses to gauge interest in the formation of a **local business association**.
- Together with businesses and residents, identify priorities from Foreside Forum for implementation.
- Continue to regularly update the Economic Development Committee website with information and promotional materials.
- Create a paper and on-line **permitting guide** that is easy for small businesses to use.
- Invite the business owners of the Rt. 1 Corridor, Bypass, and Outlet Mall area to explore future redevelopment options, including encouraging mixed use (e.g. housing on upper stories above retail).

#### **TRANSPORTATION**

- Consider forming a **Transportation Advisory Committee** to identify and evaluate transportation improvements.
- Develop a Complete Streets Policy to accommodate all modes of transportation, for all ability levels, in a safe and attractive way to encourage more walking and biking.
- Stripe on-street parking spaces on public roadways.
- Identify ways for better management of existing parking spaces, e.g. consider off-site remote parking for employees.

#### **MARINE RESOURCES**

- Review, update and promote existing materials/information on navigating Kittery's waterways.
- Compile list of waterfront locations (e.g. launching sites, etc.) suitable to include on a map (considering that this may result in increased usage).
- Encourage non-motorized visitors to environmentallysensitive areas by installing bike racks and bike/pedestrian paths.
- Conduct outreach to commercial fishermen and boat operators to determine their needs, desires, and concerns.
- Prepare educational materials summarizing Kittery's water quality challenges and the effects of pollutants and pesticides.
  - Reduce lawn chemicals throughout education and incentives

#### **GOVERNANCE, PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES**

- Actively **recruit volunteers** from demographics that are missing or underrepresented on current committees.
- Identify areas of potential collaboration and potential regional partners.
- Identify additional areas of potential **collaboration with** the PNS.
  - Enforce PNS speeding violators in Kittery. Increase police presence in coordination with PNS
- Explore ways of increasing Town Department efficiencies and effectiveness by further collaborating across departments.
  - o Post all town documents on-line
- Support the School Department's efforts to participate in **Service Learning** in the community.
- Support the Kittery Community Center's efforts to expand programming by increasing elder-oriented programs, teen programs, and services for pre-schools including infants and toddlers.
- Conduct outreach to include youth in the planning processes.
- Increase use of cable TV for the dissemination of information.

#### **LAND USE**

- Work with the Kittery Land Trust to create a prioritized list of parcels for open space acquisition should there parcels come up for sale.
  - Land prioritization... including areas for marsh migration and with "Blue Carbon" (marine soil sequestration) in mind.

- Revisit **cluster ordinance** to ensure it is maintaining the goal of open space preservation.
- Consider increasing the minimum lot size in the Rural Residential zoning district to help protect additional open space.
- Determine what uses would be desirable and marketable in the Business Park and make updates to the base zone that reflect those uses.
- Include parking reduction and shared parking strategies in the Kittery Foreside Mixed-use zoning district.

#### **COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE**

- Establish a Climate Adaptation Committee.
- Join regional coalition of surrounding coastal communities to work together around issues of sea level rise.
- Review area community Climate Adaptation Plans for ideas and models for developing such a plan for Kittery.
- Collaborate with neighboring communities to monitor wildlife in specific locations.
- Develop **town-wide goals regarding energy efficiency** and related benchmarks for public facilities.
- Conduct an inventory of municipal and school energy use/costs.
  - Give priority to Maine grown fuel such as wood pellets (modern wood boilers)
- Establish a timeline for converting all Town-owned buildings to renewable energy.
  - Explore grants to install solar panels
- Develop educational materials to focus attention on renewable energy sources, and on making more eco-

- friendly choices in the goods and services bought and sold.
- Increase involvement of the schools in environmental stewardship efforts.
- Explore ways of increasing the amount and range of materials recycled.
- Provide recycling bins in public places.
- Consider a ban on plastic bags and plastic water bottles.



#### IMPLEMENTATION PLAN: TOPIC AREAS OVERVIEW

## IMPLEMENTATION PLAN TOPIC AREAS OVERVIEW

An implementation Plan sets the direction and charts the course to help a municipality make decisions that are aligned with a community's shared values. It identifies the strategies that help to navigate future challenges and opportunities.

## CRITERIA FOR SELECTING RECOMMENDATIONS (OBJECTIVES/POLICIES AND STRATEGIES)

Recommendations were developed with input from the following:

- Assessment of existing conditions, opportunities, challenges and predictable trends
- Public input from:
  - o public meetings
  - o co-urbanize (on-line public forum)
  - o youth forum (visioning session at the high school)
  - o on-line survey



- Review of relevant recommendations from previous Comprehensive Plan (2000)
- Committee review and input

#### IMPLEMENTATION PLAN: TOPIC AREAS OVERVIEW

- Town Department Heads, relevant Committees and Boards review
- State requirements
- Evaluated against three best practice principles
  - Environmental Stewardship
  - Economic & Social Vitality
  - Health & Wellness

The number one criterion was giving highest priority to actions that reflect the public input from the various forums and to those actions that were deemed to best fulfill the vision and goals. Criteria include:

- Actions that enjoy public support
- Actions that are the first step (e.g. develop a plan) for longer processes
- In some cases higher priority was given to actions that are "low hanging fruit" and could be easily accomplished even though the action may not be on par in importance with the highest priority steps.

#### **TOPIC AREAS**

THE FOLLOWING PAGES PRESENT THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE PLAN BY TOPIC AREA:

- HISTORIC, CULTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL FEATURES
- NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION

#### ORGANIZATION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

As previously mentioned, this Implementation Plan is intended to serve as a "roadmap" that outlines the strategies and action steps recommended to achieve the **Vision and Goals and Objectives** as developed based on public input.

**Each section** begins with an introduction to the **Topic Area**, accompanied by a **Goal Statement** developed with input from the public process. The relevant **State of Maine goals** are also listed.

**Kittery Voices** is a reminder of the public process and the significant importance given to the public's input in the formulation of the recommendations.

A list of key **Issues and Implications** provides a summary of the assessment of the existing conditions (based on the Inventory conducted for the Comprehensive Plan. For complete documentation see Volume II of the Plan).

**Key Recommendations** list the Goals, Objectives and Strategies to achieve these.

Finally, there is a brief discussion regarding how the recommendations meet the **three best practice planning principles.** 

More detailed **IMPLEMENTATION TABLES** are located at the back of this document. These tables are intended to provide additional guidance for implementing each of the goals and objectives by providing:

- Ideas regarding potential action steps
- Some existing resources
- Information regarding funding when available
- Lead party responsible and potential partners
- Priority/phasing

#### IMPLEMENTATION PLAN: TOPIC AREAS OVERVIEW

- POPULATION AND HOUSING
- ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
- o TRANSPORTATION
- o MARINE RESOURCES
- GOVERNANCE, PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES AND FISCAL CAPACITY
- o LAND USE
- o COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE

These sections are followed by **Implementation Tables**, a resource of options, that provide additional guidance for implementing the policy directives.



# HISTORIC, ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES



The Lady Pepperrell House, built in 1760 and located on Route 103 in Kittery Point, is a National Historic Landmark and one of the town's most treasured historic resources.

#### **STATE OF MAINE Goal:**

to preserve the state's historic and archaeological resources

(Growth Management Act 30-A M. R. S. A. 4312-4350)

GOAL STATEMENT 1: TO PROTECT THE TOWN'S CHARACTER BY PRESERVING AND PROTECTING HISTORIC FEATURES AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES, AND PROMOTING AN AWARENESS OF THE TOWN'S UNIQUE HISTORY AND CULTURE

**Objective 1.1.** Protect historic and archaeological resources

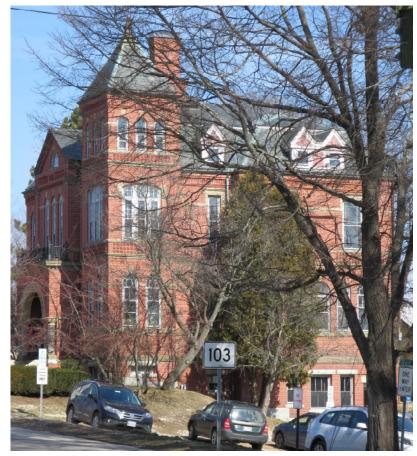
Objective 1.2. Promote Kittery's history

**Objective 1.3.** Support and nurture Kittery's community of working artists

#### **OVERVIEW**

Throughout the comprehensive planning process, citizens of Kittery identified the town's rich history and historic character as two of its most important assets. While many outsiders think of Kittery as the flat, paved and unshaded 20<sup>th</sup> century retail area along Route 1, much of the town stands in visual contrast. Kittery Point, the town's earliest settlement, overlooks Portsmouth Harbor, its many 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> century homes clustered along the Piscataqua Riverfront. Nineteenth century Kittery Foreside, located along the Back Channel, contains many of the town's historic civic and commercial structures, including the Kittery Fraternal Hall and Rice Public Library. Winding, narrow historic Route 103 connects Kittery Foreside and Kittery Point, and provides visitors with glimpses of historic homes, the working waterfront, and the unspoiled Atlantic coastline. Off the coast, in the Piscatagua and out in the sea, lie several other historic sites, including the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, the Wood Island Life Saving Station, and Appledore Island. Finally, to the west of Route 1, near the Eliot line, stands the 300-acre Rustlewood Farm, one of Kittery's last working agricultural operations, raising dairy cows. And throughout all of Kittery are many historic homes and landscapes, representing the full spectrum of the town's over 350-year history.

To preserve and protect these historic features, residents of Kittery will need to concentrate on several issues. While the most residents appreciate the appeal of historic buildings and landscapes, not all may understand the extent of the resources' visual impact, contribution to quality of life, or role in fueling the local economy. Some property owners, while committed to



The Rice Public Library, located on Route 103 in Kittery Foreside, is one of the town's most prominent historic structures and a centerpiece of the historic Foreside area.

preserving historic buildings, lack the means to do so. The Kittery Naval and Historical Museum/Society, the town's main repository of historical information, is not well-known, and thus an

underappreciated resource. Growth of Kittery's community of visual and performing artists, significant players in the local economy and residents' quality of life, will be dependent on the artists' success in securing studio, exhibition and performance spaces.

Topic area #1 of the comprehensive plan focuses on protecting the town's character and promoting its history by encouraging historic homeowners to preserve their properties; to support the work of the Kittery's Naval and Historical Museum/Society; and foster growth of the town's arts community.

Recommendations for Historic, Cultural and Archaeological Resources were developed based on an assessment of existing conditions, public input, best practice, input from town department heads and relevant boards and committees, as well as a review by the Kittery Comprehensive Plan Update Committee and Kittery Planning Board.

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the comprehensive planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about the wishes for the future of Kittery. Forums included the following:

- three town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- committee presence at several town events
- a continuous conversation on an on-line forum

- comment boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center
- a poll on election day regarding top recommendations

Detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the plan.

## ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic Area #1 of the comprehensive plan focuses on protecting the town's character by preserving and protecting historic features and cultural resources and promoting an awareness of the town's history and culture, and is consistent with the plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this plan for full documentation of existing conditions.

- While residents strongly value the town's historic resources and recognize their impact on the character of the town, many residents are unaware of the extent to which they fuel the local economy. An education and advocacy effort can help to better inform residents about the visual and economic value of preserving their historic properties.
- Kittery retains historic buildings and landscapes from throughout the town's over-350-year history, and many of these resources have been preserved. Others, however, have been severely compromised or altogether lost. The town's ordinances do not include provisions for preventing loss of historic buildings (such as demolition delay). By saving and

preserving historic structures and sites while, at the same time, repurposing them to meet contemporary needs for commercial, housing and/or other town needs, the town's character will be further preserved

- While Kittery has listed several properties and districts to the National Register of Historic Places, many more historic buildings and landscapes have not been recognized as such. However, the town also lacks a comprehensive inventory of historic resources, or a plan for preserving them.
- The town lacks a volunteer-based entity to serve as a watchdog for historic resources. Creation of an entity, such as an historic preservation commission, can help foster efforts to develop an inventory of historic resources and set priorities for resource protection. Such a group could also advocate for the use of preservation tools such as preservation overlay district(s) and/or Local Historic Districts.
- Two historical institutions the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard
   Museum and the Kittery Historical and Naval Museum/Society
   – serve as the main repository for artifacts pertaining to the
   history of the town. The Maine Room at the Rice Public
   Library holds additional historic books, maps, and
   genealogical information, and town documents are held by
   the Kittery Town Clerk. The town has no official single
   repository for historical materials.
- The town's military history, a significant part of Kittery's past that draws tourists from across the country, is not being utilized to its full potential to attract tourists. The



The Kittery Dance Hall, located in Kittery Foreside is one of the town's popular performing arts venues.

Portsmouth Naval Shipyard holds a significant number of military-related artifacts, but access is required to view this material.

- The town has not taken advantage of state-sponsored programs (such as the Certified Local Government Program) that promote and fund preservation of historic and cultural resources.
- The town's many scenic views, incorporating both historic and natural resources, are currently unprotected by town ordinances. Additionally, ordinances do not regulate fence

height and placement which have potential to obstruct many waterfront views. By protecting the town's scenic viewsheds, through proactive and creative development regulations (including regulation of fence heights), Kittery can help retain these important visual assets.

- The town's youth are largely uninvolved in efforts to preserve Kittery's historic and cultural resources. By sustaining and expanding upon existing education programs, local youth can develop a greater appreciation for local history, and go on to serve as advocates.
- Many visual and performing artists live and work in Kittery and contribute to the economic vitality and quality of life in the town. However, studio, exhibit and performance spaces are limited and the town lacks a mechanism for supporting arts-related start-up businesses. By supporting the local visual and performing arts community, Kittery can fuel the growth of this important piece of the local economy.

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Historic, Archaeological and Cultural Resources. While not specifically listed, the formation of a Historic Preservation Commission in Kittery was strongly supported by the public, confirming an identical recommendation included in the 2000 Comprehensive Plan and designated as a high priority action step. See the **table** at the end of the implementation chapter for specific action steps for achieving these. The table includes a

partial listing of existing resources, lead and partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

GOAL STATEMENT 1: TO PROTECT THE TOWN'S CHARACTER BY PRESERVING AND PROTECTING HISTORIC FEATURES AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES, AND PROMOTING AN AWARENESS OF THE TOWN'S UNIQUE HISTORY AND CULTURE

### 1.1 PROTECT HISTORIC AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES

- 1.1.1 Establish a Kittery Historic Preservation Committee;
- 1.1.2 Ensure that new development is in keeping with the context of the neighborhood;
- 1.1.3 Identify and protect the diversity in building and landscape styles that currently make up Kittery's historic fabric;
- 1.1.4 Establish historic districts to protect significant clusters of buildings;
- 1.1.5 Preserve threatened historic properties from demolition or radical alteration; and
- 1.1.6 Identify and preserve scenic views.

#### 1.2 PROMOTE KITTERY'S HISTORY

- 1.2.1 Support efforts of the Kittery Naval and Historical Museum/Society to expand operations, programming and facilities; and
- 1.2.2 Educate and raise awareness about the relationship between Kittery's cultural and natural history.

### 1.3 SUPPORT AND NURTURE KITTERY'S COMMUNITY OF WORKING ARTISTS

- 1.3.1 Provide a mechanism to support arts-related business start-ups;
- 1.3.2 Provide an increased number of artists' studio spaces;
- 1.3.3 Provide more visibility to the work of local artists; and
- 1.3.4 Institute a "Percent for Art" program in the construction of public buildings.

#### RELATED STRATEGIES FROM OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 2.1.7 Preserve scenic vistas and views, including scenic roadway corridors.
- 2.2.5 Increase awareness of existing resources and how to enjoy them.
- 8.1.6. Consider adding provisions to support the adaptive reuse of existing historic structures.

8.3.6. Encourage innovative makerspace, (do-it-yourself) DIY spaces that afford artists and small business owners with space to create, invent, and learn in the Foreside, alongside modest retail opportunities for galleries and sales.

## HISTORIC, ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES: THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

Environmental Stewardship	By preserving historic buildings, rather than demolishing them and discarding of the materials used in their construction, Kittery will minimize waste disposal
Health & Wellness	By expanding residents' knowledge of local history and historic resources, Kittery can expand residents' appreciation for the town, and foster a sense of community pride.
Economic & Social Vitality	By creating a supportive environment for visual and performing artists,     Kittery can broaden its economic base and at the same time provide opportunities for socializing for Kittery residents, thus building community and social capital, resulting in a more social, vital Town

## NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION



Spruce Creek cuts across Kittery from northwest to south, providing a popular recreation spot, as well as a spectacular scenic resource. Protection of its water quality is a high priority for Kittery residents.

#### STATE OF MAINE Goals:

To protect the State's other critical natural resources, including without limitation, wetlands, wildlife and fisheries habitat, sand dunes, shorelands, scenic vistas, and unique natural areas

To protect the quality and manage the quantity of the State's water resources, including aquifers, great ponds, estuaries, rivers, and coastal areas

To safeguard the State's agricultural and forest resources from development which threatens those resources

To promote and protect the availability of outdoor recreation opportunities for all of Maine citizens, including access to surface waters

To encourage orderly growth and development in appropriate areas of each community, while protecting the State's rural character, making efficient use of public services, and preventing development sprawl

(Growth Management Act 30-A M. R. S. A. 4312-4350)

**GOAL STATEMENT 2:** TO PROTECT KITTERY'S NATURAL RESOURCES INCLUDING WATERSHED, FRESH WATER, WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS, AGRICULTURAL LANDS, FOREST RESOURCES, OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION

**Objective 2.1.** Protect and preserve critical open spaces for passive recreation, visual impact and preservation of wildlife habitats, coastal (saltwater) wetlands, freshwater wetlands, and vernal pools

Objective 2.2. Increase opportunities for recreation

#### **OVERVIEW**

Throughout the comprehensive planning process, Kittery residents pointed to its natural and scenic qualities as some of the town's most valuable resources. Situated on the Atlantic coast and at the mouth of the Piscataqua River, Kittery possesses outstanding natural resources, including seaside dunes, forested wetlands, evergreen-covered uplands, and rolling farmlands, many of which frame treasured scenic views. These resources provide myriad recreational opportunities, from kayaking along the creeks, to building sandcastles on the beaches, to trekking along forested trails. By making a long term commitment to



The historic 300-acre Johnson Farm, also known as Rustlewood Farm, has been protected through a conservation easement, arranged by the Kittery Land Trust.

protecting these resources, Kittery residents will help ensure a healthier, more environmentally sustainable future for the town, and in so doing, foster a higher quality of life.

To protect the town's natural and recreation resources, residents of Kittery will need to continue to undertake several tasks. First, residents will need to identify critical open spaces, including farmlands, forests and scenic vistas, and enact legal and/or regulatory measures to conserve them. Second, residents will need to commit to maintaining existing recreation sites and establish priorities for creating new ones, including evaluating the recommendations of the recently completed draft Athletic Fields Master Plan (not adopted). Third, the town will need to implement a "sustainability plan," one that aims to conserve energy, clean up waterways, and adhere to environmentally-friendly building and construction practices. Each of these efforts must take into account the town's limited financial resources.

Topic Area #2 of the comprehensive plan focuses on protecting the town's natural resources, open space, and recreation resources by encouraging preservation of critical open spaces, increasing opportunities for recreation, and implementing sustainability measures to protect the environment.

Recommendations for Natural Resources and Recreation were developed based on an assessment of existing conditions, public input, best practice, input from town department heads and relevant boards and committees, as well as a review by the Kittery Comprehensive Plan Update Committee and Kittery Planning Board.

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the comprehensive planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about the wishes for the future of Kittery. Forums included the following:

- three town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- committee presence at several town events
- a continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- comment boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center
- a poll on election day regarding top recommendations

Detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the plan.

## ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic Area #2 of the comprehensive plan focuses on protecting Kittery's natural resources and scenic views, and maintaining the many recreation opportunities within the town, and is consistent with the plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this plan for full documentation of existing conditions.



Protection of the Brave Boat Harbor headwaters is a current joint effort of the Kittery Land Trust and Mount Agamenticus to the Sea Conservation Project.

- Kittery's topography, soils and associated wetlands, as well as shallow depths to bedrock, place limits on the extent of development possible.
- Farmland has all but disappeared in Kittery. Opportunity exists to adopt regulations limiting the amount of farming soils that can be removed from a property, as a means of preserving existing agricultural lands town-wide.

- Wells currently supply drinking water to many Kittery homes, making preservation of groundwater and aquifer quality critical to the health of the community.
- The town's current cluster development ordinance, as written, may result in unforeseen and unintended loss of valued natural areas, as well as costs to the community. Opportunity exists to protect Kittery's many unique natural areas, including natural communities, habitat focus areas, and essential habitats, while at the same time preserving individual property-owners' rights, through negotiation of easements and restrictions on wetlands and farmlands; purchase of unprotected open spaces; and creation of buffers between developed lands and preserved open spaces.
- The Kittery Outlets, nearly 30 years old, have had a significant impact on the town's environment, and especially the quality of Spruce Creek. Opportunity exists to improve the quality of Spruce Creek through future redevelopment efforts at the Kittery Outlet area.
- The quality of Kittery's recreation areas, including parks, playing fields, and beaches, is negatively affected by dog and horse waste left by pet owners. Several options are available for controlling and processing dog waste in public open spaces.
- Kittery's athletic fields are in high demand, and since 9/11, the general public has not been permitted to utilize the facilities at the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard. The draft Athletic Fields Master Plan proposes a phased approach to field

- management and expansion, and opportunity exists to implement this plan, as needed and financially feasible.
- The existing trail network in Kittery is not well-publicized and many of the trails do not connect. Opportunity exists to create a well-documented non-motorized trail system that runs continuously throughout the town, including conversion of the old trolley bed to a recreational pathway.
- Kittery's existing firearms ordinance permits hunting in some
  of the town's residential neighborhoods, and some residents
  have expressed concern about their safety. Opportunity
  exists to re-visit the existing firearms ordinance so that
  residents feel safe, while at the same time hunters may
  continue to pursue their activity.
- Rising sea levels pose a long term threat to development near flood hazard areas, including edges of the town's major surface waters and portions of the watersheds. Currently, Kittery has not adopted a sustainability plan to protect its environmental future, including its surface waters and watersheds. Through the creation and implementation of a sustainability plan, Kittery can conserve energy, protect water quality, and ready itself for the impact of rising sea levels.
- Scenic views, vistas and roads are some of Kittery's most treasured assets, and many stand unprotected from obstruction. Opportunity exists to protect Kittery's visual and scenic qualities, including its scenic roads, while at the same time preserving individual property-owners' rights.

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Natural Resources and Recreation. See the **table** at the end of the implementation chapter for specific action steps for achieving these. The table includes a partial listing of existing resources, lead and partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

GOAL STATEMENT 2: TO PROTECT KITTERY'S NATURAL RESOURCES INCLUDING WATERSHED, FRESH WATER, WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS, AGRICULTURAL LANDS, FOREST RESOURCES, OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION

- 2.1 PROTECT AND PRESERVE CRITICAL OPEN SPACES FOR PASSIVE RECREATION, VISUAL IMPACT AND PRESERVATION OF WILDLIFE HABITATS, COASTAL (SALTWATER) WETLANDS, FRESHWATER WETLANDS, AND VERNAL POOLS
- 2.1.1 Protect existing open lands, including farmlands and wetlands, from over-development by having larger minimum lot sizes in the rural residential zone
- 2.1.2 Protect Kittery's remaining farmland (including forests)
- 2.1.3 Protect wildlife corridors
- 2.1.4 Strengthen zoning regulations so that they better preserve critical open spaces and key natural features

- 2.1.5 Review existing hunting regulations to improve safety of residents while, at the same time protecting residents' right to hunt
- 2.1.6 Consider endorsing the York River Committee's efforts to designate the York River Watershed as a Federal Wild and Scenic River with the Mount Agamenticus-to-the-Sea Initiative and Brave Boat Harbor Initiative
- 2.1.7 Preserve scenic vistas and views, including scenic roadway corridors

#### 2.2 INCREASE OPPORTUNITIES FOR RECREATION

- 2.2.1 Implement a master plan for athletic fields
- 2.2.2 Consider expansion of the season at Fort Foster
- 2.2.3 Reduce dog and horse waste at area beaches and parks (particularly Rogers Park and Seapoint Beach) through enhanced enforcement and public education
- 2.2.4 Support the Kittery Community Center's strategic plan for program expansion
- 2.2.5 Increase awareness of existing recreation resources and how to enjoy them
- 2.2.6 Establish new and beautifying existing small passive recreation spaces in the commercial areas

- 2.2.7 Give priority/preference to Kittery residents for use of boating, recreational fields and recreational facilities
- 2.2.8 Create new kayak-launching sites to provide greater access
- 2.2.9 Revisit existing hunting regulations so that all Kittery residents feel safe but, at the same time reserve residents' right to hunt
- 2.2.10. Work with public and private partners to extend and maintain the existing network of non-motorized trails, and connecting these trails to regional systems.

#### RELATED STRATEGIES FROM OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 1.1.6 Preserve threatened historic properties and scenic roads from demolition or radical alteration.
- 1.2. 2. Develop education and raise awareness regarding history and nature.
- 6.1.6 For environmentally sensitive and secluded locations like Seapoint Beach, encourage additional non-motorized visitors through installation of bike racks and bike/pedestrian paths.
- 6.3.2 Education and advocacy effort to increase awareness in residents and business owners on effects of pollutants, pesticides, and stormwater runoff.

- 6.3.4 Work with Portsmouth Naval Shipyard (PNS) to identify and reduce effects of flooding on facility, and to reduce pollutant outflows.
- 6.3.5. Identify a suitable site for storage of floats during storms and update Storm Preparedness Plan accordingly.
- 7.2.3. Support plans for the expansion of programming at the Kittery Community Center.
- 7.2.4. Support healthy lifestyle choices and wellness (increase recreational opportunities to residents of all ages).
- 7.3.2. Continue to provide engaging activities for residents of all ages.
- 8.1.5. Encourage the protection of open space and landscape features within developments and/or in the no growth/limited growth areas.
- 8.2.1. Work with the Kittery Land Trust to create a prioritized list of parcels for open space acquisition.
- 8.2.2. Revisit the Cluster Ordinance to ensure it is effective in meeting its objectives.
- 8.2.3. Consider increasing the minimum lot size in the Rural Residential zoning district to help protect additional open space and encourage the clustering of homes.
- 8.2.4. Explore the feasibility and usefulness of a transfer of development rights bylaw.

- 9.1.4. Monitor, plan for, and mitigate the potential effects of climate change on Kittery's natural resources.
- 9.2.1. Develop a plan to transition to low and zero impact energy sources.
- 9.2.3. Develop a public awareness campaign to focus attention on the need to transition to renewable energy sources.
- 9.3.1. Develop policies that lessen the effects of the built environment on natural resources.
- 9.3.5. Increase public awareness regarding need to protect the environment for future generations.

## NATURAL RESOURCES AND RECREATION: THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

Environmental Stewardship	By protecting and preserving critical open spaces, residents will safeguard plants and animals, as well as the town's tremendous scenic qualities
Health & Wellness	By protecting and preserving recreation resources, including athletic facilities, trails and waterways, Kittery will promote recreation, thereby ensuring improved health for residents
Economic & Social Vitality	By protecting and preserving natural, scenic and recreation resources, Kittery will help sustain two important sectors of its economy.

## ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT



Robert's Grill, along Route 1 near the Outlet Malls.

#### **State Goal:**

Promote an economic climate that increases job opportunities and overall economic wellbeing.

(Growth Management Act 30-A M.R.S.A. 4312)

**GOAL STATEMENT 3:** TO SUPPORT DESIRABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, BALANCE THE RELATIONSHIP WITH THE PORTSMOUTH NAVAL SHIPYARD, AND INCREASE THE TOWN'S TAX BASE WHILE ALSO PROVIDING LOCAL JOBS.

**Objective 3.1.** Attract and retain businesses to sustain the vibrant center at foreside that provides residents and visitors with places to go and spaces to gather

**Objective 3.2.** Continue to promote economic development in areas already identified by the town

**Objective 3.3.** Develop guidelines for the future redevelopment of the Route 1 Corridor into a mixed-use pedestrian-oriented area

**Objective 3.4.** Support and maintenance of existing jobs and the creation of jobs for a variety of skills sets and range of salaries

**Objective 3.5.** Attract new businesses to the business park

#### **OVERVIEW**

Kittery is fortunate to have mix of mature and burgeoning commercial/industrial areas across town. For decades, the presence of the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard (PNS) has supported and anchored a consistent job base in Kittery. In addition, the Route 1 Outlet Malls also contribute a substantial amount to the commercial tax base in Kittery and draw visitors from all over Northern New England. The town has relied on these two economic development nodes, but questions were raised during this Comprehensive Planning process about their long-term viability and how much should residents rely on them in the future.

The success of economic development areas like the Foreside and Gourmet Alley¹ speak to a new economy in Kittery, and Maine as a whole. A new economy that can be described as a marketplace filled with entrepreneurs who believe in crafting and selling locally-made products supported first by residents and employees in town, and secondarily by visitors. These businesses include restaurants, bakeries, grocers and butchers, art studios, breweries, and many more. The local small business culture in Kittery is providing a counterpart to the larger-scale retailers at the Outlet Mall, or larger office/industrial users that may be attracted to locations like the Kittery Business Park.

While Kittery has been successful in attracting and retaining businesses over time, there are concerns about the future of commercial/industrial areas in town. With the rise in online retailers, brick and mortar stores like the Outlets may have to become nimbler over time which could result in long-term vacancies and lost revenue. While the PNS is currently very active and has reached its highest employment numbers in recent years, base closures and realignments do happen with military installations and could impact the future of the Shipyard. Finally, the Town has invested substantial funding in the extension of sewer service to the Business Park. While there are still additional utility improvements required, the Town should begin looking at creative ways to market this property to take advantage of its location, access to regional transportation networks, and recuperate the investments already made.

Topic area #3 of the comprehensive plan focuses on retaining existing businesses in Kittery, as well as encouraging additional economic development in key locations throughout the town. This will help increase the commercial tax base, and reduce the reliance on the outlets and the Naval Shipyard as primary job and economic drivers.

Recommendations regarding Economic Development were developed based on an assessment of existing conditions, public input, best practice, input from Town Department Heads and relevant Boards and Committees, as well as a review by the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee and Planning Board.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Gourmet Alley is located along State Road between Walker Street and Red Mill Lane.

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the Comprehensive Planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about and wishes for the future of Kittery; forums included the following:

- 3 town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- Committee presence at several Town events
- A continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- Comment Boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center.
- A poll on election day regarding top recommendations

A detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the Plan.

## ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic area #3 of the comprehensive plan focuses on economic development, retaining existing businesses and recruiting new desirable ones in appropriate locations in ways that meet the needs of Kittery residents, and are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this Plan for a full documentation of Existing Conditions.

Kittery has several commercial and industrial areas across town at varying levels of maturity and build-out. Each area has its own

unique opportunities and challenges, but all offer viable options to continue to build the Town's commercial tax base, employment base, and range of goods and services.

- Kittery has a unique mix of business types and economic development areas that support a relatively large labor force for the size of the town. This provides job opportunities for residents, brings in a daytime population that may spend money in Kittery businesses, and stimulates a healthy commercial tax base. For examples, the area around the Route 1 Outlet Mall and the Foreside are the two highest tax producing location in Kittery on a per acre basis.
- As it stands today, the area around the Outlet Mall continues
  to be successful despite a slight uptick in vacancies.
  Residents recognize this may not always be the case, and
  have encouraged the Town to look for ways to provide
  property owners with the tools appropriate for
  redevelopment options for when the outlets change over
  time. Many would like to see this area become a mixed-use
  center that includes jobs, housing, open space, and
  recreation opportunities connected by a multi-modal
  transportation network.
- Residents and businesses recognize the value of the Foreside. It is an economic center in the form of a quant livable historic New England town center with the ability to attract residents and visitors alike. The continued success of the Foreside is vital to Kittery's future, and provides a unique space to work, shop, eat, and gather with friends and neighbors. The Town should continue to foster, encourage, and invest in the success of this area.

- The primary employers in Kittery are manufacturing and retail businesses, but the majority of Kittery residents are employed in the healthcare, professional services, and retail sectors. Kittery's unemployment rate has been steadily decreasing over the last five years, to a low of 3 percent. The Town should consider completing an economic development plan to look specifically at future opportunities to support the current businesses and look for opportunities to expand the commercial base and employment opportunities.
  - Evaluate through planning and market analyses, the range of options for the area around the Route 1 Outlet Mall would help set the stage for future regulatory change and possible infrastructure investments.
  - Engage the local business community and large commercial land holders in regular and sustained dialogue about what changes would further economic development opportunities in Kittery.
  - Remain flexible and nimble in unique economic development areas like the Foreside or Gourmet Alley to ensure these locations remain eclectic and interesting.
  - o While Kittery does have a highly educated workforce, not all residents and employees in town have access to highskilled high-wage jobs. It is also important that the Town encourages the development of a variety of housing types at a variety of price points to ensure residents of all incomes can find housing they can afford.
- The Town has already invested substantial public funds into the extension of sewer service to the Business Park. The Town should work with local landowners, business groups,



and brokers to promote the location and amenities the Park has to offer.

 Within the healthcare employment sector, the number of businesses and number of employees have been increasing in Kittery. This may be a growing employment sector the Town should consider when marketing vacant space or land in Kittery. Other ways Kittery may consider marketing to the business community include:

- Engage in targeted outreach to business and industry sectors marketing Kittery's economic development areas (like the Business Park). The marketing effort could include attending industry conferences, talking with larger-scale developers, or using local and regional brokerage services.
- Consider hiring a full or part-time economic development staff person who works with the Planning Department and can serve as a liaison to the business community.
- Continue to update the Kittery Economic Development
   Opportunities website with fresh content and up to date
   contact information for Town staff. This website should
   also include a marketing page for specific properties in
   Town that are available for lease, sale, or new
   development.
- Encourage the formation of a business association or local chamber of commerce to complement the services offered by the York County Chamber of Commerce. This group could serve as a local advocate for the business community, weigh in on local decisions impacting the business community, and help market space and areas for future economic development.
- The PNS employers over **5,000** workers. This has helped increase jobs in high-skilled manufacturing by 34 percent since 2001. It has been noted throughout the planning process that many Kittery residents are not employed at the Shipyard, and there does not seem to be any direct synergies between the Shipyard and businesses in the Foreside. To help stimulate infill development in the Foreside that is consistent with the character of the area, the Town should:

- Reconsider how the Foreside boundaries are defined and allow for transition areas between the Foreside and adjoining districts. Also, consider expanding the Foreside if the demand is there.
- If and when town-owned property is available for development/redevelopment, consider offering the land at a reduced price in return for development options that reinforce the goals of the Comprehensive Plan in terms of housing and economic development.
- Create a streamlined permitting process for small businesses that is easy to read and follow. Consider designating a Town staff person in the planning department as a small business liaison to help with permitting and to be a resource for questions.
- Evaluate parking requirements in all business districts to ensure redevelopment, or new development, is not hampered by onerous or outdated regulations. This may be particularly useful in areas like Foreside where historically small parcels may be hard to redevelop with new parking regulations.
- The Town has established Tax Increment Financing in economic development areas in the hope of to stimulating new investment and drive the commercial tax base. TIF District 2 which supports that area around the Outlet Mall has been successful, while the Business Park TIF has been less successful than the town would have liked. The Town should evaluate the use of TIF to determine if this economic development incentive is producing the benefits intended. If it is, the Town may want to consider other locations where a TIF may be effective.

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are the recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Economic Development. See the Table at the end of the Implementation Chapter for specific Action Steps for achieving these. The Table includes a partial list of existing resources, Lead and Partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

GOAL STATEMENT 3.0: TO SUPPORT DESIRABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, BALANCE THE RELATIONSHIP WITH THE PORTSMOUTH NAVAL SHIPYARD, AND INCREASE THE TOWN'S TAX BASE WHILE ALSO PROVIDING LOCAL JOBS.

- 3.1. ATTRACT AND RETAIN BUSINESSES TO SUSTAIN THE VIBRANT CENTER AT FORESIDE THAT PROVIDES RESIDENTS AND VISITORS WITH PLACES TO GO AND SPACES TO GATHER.
- 3.1.1. Encourage the collaboration of existing parties concerned with Kittery's economic development.
- 3.1.2. Evaluate recommendations from the Foreside Forums

## 3.2. CONTINUE TO PROMOTE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN AREAS ALREADY IDENTIFIED BY THE TOWN.

- 3.2.1. Undertake a town-wide Economic Development Study.
- 3.2.2. Establish resources to continually update the Kittery Economic Development Opportunities website with fresh content and up to date contact information for Town staff.
- 3.2.3. Consider the benefits of hiring an economic development staff person or other strategy to accomplish objective.
- 3.2.4. Continue to explore possibility of state legislation that would allow municipalities additional taxing options.
- 3.2.5. Consider and explore redevelopment options for the Water District parcel.
- 3.3. DEVELOP GUIDELINES FOR THE FUTURE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE RT. 1 CORRIDOR<sup>2</sup> INTO A MIXED-USE, PEDESTRIAN-ORIENTED AREA.
- 3.3.1.Engage property owners and businesses in a process to explore mutually beneficial options for the potential future redevelopment of the area

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rt. 1 Corridor includes Outlet Malls and the Route 1 Bypass.

3.3.2. Evaluate through planning and market analyses, the range of options for the area that includes the Route 1 Outlet Mall that would help set the stage for future regulatory change and possible infrastructure investments.

## 3.4. SUPPORT THE MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING JOBS AND THE CREATION OF JOBS FOR A VARIETY OF SKILL SETS AND RANGE OF SALARIES.

- 3.4.1. Create a streamlined permitting process for small businesses that is easy to read and follow.
- 3.4.2. Remain flexible and nimble in unique economic development areas like the Foreside or Gourmet Alley to ensure these locations remain eclectic and interesting.
- 3.4.3. Continue to support Kittery's maritime-based economy including the fishing and lobster industry by maintaining access to the working waterfront and creating innovative avenues to connect fishing to the local economy.
- 3.4.4. Work cooperatively with other York County municipalities to explore regional approaches to economic development.

### 3.5. ATTRACT NEW BUSINESSES TO THE BUSINESS PARK.

- 3.5.1. Consider engaging the services of a consultant to complete an economic/feasibility study for the Business Park area.
- 3.5.2. Continue to engage in targeted outreach to identified business and industry sectors marketing Kittery's economic development areas.

#### RELATED STRATEGIES IN OTHER TOPIC AREAS

Encourage a mix of housing types and price point in Kittery. This will help ensure employees have a place to live, and Kittery residents can afford to remain in their homes and contribute to the local economy. (See Housing Section for specific strategies)

- 8.3.5. Look for opportunities to leverage town-owned land or buildings to support town-wide goals for housing and job creation.
- 8.3.6. Encourage innovative makerspaces (do-it-yourself) DIY spaces that afford artists and small business owners with space to create, invent, and learn in the Foreside, alongside modest retail opportunities for galleries and sales.
- 8.4.1. Increase the long-term viability of the working waterfront through coordination with fishermen and protection of piers and dockside facilities.

8.4.2. Look for ways to allow and/or support unique business ideas along the waterfront that integrate traditional marinerelated businesses with new and innovative business ventures. Ensure that use definitions and permitting processes do not restrict innovative ideas for keeping marine-related jobs and industries financially-viable in Kittery.

8.6. Explore feasibility of development in the business park



#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

Environmental Stewardship	By focusing economic development in locations that are already served by transportation and public utility infrastructure, the Town will reduce the amount of impervious surface and impact to local water resources.
Health & Wellness	A strong economy provides jobs to many Kittery residents, which in turn provides a steady stream of income that can be spent on healthcare, healthy foods, and recreation opportunities.
Economic & Social Vitality	<ul> <li>Preserving existing amenities, historic buildings, and landscapes, Kittery will further promote tourism as a major sector of the local economy.</li> <li>A high labor force participation rate means more Kittery residents are working, have a reliable source of income, and are therefore more likely to spend money locally to support Kittery's network of businesses.</li> </ul>

### HOUSING



A typical older single-family home in Kittery.

#### **STATE OF MAINE Goal:**

To encourage and promote affordable, decent housing opportunities for all Maine citizens.

Growth Management Act 30-A M.R.S.A. 4312-4350

GOAL STATEMENT 4: TO PROVIDE A RANGE OF HOUSING TYPES TO MEET THE NEEDS OF INDIVIDUALS THROUGHOUT THEIR LIFECYCLE AND TO SUPPORT RESIDENTS WITH A RANGE OF INCOMES

**Objective 4.1.** Attract young people and retain residents with a variety of incomes

**Objective 4.2.** Support elderly residents' ability to age in place

#### **OVERVIEW**

Housing is an essential component of day-to-day life for every man, woman, and child. It can be a source of pride and happiness, but can also be a source of concern, particularly for those residents who are living in housing that is may be unaffordable to them based on their household income. As the cost of living in Maine escalates, many struggle to cut costs without detrimentally impacting their quality of life. In many cases, it is challenging for residents to make changes when it comes to housing.

Throughout the comprehensive planning process, residents of Kittery showed interest in looking for ways to expand housing choices in town. Many residents expressed their desires for supporting additional affordable housing development, ensuring employees who are in Kittery for short-term employment have an affordable place to live, and looking for ways to support seniors who want to downsize but still remain in the community.

Topic area #4 of the comprehensive plan focuses on creating housing at different price points, in a variety of locations, and of different styles and sizes to support the needs of Kittery residents.

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the comprehensive planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about the wishes for the future of Kittery. Forums included the following:

- three town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- committee presence at several town events
- a continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- comment boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center
- a poll on election day regarding top recommendations

Detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the plan.

### ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic Area #4 of the comprehensive plan focuses on providing a range of housing types to serve the needs of all residents of all income levels, and is consistent with the plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this plan for full documentation of existing conditions.

 Kittery's median home value for owner-occupied housing is lower than surrounding communities<sup>1</sup>, but the median month rent for renter-occupied units is higher. As housing demand grows and prices increase, it will be important for the Town to consider ways of increasing access to affordable housing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Surrounding communities used for comparison include York, Eliot, Newington, and Portsmouth.

- While many new single-family homes have high price points and tax bills, the more compact development pattern found in locations like the Foreside actually produce more property taxes per acre than homes in places like Gerrish Island.
- There is a need to address housing challenges for foreign students working seasonally at Kittery businesses.
- The increasing senior population in Kittery will need housing appropriately designed, sized, and located to accommodate this growing population.
- Since 2005, a majority of the new housing built has located north of Spruce Creek to the east of Route 1, and in the area north of Route 101 and west of Route 1. These were areas the previous comprehensive plan designated as limited to no growth. The predominate development pattern in these areas has been single-family subdivisions with houses on large lots.
- It will be important to determine if the current lot area minimums in the zoning districts covering the no/limited growth areas are effective.
- The dimensional requirements in Kittery's zoning are designed in such a way as to discourage larger multi-family buildings in some of the key areas residents would like to see them. This is true of the Mixed-Use Zoning along Route 1 which has very high lot size and square foot per dwelling unit requirements. Multi-family developments are dominated by buildings that have fewer than nine units, highlighting the fact

that multi-family developments of a larger size and scale are not being built in Kittery.

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Housing. See the table at the end of the implementation chapter for specific action steps for achieving these. The table includes a partial listing of existing resources, lead and partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

GOAL STATEMENT 4: TO PROVIDE A RANGE OF HOUSING TYPES TO MEET THE NEEDS OF INDIVIDUALS THROUGHOUT THEIR LIFECYCLE AND TO SUPPORT RESIDENTS WITH A RANGE OF INCOMES

## 4.1 ATTRACT YOUNG PEOPLE, RETAIN RESIDENTS, AND SUPPORT EMPLOYEES WITH A VARIETY OF INCOMES

- 4.1.1 Undertake a housing plan with strategies to better understand the housing supply and demand, and achieve affordable housing goals;
- 4.1.2. Create a housing committee or housing trust;
- 4.1.3. Adopt inclusionary zoning as a way to create more affordable housing in Kittery;

- 4.1.4. Update zoning regulations to encourage multi-family housing where appropriate;
- 4.1.5 Provide tax incentives or modified dimensional and parking standards for developers who create housing in desirable locations at a variety of price points; and
- 4.1.6 Work with area employers to set up a volunteer or paid housing program where employees on a J-1 visa can stay with Kittery residents.

### 4.2. SUPPORT ELDERLY RESIDENTS' ABILITY TO AGE IN PLACE

- 4.2.1 Create a tax incentive program to lower property taxes for senior residents;
- 4.2.2 Update zoning regulations to allow for different housing types that meet the needs of today's senior residents;
- 4.2.3 Provide incentives for developers to take advantage of Kittery's cluster zoning ordinance, particularly if affordable housing is provided. This may include expedited permitting, reduced application fees, relaxed dimensional standards, relaxed parking standards where applicable; and
- 4.2.4. Encourage any new developments restricted to seniors is within a safe walking distance to nearby amenities and/or supported by a local public transit option.

#### RELATED STRATEGIES FROM OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 3.3.1. Engage property owners and businesses in a process to explore mutually beneficial options for potential redevelopment of the area (could include mixed use, housing above retail).
- 8.1.3. Continue efforts to encourage development to locate in areas where public utilities are already provided.
- 8.1.4. Continue efforts to direct new commercial and multi-family residential development to existing commercial, industrial, and urban/suburban residential districts.
- 8.1.5. Encourage the protection of open space and landscape features within development and/or in the limited growth areas (review and revise the Cluster Development requirements to encourage its use).
- 8.1.6. Consider adding provisions to support the adaptive reuse of existing historic structures (Consider adopting an Adaptive Reuse Ordinance).
- 8.1.7. Consider amending zoning to provide for more affordable housing (consider adoption of inclusionary housing ordinance and other regulations to encourage and support the provision of a range of affordable housing types).
- 8.2.2. Revisit the Cluster Ordinance to ensure it is effective in meeting its objectives.

- 8.3.3. Reduce land area per dwelling unit requirements for multifamily housing.
- 8.3.5. Look for opportunities to leverage town-owned land or buildings to support town-wide goals for housing and job creation.
- 9.1.5. Monitor, plan for, and mitigate the potential impacts on climate change on Kittery's built environment (Consider developing regulations that add submission requirements to projects within 250 feet of a coastal wetland such that the design takes into account sea level rise).

#### HOUSING AND THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

Environmental Stewardship	Developing housing in locations that are already served by public utilities and an existing transportation network will help cut down on greenfield development in Kittery.
Health & Wellness	Co-locating housing and employment opportunities and connecting them with a sidewalk and bike network will provide healthy transportation choices that make it easier to get around without a car.
Economic & Social Vitality	<ul> <li>Encouraging a mix of housing types and price points will provide options to Kittery residents who want to stay in town, and age in place. This will help preserve the social fabric of the town.</li> <li>A mix of housing types and price points will encourage businesses to locate and stay in Kittery because their employees can find housing that meets their needs at a price point that matches with their household income.</li> </ul>

#### **ENDNOTES**

Portsmouth, NH. Article highlighting a discussion regarding inclusionary zoning and affordable housing. <a href="http://www.seacoastonline.com/news/20160511/portsmouth-panel-seeks-affordable-housing-solutions">http://www.seacoastonline.com/news/20160511/portsmouth-panel-seeks-affordable-housing-solutions</a>

Portland, ME. Link to their housing committee as an example.

http://www.portlandmaine.gov/582/Housing-Committee

#### **Tiny Houses**

http://thetinylife.com/what-is-the-tiny-house-movement/

#### **Co-Housing**

http://www.cohousing.org/what\_is\_cohousing

### **TRANSPORTATION**



Bicycling is a popular means of transportation throughout Kittery.

#### **STATE OF MAINE Goal:**

To plan for, finance and develop an efficient system of public facilities to accommodate anticipated growth and economic development.

(Growth Management Act 30-A M.R.S.A. 4312-4350)

GOAL STATEMENT 5: TO IMPROVE SAFETY AND EASE OF GETTING AROUND TOWN AND BETTER CONNECT THE "PIECES" OF KITTERY. PROVIDE ALTERNATIVES TO AUTOMOBILE TRAVEL WITH SAFE AND PLEASANT BIKE ACCOMMODATIONS AND WALKING PATHS.

**Objective 5.1.** Address traffic safety and congestion

**Objective 5.2.** Make walking and biking safe and pleasant

**Objective 5.3.** Explore ways of providing non-vehicular modes of transportation

**Objective 5.4.** Explore ways of increasing parking options

#### **OVERVIEW**

An efficient transportation system is one that provides safe and well maintained facilities for all of its users. While most towns have relied on an auto-centric transportation system beginning in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century, there has been a recent shift to provide a better balance between automobile travel and non-auto travel alternatives including walking, bicycling, transit and ridesharing. Walking and biking facilities promote more social interaction in the community, provide opportunities for exercise for the entire population, and have less of a negative impact on the environment. An efficient transportation system will serve the following users:

- Commuters who must drive to their drive jobs
- Residents to travel to town to shop, get services and eat
- Parents with young children
- Students
- Teenagers
- The elderly
- Persons with mobility challenges
- Residents without vehicles
- Businesses
- Tourists and visitors
- Through-traffic including trucks
- Emergency services
- Travel for recreation

Throughout the comprehensive planning process, citizens of Kittery showed interest in making walking and biking more possible and improving pedestrian and bicycle infrastructures, traffic operations and safety. They also had a desire for a townwide shuttle and they supported specific parking strategies, such as developing a town-wide parking plan and considering establishing a centrally located parking area with trolleys/shuttle buses. They were concerned about traffic especially related to the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard (PNS).

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the comprehensive planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about the wishes for the future of Kittery. Forums included the following:

- three town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- committee presence at several town events
- a continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- comment boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center
- a poll on election day regarding top recommendations

Detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the plan.

## ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic Area #5 of the comprehensive plan focuses on addressing traffic safety and congestion; making walking and biking safe and pleasant; providing alternative modes of transportation; and increasing parking options, and is consistent with the plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this plan for full documentation of existing conditions.

#### **AUTOMOBILE TRAFFIC**

- Kittery is the largest work destination for Kittery residents and for residents in the KACTS communities. This is mainly because of the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard (PNSY) in Kittery, which is also the major traffic generator on local streets in Kittery. Traffic backing up into residential neighborhoods during the daytime shift change is a major issue. Coordinating with PNSY about expanding the existing shuttle bus service and providing central and satellite parking facilities for PNSY workers may help alleviate this situation.
- The number of trips for all travel modes in Kittery has increased since 2000, except for the drive alone trips, which have decreased. The percent of workers who biked or worked at home increased significantly in 2010-2014 compared to 2000. In Kittery, the number of workers who worked at home almost doubled since 2000. This helps to reduce traffic at peak hours, but may account for some of the

increase in a desire to make Kittery more walkable and bike friendly.

- Kittery has 73.42 miles of roadways, including Interstate 95. The highway interchanges in Kittery comprise of approximately 1.5% of the total town land area. The interchanges have a significant impact on existing and future land use and development. Interchanges occupy many acres of land that are unavailable for development and/or local circulation.
- Recently built residential developments on the northern side of Kittery (for example, off of Haley Road) are characterized with long dead-end streets (cul-de-sacs), which limit access and prevent connectivity to the roadway network.
- Most of the roadway segments experienced a decrease in ADT volume between 2010 and 2013. ADT on Shapleigh Road increased up to 22% during this period.
- When I-95 experiences congestion, particularly during summer months, local roadways experience congestion and are used as cut-throughs.
- There were nine high crash locations (six of them are intersections and three are segments of roadway) in Kittery between 2013 and 2015. Identifying improvements needed at critical intersections (including signal optimization and coordination) and roadways would optimize capacity and improve operations, mobility and safety.

#### **PARKING**

With the recent addition of new restaurants and shops,
 parking demand has increased in the Foreside area. Some
 residents have indicated that it is difficult to park in this area
 during peak periods, particularly during the summer.
 Management of spaces may improve parking efficiency,
 which may make it easier to walk or bike. A Town-wide
 Parking Management Plan would help evaluate parking
 supply, demand and utilization in Downtown Kittery and
 commercial areas and may improve parking efficiency.

#### WALKING AND BIKING

- Route 103 is a narrow, winding roadway shared by vehicles, motorcycles, and bicyclists, particularly on warm weather weekends, often making it unsafe for bicycle travel. Bicycle-pedestrian projects on Route 103 are listed in the MaineDOT Work Plan for Calendar Years 2015-2016-2017. The design and construction standards for streets and pedestrian ways provided in the Land Use and Development Code of Kittery include design standards for sidewalks but do not provide standards for bicycle accommodations.<sup>1</sup>
- Most of the sidewalks in Kittery are along US Route 1 and in the Foreside area. The Sidewalk Condition Report, which



While many workers at the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard commute by bicycle, the bulk of employees arrive by vehicle, either individually or in carpools.

includes inventory of sidewalks, has not been updated since 2000. Updating the Sidewalk Condition Report would help identify gaps and improvements needed in sidewalks and developing a Bike Plan would help in identifying specific bicycle improvements, schedule and funding. The Kittery Area Comprehensive Transportation System (KACTS) has completed a study with Kittery to identify opportunities to make Route 1 Bypass more bike and pedestrian friendly.

 Developing a Complete Streets policy would accommodate all modes of transportation and make streets attractive and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Town of Kittery. *Title 16 Land Use and Development Code.* Recodified on July 26, 2010 and latest amendment made on October 26, 2015. Page 178.

safe which would encourage more pedestrian and biking activities.

 Kittery does not participate in the MaineDOT Safe Routes to School (SRTS) Program. However, due to the location of the elementary school, this program may have limited benefit.

#### **PUBLIC TRANSIT**

- In Kittery, COAST provides year round limited transit services.
   Out of five COAST routes, four are express commuter routes.
- The existing public transit services in Kittery are mainly commuter services that serve the PNSY. Evaluating the potential for a town-wide shuttle service on main routes in Kittery, evaluating potential for car-sharing opportunities such as Zipcar and developing regulations for ride-sourcing services such as Uber and Lyft would promote alternative modes of transportation as well as connect Kittery to other towns. There used to be shuttle bus service that operated on Route 103 in Kittery, but it has not been provided for several years. It may be desirable to revisit this concept.
- Paratransit service, ridesharing programs and van services are available to Kittery residents through various organizations. These can help to reduce traffic congestion.

The following is a preliminary list of issues, challenges and opportunities posed by the findings of the inventory of existing conditions of Kittery's transportation system:

- Traffic issues around Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, Route 1, Memorial Bridge, Haley Road;
- No public transit service;
- Perceived lack of parking issues in Foreside and shoreline areas;
- Limited bicycle facilities;
- Limited existing pedestrian facilities;
- Opportunities to develop Complete Streets policy and evaluate roadway standards for complete streets; and
- The ongoing Sarah Mildred Long Bridge replacement project, which is scheduled to open to traffic in September 2017. The project is scheduled to be completed by June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2018.<sup>2</sup>

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are the recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Transportation. See the **table** at the end of the implementation chapter for specific action steps for achieving these. The table includes a partial listing of existing resources, lead and partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MaineDOT. The Sarah Mildred Long Bridge Replacement - The Regional River Crossing. <a href="http://maine.gov/mdot/sml/">http://maine.gov/mdot/sml/</a>

#### **TOPIC AREA 5: TRANSPORTATION**

GOAL STATEMENT 5: TO IMPROVE SAFETY AND EASE OF GETTING AROUND TOWN AND BETTER CONNECT THE "PIECES" OF KITTERY. PROVIDE ALTERNATIVES TO AUTOMOBILE TRAVEL WITH SAFE AND PLEASANT BIKE ACCOMMODATIONS AND WALKING PATHS.

#### 5.1 ADDRESS TRAFFIC SAFETY AND CONGESTION

- 5.1.1 Create a Transportation Advisory Committee
- 5.1.2 Identify measures to improve operations, mobility and safety
- 5.1.3 Maintain public roadways, sideways, bike paths and trails

### 5.2 MAKE WALKING AND BIKING SAFE AND PLEASANT

- 5.2.1 Improve pedestrian and bicycle facilities by providing and developing sidewalks, walking trails and bike paths
- 5.2.2 Update **Land Use and Development Code** of Town of Kittery to include standards for bicycle accommodations
- 5.2.3 Develop Complete Streets Policy
- 5.2.4 Promote pedestrian and bicycle education

### 5.3 EXPLORE WAYS OF PROVIDING NON-VEHICULAR MODES OF TRANSPORTATION

- 5.3.1 Improve transit service and connections
- 5.3.2 Promote alternative modes of transportation
- 5.3.3 Consider bike sharing alternatives
- 5.3.4 Consider boat taxis
- 5.3.5 Promote sustainable green transportation practices.

### 5.4 EXPLORE WAYS OF INCREASING PARKING OPTIONS

- 5.4.1 Evaluate town-wide current parking conditions and parking policies
- 5.4.2 Maximize parking efficiency and explore shared parking opportunities

#### **TOPIC AREA 5: TRANSPORTATION**

#### RELATED STRATEGIES FROM OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 3.3.2. Evaluate the range of options for the Route 1 Corridor that would help set the stage for future regulatory change and possible infrastructure investments (including for transportation systems).
- 6.1.1. Develop a public education campaign to inform boaters of navigational challenges.
- 6.1.2. Explore the possibilities of providing shared parking working with owners of Frisbee Store property.
- 6.1.6. For environmentally-sensitive and secluded locations like Seapoint Beach, encourage additional non-motorized visitors through the installation of bike racks and bike/pedestrian paths.
- 6.1.8. Install signage to parking lot at Mitchell School, which is available to public in summer and on non-school days, and offers overflow parking to Pepperrell Cove.
- 7.2.4. Support healthy lifestyle choices and wellness (improve and increase walking and biking infrastructure so that it is safe and pleasant.
- 7.3.2. Continue to provide engaging activities for residents of all ages (provide transportation options for young people and seniors).
- 9.3.1. Develop policies that lessen the efforts of the built environment on natural resources.

### TRANSPORTATION: THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

#### Environmental Stewardship

- The transportation recommendations promote use of alternative modes of transportation such as taking public transit, carpooling, walking, and biking, which can help decrease greenhouse gas emissions and reduce traffic congestion. Additionally, alternative modes of transportation can also help reduce carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, particulate matter and other pollutants emitted by motor vehicles.
- The recommendations also promote sustainable green transportation practices by incorporating measures such as evaluating the potential for providing electric car charging stations and evaluating feasibility of electric buses or trolleys, which help in reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

#### **TOPIC AREA 5: TRANSPORTATION**

### Health & Wellness

- The Transportation Implementation Plan promotes the health and wellness of Kittery's residents, workers and of the community as a whole by including measures that would make walking and biking safe and pleasant, and would promote alternative modes of transportation such as taking public transit and carpooling.
- These measures would provide opportunities for healthy lifestyle choices as well as support the recreational needs of all ages. Walking and biking provide health benefits and can be one part of an overall exercise program. Using public transportation versus driving alone can be less stressful since people do not have to worry about traffic congestion, tiredness, finding parking spaces, and traffic-related injuries and fatalities.

### Economic & Social Vitality

- kittery can promote all modes of transportation by applying a Complete Street policy to roadways. A Complete Street policy would help in creating safe streets and would encourage more pedestrian and biking activities which in turn promote vitality and energy in an area.
- Additionally, developing a Parking Management Plan; providing safe pedestrian connectivity between the parking areas and key destinations via sidewalks and bike paths; identifying gaps and improving sidewalks and bike paths; providing bicycle accommodations on roads can encourage more people to be physically as well as socially active, which would provide economic support to the local businesses.
- Carpooling and ride-sharing programs promote high occupancy vehicle travel and can lead to community building and social networking.
- All of these measures help to develop a place where people want to be and congregate, which generates opportunities for businesses to serve the population.

### MARINE RESOURCES



The Kittery waterfront along the Back Channel, a hub for commercial fishing and recreational boating, with the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, a key local employer, located across the channel.

#### State of Maine Goal:

To protect the State's marine resources industry, ports and harbors from incompatible development and to promote access to the shore for commercial fishermen and the public.

(Growth Management Act 30-A M.R.S.A. 4312-4350)

GOAL STATEMENT 6: TO PROTECT THE TOWN'S COASTLINE, THE WORKING WATERFRONT, AND ENSURE APPROPRIATE ACCESS TO AND ENJOYMENT OF THE WATER WHILE PROTECTING IT FROM ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

**Objective 6.1.** Increase access to the waterfront

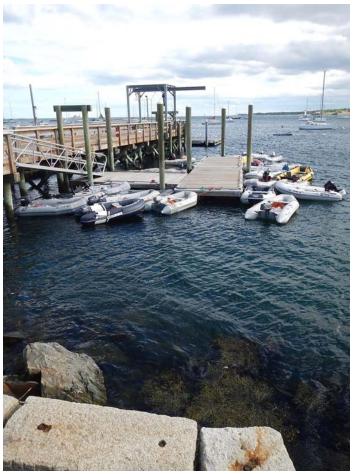
**Objective 6.2.** Promote working waterfront

Objective 6.3. Protect marine resources

#### **OVERVIEW**

Throughout the comprehensive planning process, citizens of Kittery identified the town's marine resources as central to the identity and economy of the community. With its mix of ocean shorelines, bays, estuaries, public parks, and working waterfront, it is one of Kittery's prized assets, and a core component of the community's character. The resources are also widely appreciated by residents, and there is widespread agreement on the importance of their preservation, and where possible, enhancement. While the busy boating piers, major public parks, and the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard may be the best known aspects of the Kittery waterfront, the estuaries, creeks, and backbays provide extensive opportunities for public access and are valuable natural resource areas. Marine resources in Kittery include 34 miles of shoreline, with rock outcrops, salt marshes, sandy beaches, waterfront recreational areas, coves and moorings, commercial marinas, and the major federal shipbuilding and repair facility at the Naval Shipyard.

In the adjacent offshore areas are Badger's Island, Seavey (site of the Naval Shipyard) and Wood Island, site of the Wood Island Life Saving Station, which is now under renovation. The Isles of Shoals archipelago are a unique historic site and active harbor and destination for visitors. Important waterfront natural areas include Seapoint Beach, Rachel Carson National Wildlife Refuge, Fort Foster, and Fort McClary. The primary Town-operated mooring is Pepperrell Cove, which has a large wharf, two piers, slips, the main mooring field, dinghy tie-up, boat launch, Harbor Master's office, trash disposal facilities, and bathroom. Government Street Wharf, in the Foreside, is a key facility for



Dinghies tied up at Fishing Pier at Pepperrell Cove, the primary Town-operated mooring facility

commercial fishermen to load and unload their vessels and has a marine hoist. At the Traip Academy, there is a boat launch, floats, and a small dinghy area, which some boaters use to access their

moorings in the Back Channel, the second largest mooring field in Kittery.

To preserve, protect, and best utilize these resources, residents of Kittery will need to concentrate on a number of issues. While residents appreciate the beauty of the local waterways, not all may understand the extent of the resources' role in the local economy, contribution to property values, and as core components of what makes Kittery a unique place. The environmental impacts of activities such as lawn fertilization, dog walking, and property development are also not fully understood or accounted for. The Town-operated marinas are well-managed, but 12-15 year waiting lists for moorings limits the ability of new users to utilize them. There are concerns about the availability of parking in numerous locations, accompanied by concerns that increasing access will strain environmentally sensitive areas. Underlying all of these discussions are rising sea levels, water temperatures, and increased risks from flooding. The management of Kittery's marine resources will need to take the both the day-to-day concerns and the longer-term changing circumstances into account.

Topic area #6 of the comprehensive plan focuses on protecting the town's marine resources by encouraging residents, business owners, and visitors to identify opportunities to increase access to the waterfront where needed and without causing undue impact on adjacent properties, support the economic viability of marine-based industries (including fishing and lobstering) through protection of landside facilities such as docks, and continue to monitor and improve water quality and overall health of the waterways through reduction in pollutants.

Recommendations regarding Marine Resources were developed based on an assessment of existing conditions, public input, best practice, input from Town Department Heads and relevant Boards and Committees, as well as a review by the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee and Planning Board.

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the Comprehensive Planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about and wishes for the future of Kittery; forums included the following:

- 3 town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- Committee presence at several Town events
- A continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- Comment Boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center.
- A poll on election day regarding top recommendations

A detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the Plan.

### ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic area #6 of the comprehensive plan focuses on maintaining and improving the waterfront areas of Town in a way that meets the needs of Kittery residents, and is consistent with the

Comprehensive Plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this Plan for a full documentation of Existing Conditions.

- Demand for access to the waterfront and for boating access is consistently high, and at peaks times, can be greater than the ability of existing landside facilities and moorings to meet. Much of the shoreline is privately owned or in dedicated public parks or conservation land, and sites suitable for development of marina/launch facilities are limited. Challenges include exposure to rapid currents in the Piscataqua River, exposure to ocean winds and waves, and limited land area suitable for parking and marina construction.
- Storm winds and waves limit opportunities for additional moorings in exposed areas such as Fort Foster. The floats are vulnerable to damage during storms.
- As a coastal community with a densely-developed shoreline, extensive waterfront recreational areas, and a working waterfront, Kittery is going to experience direct impacts from sea level rise. Gulf of Maine waters are warming faster than 99.8% of the world's oceans, with 5.5 degrees Fahrenheit of increase in the last decade. Kittery has not developed a sea level rise or climate adaptation plan, unlike the nearby communities of Exeter and Wells, and Portsmouth, NH.
- A significant portion of the available parking at Pepperrell Cove is in a lot across Route 103/Pepperrell Road. While the lot is deed-restricted as parking, the property is in private

- ownership and the deed restriction does not require the parking lot to be available to the general public.
- The Town-operated mooring facilities at Pepperrell Cove and Traip Academy are heavily used, there is a 12-15 year waiting list for moorings, and there is no available space at these locations for installation of additional moorings. Traip Academy is well-suited for launching trailerable boats and kayaks.
- Swift currents in the Piscataqua can pose a hazard to small vessels, particularly to human-powered craft such as kayaks.
   Boaters, particularly visitors to Kittery, who want to kayak or sail on the Piscataqua should be made aware of tides and currents.



Commercial fishing boats docked adjacent to the Government Street Wharf in the Kittery Foreside

- Run-off and direct source pollution have led to the contamination of area waters and to shellfishing restrictions, with prohibitions in certain areas. Major sources affecting the Piscataqua River are wastewater treatment plants (WWTP) outfalls from South Berwick and Kittery, and from Portsmouth and Newington in New Hampshire. The Portsmouth Naval Shipyard is also a major pollution and effluent source. Portsmouth is upgrading its Pierce Island treatment plant but the facility will bypass stormwater from secondary treatment during wet weather.
- The Spruce Creek watershed is identified by Maine Department of Environmental Protection as a "nonpoint source pollution priority watershed", and water quality is actively monitored by the Town of Kittery. Water quality is further threatened by development pressure in the watershed, and there are no restrictions on pesticide and fertilizer use.
- The numerous waterfront public areas, such as Fort Foster and Seapoint Beach, are widely used and regarded as major assets by the community. There are concerns about the impacts the users have on the parks, with the issue of dog waste (and also horse waste at Rogers Park) a primary concern.
- Residents are divided on whether to build facilities, e.g., parking, for increased usage of certain parks. Some residents have called for expanded access, while others feel increased usage will be damaging to environmentally sensitive

locations. There is also a difference of opinion on whether any increased access should be open to all or limited to Kittery residents.

- There is at present no fixed location public pumpout facility from Great Bay to the Portsmouth Harbor entrance. While there is a State-operated pumpout boat, it has limited hours and capacity. Thus, it can be difficult for boat owners to dispose of waste in an environmentally responsible fashion.
- Long-term siltation in Pepperrell Cove and a lack of dredging have decreased available water depths. The sedimentation, and moreover, the limited space for maneuvering within the mooring field prohibits the passage of larger vessels. These factors limit the draft and size of boats able to access the moorings and piers.
  - The town's many scenic views, including views of the water, are currently unprotected by town ordinances.
     Additionally, ordinances do not regulate fence height and placement which have potential to obstruct many waterfront views.
  - Due to underlying soil conditions, septic system failures have been reported in areas near the border with York, ME. This is long-term problem first evaluated in the late 1990s. The area is considered as high-value for land conservation, and is also facing development pressure.



The Kittery Harbor Master's office at Pepperrell Cove

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are the recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Marine Resources. See the Table at the end of the Implementation Chapter for specific Action Steps for achieving these. The Table includes a partial list of existing resources, Lead and Partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

**GOAL STATEMENT 6.0:** TO PROTECT THE TOWN'S COASTLINE, THE WORKING WATERFRONT, AND ENSURE APPROPRIATE ACCESS TO AND ENJOYMENT OF THE WATER WHILE PROTECTING IT FROM ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

### OBJECTIVE 6.1 ENSURE APPROPRIATE ACCESS TO THE WATERFRONT

- 6.1.1. Develop a public education campaign to inform boaters about safe boating practices and the navigational challenges and hazards in area waterways.
- 6.1.2. Explore the possibilities of providing shared parking working with owners of Frisbee Store property.
- 6.1.3. Explore opportunities for water-based visitation to Kittery, such as a water-taxi from Portsmouth, and to provide a docking location for existing boat trips (such as the various harbor tours) to drop off visitors in Kittery.
- 6.1.4. Publish a map to existing points of access for boaters, particularly kayaks and small craft that can be launched from trailers or hand-carried. The sites shown should be appropriate in size, location, adjacent land uses, and access (e.g.; availability of parking).
- 6.1.5. Determine whether appropriate locations exist for additional public access to the water and waterfront.
- 6.1.6. For environmentally sensitive and secluded locations like Seapoint Beach, encourage additional non-motorized

- visitors through installation of bike racks and bike/pedestrian paths.
- 6.1.7. Continue collaboration with Wood Island Life Saving Station Association (WILSSA), including support for construction of a pier and restoration of the marine railway.
- 6.1.8. Install signs to parking lot at Mitchell School, which can serve as overflow parking for Pepperrell Cove in summer and on non-school days.
- 6.1.9. Install No Wake Zone signs and buoys where needed, including at Hicks Rocks, south of Route 103 Bridge.

#### **OBJECTIVE 6.2 PROTECT WORKING WATERFRONT**

- 6.2.1. Continue to support Kittery's maritime-based economy including the fishing and shellfishing industry by maintaining access to the working waterfront and creating innovative avenues to better connect fishing to the local economy.
- 6.2.2. Identify any needed improvements or operational changes to the Government Street Wharf.
- 6.2.3. Identify whether additional shoreside facilities for commercial access would benefit marine-based industries.
- 6.2.4. Evaluate whether any additional areas should be categorized as Commercial Fisheries/Maritime Uses (OZ-CFMU) zoning; this classification is located within the

- upland area 75 feet of the normal high-water line or to the property boundary line as identified on the Zoning Map.
- **6.2.5.** Consider conducting a dredging study to assess the costs, benefits, and options taking into consideration the potential environmental impacts.
- **6.2.6.** Develop a self-guided tour of the working waterfront.
- **6.2.7.** Provide information about the Working Waterfront Access Pilot Program and current use taxation program to owners of waterfront land uses to provide access to or support the conduct of commercial fishing activities

#### **OBJECTIVE 6.3 PROTECT MARINE RESOURCES**

- 6.3.1. Update the Harbor Management Plan
- 6.3.2. Undertake an education and advocacy effort to increase awareness in residents and business owners on effects of pollutants, pesticides, and stormwater runoff.
- 6.3.3. Evaluate the Town Code regarding use of pesticides and herbicides with chemicals, in waterfront areas or townwide.
- 6.3.4. Work with Portsmouth Naval Shipyard to identify and reduce impacts of flooding on the facility, and to lessen or eliminate outflows of pollutants and hazardous materials during floods and storms.

- 6.3.5. Identify a suitable site for storage of the town's floats during coastal storms, and prepare specific operational plans to move floats there in advance of storms.
- 6.3.6. Evaluate the feasibility/location of a boat waste pumpout facility.
- 6.3.7. Encourage owners of marine businesses and industries to participate in clean marina/boatyard programs
- 6.3.8. Work with local property owners, land trusts, and others to protect major points of physical and visual access to coastal waters especially along public ways in in public parks

#### RELATED STRATEGIES IN OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 8.4.3. Ensure creative and innovative uses in the Shoreland Overlay Zone do not have to go through an onerous approval process if and when they trigger a Special Exception permit.
- 9.1.1. Identify, monitor, plan, and mitigate the potential impacts of sea level rise.
- 9.1.2. Review and update the Town's Emergency Plan in case of extreme weather conditions
- 9.1.4. Monitor, plan for, and mitigate the potential effects of climate change on Kittery's natural resources
- 9.1.6. Identify, mitigate and take advantage of opportunities created by the potential impacts of climate change on Kittery's economy.

9.3.5. Increase public awareness regarding the need to protect the environment for future generations.



Environmental Stewardship	By maintaining and maximizing water quality and the health of its marine resources, Kittery will be safeguarding irreplaceable environmental assets for its future as a coastal community.
Health & Wellness	By improving water quality and facilitating access to the water and waterfront areas, Kittery will be promoting the health of its residents and their access to recreational and exercise opportunities.
Economic & Social Vitality	By protecting its working waterfront, Kittery will support a major sector of the local economy, and preserve a central aspect of its community character.
	By promoting a broad user base for its marine resources, Kittery will interest and involve many people from the community in its stewardship, and further increase its social capital as a community

MARINE RESOURCES: THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

# PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES AND FISCAL CAPACITY



Kittery Municipal Complex/Town Hall

#### **State of Maine Goal:**

To plan for, finance and develop an efficient system of public facilities and services to accommodate anticipated growth and economic development.

(Maine Growth Management Act ((30-A M.R.S.A. §§ 4312 - 4350)

**GOAL STATEMENT 7:** TO IMPROVE TOWN GOVERNANCE AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES; INCREASE FISCAL CAPACITY RESPONSIBLY

**Objective 7.1.** Improve Town governance and its ability to adapt to change

**Objective 7.2.** Maintain and improve municipal facilities

Objective 7.3. Provide adequate municipal services

**Objective 7.4.** Maintain and responsibly increase fiscal capacity

#### **OVERVIEW**

A town is in many ways characterized by its public facilities and the way in which it provides services. In a relatively small town such as Kittery, many of its public buildings, such as Town Hall, the Community Center and the schools, also serve as gathering places where residents meet one another. The condition of a municipality's public facilities send a message to newcomers by how much townspeople take care of their public buildings. The types or public services a municipality provides and the locations to which it provides these also send a message regarding what a municipality prioritizes (e.g. families with children, taking care of elderly, etc.) and where it would like development to occur (e.g. by providing water and sewage).

Maintaining acceptable levels of municipal services at a reasonable cost is an important planning and fiscal objective. Facilities planning and management can help meet this objective. To a large degree, the need for public facilities is directly related to the size of a community, that is, in general, the larger the population, the more children there will be in the school system and the more demand there will be for libraries, recreation, and public safety services. The availability and capacity limits of some services, such as water and sewer can affect the degree and even the actual location of growth. Shifts in demographics may also indicate a need to shift resources. For example, an increase in the number of seniors may mean a need for additional services for the elderly.

- Ultimately the facilities owned and maintained by a municipality reflect the types and levels of service that local residents are willing to fund, given available resources, and the type of Town that residents want to be
- Facilities management is a way to proactively identify facility needs and to balance the demands of growth and use with the financial resources of the community
- All municipalities must invest in preventive maintenance, repair and updating of their facilities
- As municipalities experience changes, for example, in population, investment in public facilities and services must be balanced with changing needs and financial resources

Climate adaptation and emergency preparedness have become increasingly important for a municipality to plan for. Coastal management is especially important for waterfront communities that have to plan for the expected rise in sea level.

#### **Fiscal Capacity**

The town's ability to maintain its facilities and to provide the type of services at the level desired by its residents is dependent upon maintaining and if possible, increasing its fiscal capacity. Fiscal capacity can be increased through increasing residential property taxes, increasing commercial tax rate, and/or by increasing the number of commercial establishments. Additionally, the State of Maine provides some revenue sharing funding back to each municipality based on a formula that accounts for State Valuation, population and tax assessment. Between the years of 2010 and 2015, Kittery's revenue sharing reimbursements declined by 23.5 %

In order to Kittery to continue to provide effective and efficient public facilities and services it will have to maintain and increase its fiscal capacity including by exploring new funding sources and entering into regional agreements for the provision of services when feasible.

Recommendations regarding Governance, Public Services and Facilities and Fiscal Capacity were developed based on an assessment of existing conditions, public input, best practice, input from Town Department Heads and relevant Boards and Committees, as well as a review by the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee and Planning Board.

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the Comprehensive Planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about and wishes for the future of Kittery; forums included the following:

- 3 town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- Committee presence at several Town events
- A continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- Comment Boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center.
- A poll on election day regarding top recommendations

A detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the Plan.

### ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic area #7 of the comprehensive plan focuses on improving governance, maintaining the Town's public facilities and provision of services in a way that meets the needs of Kittery residents, is fiscally responsible, and is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this Plan for a full documentation of Existing Conditions.

#### POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

- Kittery's population has been relatively stable over the past couple of decades, with a slight tendency towards declining, evident since 1970. While current population projections generally assume that the population will remain stable, it is possible that increasing development pressure in Portsmouth may result in more people moving to Kittery for the affordability of housing, good schools, and other amenities. An increase in the Town's population could affect the facilities and services needed.
- Kittery is an **aging** community. Between 2000 and 2014 residents age 55 to 64 increased by sixty-five percent (65%), and the number of elderly residents is expected to continue to increase. This is important in terms of the number and type of services that may be needed in the future.

#### PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES

- Kittery has adequate to very good public buildings, has done
  a fairly good job at maintaining its public buildings and with
  few exceptions there is adequate space to serve the existing
  population as well as any predictable (slight) future increase.
- There is an adequate amount of public meeting space available at the Town Hall, the public schools, the Library and the Community Center.
- The Kittery School Department operates three school buildings. The Traip Academy (high school) was renovated between 1989-1993 while the Mitchell and Shapleigh Schools upgraded their facilities in 2011. Currently the schools can comfortably accommodate enrollments with additional capacity for any future increases in the student population. Minor upgrades are needed at Traip Academy.
  - While the **school** population is not expected to increase significantly, enrollments have not been completely static. Up-to-date enrollment projections would help the school system to plan for any future changes in the numbers of students to be served.
- Additionally, the more our lives connect us in virtual ways, the
  more it becomes evident that we need real, actual, live
  connections. Providing places and opportunities for
  community interaction and gathering is becoming
  increasingly important. The Rice Public Library, Kittery
  Community Center, Town Hall, public piers, and possible

- public gathering spots in the Foreside are important to maintain and enhance.
- Kittery has a variety of indoor and outdoor recreational resources including The Kittery Community Center, 4 public piers, parks, beaches, conservation lands, playgrounds and athletic fields.
  - An Athletic Fields Study has identified the need for additional playing fields. Financing these will be a challenge.
  - The Community Center is continuing its efforts to expand revenue-generating activities so as to increase its financial independence. An expected increase in demand for pre-school, elder, and other services makes this feasible.
  - While some residents have expressed a desire for increased access (including boat ramps and parking) to the water, others have voiced a concern about becoming too accessible that may lead to crowding, but also a lack of an ability to absorb an increase (especially of visitors) because of a lack of parking. It would be beneficial for the Port Authority to develop a Strategic Plan to explore ways of balancing these and other potential conflicts.



The Frisbee Wharf is enjoyed by many Kittery residents.

- An increasing awareness regarding healthy living has resulted in more people interested in making fitness a part of everyday life. This results in a higher demand for recreation, both passive and active, for all ages, and therefore, there will be an increased need to fund such facilities as well as programs. Related to this trend is an increase in the number of people that would like to walk and bike both for recreation as well as a means of transportation. The Town will need to find ways of improving these connections, especially between public buildings, schools, recreational areas and other sites of interest.
- As the population ages, it will become important to provide more services geared to **elderly residents**. Kittery does not have a Council on Aging or a Senior Center. This is actually

aligned with current trends as the baby boomer demographic is less interested in participating in traditional senior-oriented activities in an age-segregated building. The Kittery Community Center concept with programming for all ages and opportunities for inter-generational activities is more inline with current and future concepts regarding caring for our elders. The KCC is also considering providing daycare for seniors in the future, also a trend.

- The Police Station, will being more than adequate to meet current and future needs in terms of space, may need to add staff to reflect the large day-time population which includes tourists (seasonal), shoppers (outlets), and employees (PNS). Additionally, regional dispatch for Police calls is expected to result in efficiencies.
  - The Police Department's participation in a new regional opiate addiction program to decriminalize addicts and connect them to treatment should result in a decrease in crime as reportedly, much of the criminal activity is related to drug activity.
- As it becomes increasingly difficult to recruit volunteers, the
   Fire Department should consider strategies such as
   regionalization, establishing a partial professional fire fighting
   staff, among other strategies.
- The Rice Library, a beautiful historic building, has experienced an increase in usage over the past years while simultaneously facing space shortages and other obstacles to efficient functioning. Libraries are changing their role and becoming more of a community center providing programming of all sorts to residents. A decision must be made regarding how to

- modernize the Rice Library either by constructing an addition to the existing building or by creating a new facility on another site.
- The demise of printed media combined with the lack of a local newspaper has resulted in the reliance and high usage of cable TV, social media and community bulletin boards for communication. As information is increasingly consumed in different ways, there may be a need to diversify the means of communication.
- Kittery's economy has a strong relationship with the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard. For example, both the Kittery Water District and the Town sewer system derive a significant portion of their usage and revenues from the Shipyard. If the status of the Shipyard were to change in the future resulting in a drop in usage, this could result in a significant shift in costs for available capacity to the other users of these systems. This does seem to be an issue in the near future, however, It is important to consider the impacts that any future changes in uses at the Shipyard could have on Kittery facilities and services.
- It will be important to **guide development**, both residential and commercial, to desired locations through the provision of utilities and services. It is important to work cooperatively with the Wastewater Treatment Department and the Kittery Water District to ensure that the provision of water and sewer services do not create undesirable development in the rural areas.

 While Kittery has taken steps to be mindful of the environment, it is important to be more proactive regarding the implementation of sustainability measures, especially with regard to sea level rise and climate adaptation. Raising awareness and encouraging the use of renewable energy sources is also critical to ensuring the future of the planet. (See Topic Area 9: Coastal Community Resilience).

#### FISCAL CAPACITY

- Kittery is currently in sound fiscal health. Current debt obligations are low as a percentage of total valuation, expenses are relatively stable, and revenues are rising.
- The Town needs to consider ways to increase its local valuation so that it can maintain its public facilities and continue to provide services at the current level. This can be done by encouraging development or improvement of property in town as a way to increased assessed value.
  - The Town's average tax bill for homeowners is high when compared to those of nearby towns. This could have the effect of pricing lower- and middle-income households out of Kittery. A loss in population will negatively impact future tax receipts.
  - The Town's commercial tax base is high relative to surrounding communities. There is an opportunity to attract additional businesses in the Business Park along Route 236. Sewer service has been extended to the area, and it is expected that water service will be provided by the developer in the near future.

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are the recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Governance, Public Facilities and Services and Fiscal Capacity. See the Table at the end of the Implementation Chapter for specific Action Steps for achieving these. The Table includes a partial list of existing resources, Lead and Partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

**GOAL STATEMENT 7.0:** TO IMPROVE TOWN GOVERNANCE AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES; INCREASE FISCAL CAPACITY RESPONSIBLY

### OBJECTIVE 7.1. IMPROVE TOWN GOVERNANCE AND ITS ABILITY TO ADAPT TO CHANGE

- 7.1.1. Ensure that planning and management processes are open, informative, inclusive, respectful and welcoming
- 7.1.2. Increase citizen engagement and access to government
- 7.1.3. Improve and increase communication
- 7.1.4. Support the implementation of the Comprehensive Plan goals

- 7.1.5. Look for additional funding sources to support implementation
- 7.1.6. Refine existing and develop new tools to help with planning and implementation
- 7.1.7. Consider new methods to recruit volunteers to serve on boards and committees
- 7.1.8. Continue to work with surrounding communities, and to the extent that is feasible, develop a mutually beneficial regional approach.
- 7.1.9. Continue to work with PNS to continue mutually beneficial relationship and to identify potential for additional areas of collaboration
- 7.1.10. Continue communication and collaboration across Town Departments

### OBJECTIVE 7.2. MAINTAIN AND IMPROVE MUNICIPAL FACILITIES

- 7.2.1. Develop a long-range plan for the library
- 7.2.2. Continue to provide high quality education to residents of all ages
- 7.2.3. Support renovation and plans for the expansion of programming at the Kittery Community Center
- 7.2.4. Support healthy lifestyle choices and wellness

7.2.5. Maintain and upgrade existing facilities

### OBJECTIVE 7.3. PROVIDE ADEQUATE MUNICIPAL SERVICES

- 7.3.1. Continue to ensure public safety is adequate for the community's needs
- 7.3.2. Continue to provide engaging activities for residents of all ages
- 7.3.3. Ensure our wastewater plans and services are consistent with our land use plans
- 7.3.4. Ensure our plans for the provision of water are consistent with our land use plans
- 7.3.5. Continue to reduce or eliminate polluted Stormwater runoff to the extent practicable
- 7.3.6. Provide services in a manner that results in attracting desired economic development in appropriate locations

### OBJECTIVE 7.4. MAINTAIN AND RESPONSIBLY INCREASE FISCAL CAPACITY

- 7.4.1. Continue to align fiscal capacity and capital investment plans
- 7.4.2. Continue to explore ways to increase fiscal capacity
- 7.4.3. Align the Capital Investment Plan with the municipal growth-related capital investments identified in the Comprehensive Plan.

#### RELATED STRATEGIES IN OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 8.1.1. Support the implementation of the Future Land Use Plan.
- 8.1.4. Continue efforts to encourage development to locate in areas where public utilities are already provided
- 8.1.8. Direct a minimum of 75% of new municipal growth-related investments into designated growth areas identified in the Future Land Use Plan.
- 9.1.1. Identify potential impacts, plan for, and mitigate sea level rise
- 9.1.2. Review and update Emergency Plan in case of emergency storm conditions

- 9.2.1. Develop a plan to transition to low and zero impact energy sources
- 9.2.2. Consider Town policy changes that encourage the use of renewable energy sources
- 9.3.2. Explore alternative and additional recycling options
- 9.3.4. Increase public awareness regarding the need to protect the environment for future generations

#### **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS**

The following Capital improvements are recommended in the Plan:

- Rice Library: The cost will vary depending on the decision regarding the location, renovation versus new construction, etc.
- Solid Waste Facility: minor repairs are needed to the facility. No cost estimate is available
- Sewer and Water Systems: No expansion is planned for the foreseeable future.

### PUBLIC FACILITIES, SERVICES AND FISCAL CAPACITY THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

Environmental	Reducing or eliminating polluted
Stewardship	Stormwater will help to protect the
	quality of the water.
Health & Wellness	Recommendations regarding increasing opportunities for recreation for all ages as well as providing biking and walking infrastructure that is safe and pleasant are aimed at promoting the health and wellness of Kittery residents.
Economic & Social Vitality	Facilities such as schools, the Community Center, the Rice Public Library, and the Municipal Complex act as gathering places for Kittery residents thus helping to build a sense of community.
	<ul> <li>Directing utilities, namely wastewater and water to areas where commercial development is desired, helps to promote economic development.</li> </ul>

### LAND USE



Historic, walkable development pattern in the Foreside in Kittery.

#### State of Maine Goal:

To encourage orderly growth and development in appropriate areas of each community, while protecting the state's rural character, making efficient use of public services, and preventing development sprawl.

(Growth Management Act 30-A M.R.S.A. 4312)

**GOAL STATEMENT 8:** ENSURE THAT THE TOWN'S REGULATIONS SUPPORT DESIRED LAND USES.

**Objective 8.1.** Update Town Code and apply land use regulations to guide desirable development in appropriate locations

**Objective 8.2.** Protect the area north of Spruce Creek

**Objective 8.3.** Sustain and build upon the vitality of the Foreside District

**Objective 8.4.** Protect the working waterfront

**Objective 8.5.** Support creative and viable redevelopment of the Route 1 Corridor (Outlet mall area and Rt. 1 By-pass)

**Objective 8.6.** Explore feasibility of development in the business park

### **EXISTING LAND USE**

#### **OVERVIEW**

Kittery is primarily a residential community with housing located in nearly every corner of the town, with the exception of the Outlet Malls along Route 1. Commercial areas, both large and small, are located along Route 1 and the Route 1 Bypass, Dennett Road, in the Foreside, and in pockets along Route 103. The Town has benefitted from a diverse mix of commercial growth over time, providing commercial tax revenues and jobs for residents. Kittery is also blessed with a wide range of open spaces which include everything from Federal lands in Rachel Carson, to farm preservation at Rustlewood. There is a feeling in town that new development, particularly residential subdivisions, are fragmenting open spaces and taking away some of the characteristics that make Kittery a scenic and special place.

The future land use map from the Comprehensive Plan completed in 1999 recommended that the Town concentrate growth along Route 1, in and around the Foreside, along Route 236 and the new Business Park, and in Kittery Point. Land north of Spruce Creek was largely set aside as Rural Conservation because of the natural resource areas, open spaces, agricultural land, and lack of public infrastructure. Unfortunately, most of the new residential development that occurred between 1999 and 2015 took place in the areas labeled Rural Conservation. These primarily took the

form of large lot single-family subdivisions on previously undeveloped land.

Historically, development that took place prior to 1970 in Kittery had a tendency to locate south of Spruce Creek and was much smaller in size creating the concentrated development pattern exemplified by the Foreside and Kittery Point. Throughout this Comprehensive Plan process, many residents have expressed a desire to have more compact, walkable development nodes in strategic locations across town that support a mix of residential and commercial uses. In addition to expanding the number of development nodes, there is also a desire to continue to support the revitalization of the Foreside and possibly expand its boundaries should the economics support such a decision.

In order to achieve the goals and desires of residents in Kittery, but still recognize the rights of property owners to develop their land; the Town will need to revisit zoning regulations. Incentivizing the change that is desired is one way to encourage land use outcomes. The Town should consider revisiting the mixed use districts along Route 1, the zoning for the Business Park, and the cluster development provision in the Town's land use and development code to determine if they are producing the desired outcomes and how changes could be administered to align more with the vision, goals, and strategies of this Comprehensive Plan.



**Kittery Trading Post** 

Topic area #8 of the comprehensive plan focuses on encouraging an orderly and well-though out growth pattern for the future. Kittery should invest in areas where development has already occurred or is planned to take place before considering further expansion into rural areas of town. This will help keep infrastructure and service costs down, and increase tax revenues by concentrating new development in higher density clusters.

Recommendations regarding Land Use were developed based on an assessment of existing conditions, public input, best practice, input from Town Department Heads and relevant Boards and Committees, as well as a review by the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee and Planning Board.

#### KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the Comprehensive Planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about and wishes for the future of Kittery; forums included the following:

- 3 town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- Committee presence at several Town events
- A continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- Comment Boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center.
- A poll on election day regarding top recommendations

A detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the Plan.

### ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic area #8 of the comprehensive plan focuses on guiding desired land uses in a way that meets the needs of Kittery residents, and is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this Plan for a full documentation of Existing Conditions.

- Since the completion of the 1999 Comprehensive Plan, 74 percent of residential development occurred in the Rural and Rural Conservation zoning districts. This equated to 758 acres of land that is now classified by the Town's Assessing Department as a residential land use. The overall intensity of development drops considerable as one travels from the south side of Kittery to the north side.
  - 52 percent of the land in Kittery falls within the Residential – Rural and Residential - Rural Conservation zoning districts. This comprises a majority of the land area in Kittery and an important resource for maintaining what is left of the Town's rural characteristics.
  - The 1999 Comprehensive Plan recommended that growth focused in areas that are currently sewered, and areas not located in the no growth/limited growth areas.
  - This trend of development taking place in areas not recommended by the current Comprehensive Plan has been occurring since at least the 1988.

- The minimum lot size for residential development in the Rural residential zoning districts is seen by some residents as too restrictive, and by some residents as too loose. A minimum lot size of 40,000 square feet may be considered by some as more in line with suburban residential subdivision standards.
- The cluster development provision in the Town's land use and development code does not seem to be encouraging large land owners to conserve open space while still providing for development opportunities on their land.
- o The Town continues to see large tract residential subdivisions in the no growth/limited growth areas. The policies and regulations in the current zoning code are not accomplishing the goals of open space preservation and clustering of development in these areas.
- The current zoning code does not fully address issues of sustainability such as the integration of energy conservation, water quality protections, and impacts of sea level rise into new development and conservation efforts.
- Kittery's current zoning code is not leading to development and preservation outcomes that were stated in the 1999 Comprehensive Plan, and are not consistent with the feedback received during this Comprehensive Plan process.
  - The Town currently has eighteen zoning districts, with many have overlapping use allowances and dimensional standards. This makes for an onerous and complicated code that is difficult to interpret.



Frisbee's Market in Kittery Point.

- The Business Park zoning district is envisioned to create a
   "high quality park-like setting for both businesses and
   residents", but the zoning performance standards make that
   vision very challenging to accomplish.
  - The large lot size requirement of 120,000 square may result in a series of large single-story buildings surrounded by surface parking. Smaller lot size minimums may help to encourage the clustering of buildings, shared parking, shared landscape/park features, etc.
  - The Town has recently invested substantial public funds to extend infrastructure to the Business Park in hopes it would incentivize commercial and residential development. To date, no new development has taken

place although additional utilities are required in order to fully serve development in the Business Park. The Town would like to see development occur in this location, given the outlay of public funds and the recognition that this is an acceptable location for growth. The Town should consider possible zoning changes to help incentivize future private investment in this location.

- The Mixed Use district along the northern segment of Route 1
  has similar challenges to the Business Park District with
  respect to creating a true mix of uses.
  - o The minimum lot area per dwelling unit requirements create challenges for the incorporation of residential development. Large parcels of land are needed in order to accommodate a small number of multifamily dwelling units. This requirement minimizes the amount of mixed use development that could take place on a large parcel of land, which is likely resulting in little to no interest in this type of development in this zoning district.
- Current use restrictions, performance standards, and dimensional requirements in certain zoning districts do not match with the purpose statement of the district.
  - For example, the Mixed Use district along Route 1 north of the Outlet Mall calls for a mix of commercial and residential development with orderly traffic flow and a high level of pedestrian safety. This may be challenging to accommodate with large parcel development with sixty-foot setbacks and a forty-foot height restriction.

- While the Outlet Malls are currently a viable tax generating commercial use in Kittery, questions have been asked throughout the Comprehensive Plan process about their longterm viability and potential need for future adaptation if the retail market changes.
  - o The Town has not yet completed a plan for the Route 1 area in partnership with property and business owners.
  - Plans for this area, including zoning, should be informed by a planning process and a look at what would entice development investment from a market economics perspective.
- The Foreside is arguable one of Kittery's most successful development areas, and one its most beloved. The mix of walkable retail, restaurants, small businesses, and residences provides the quintessential New England character to this part of Kittery. However, there are challenges with balancing



Seapoint Beach

economic development, housing demand, and building design that is attractive and similar in character with existing buildings.

- The Town should continue to work with businesses and residents in the Foreside to implement recommendations from the Foreside Forums, particularly those related to land use and zoning. These items are low-hanging fruit and those the Town has complete control over.
- Contrary to what the 1999 Comprehensive Plan called for, the majority of residential development constructed after 1999 is located north of Spruce Creek on the east and west sides of Route 1. Residents still share the same vision of maintaining as much open space as possible north of the Creek, while minimizing the impact of new development.

#### **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are the recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Public Facilities and Services and Fiscal Capacity. See the Table at the end of the Implementation Chapter for specific Action Steps for achieving these. The Table includes a partial list of existing resources, Lead and Partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

The Key Recommendations section of the Land Use Implementation Chapter is broken up into two distinct sections. First are the overarching recommendations specific to directing the general pattern of future development in Kittery. These are meant to act as guiding principles, and overarching strategies and

recommendations. The second are more specific recommendations that address smaller geographic areas in town, zoning districts, or specific issues. The more specific recommendations follow the same format as all the other Comprehensive Plan chapters and are listed in table toward the end of this chapter.

**GOAL STATEMENT 8.0:** ENSURE THAT THE TOWN'S REGULATIONS SUPPORT DESIRED LAND USES.

## 8.1. UPDATE TOWN CODE AND APPLY LAND USE REGULATIONS TO GUIDE DESIRABLE DEVELOPMENT IN APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS

- 8.1.1. Support the implementation of the Future Land Use Plan.
- 8.1.2. Review and revise Town Code
- 8.1.3. Continue efforts to encourage development to locate in areas where public utilities are already provided
- 8.1.4. Continue efforts to direct new commercial and multi-family residential development to existing commercial, industrial, and urban/suburban residential districts
- 8.1.5. Encourage the protection of open space and landscape features within developments and/or in the no growth/limited growth areas

- 8.1.6. Consider adding provisions to support the adaptive reuse of existing historic structures
- 8.1.7. Consider amending zoning to provide for more affordable housing
- 8.1.8. Direct a minimum of 75% of new municipal growth-related capital investments into designated growth areas identified in the Future Land Use Plan.
- 8.1.9. Coordinate land use strategies with other local and regional land use planning efforts where appropriate.

#### 8.2 PROTECT AREA NORTH OF SPRUCE CREEK

- 8.2.1. Work with the Kittery Land Trust to create a prioritized list of parcels for open space acquisition
- 8.2.2. Revisit the Cluster Ordinance to ensure it is effective in meeting its objectives
- 8.2.3. Consider increasing the minimum lot size in the Rural Residential zoning district to help protect additional open space and encourage the clustering of homes.
- 8.2.4. Explore the feasibility and usefulness of a transfer of development rights ordinance.

### 8.3 SUSTAIN AND BUILD UPON THE VITALITY OF THE FORESIDE DISTRICT

- 8.3.1. Undertake a study to determine what is needed to support an expansion of the Foreside district.
- 8.3.2. Include parking reduction and shared parking strategies in the Kittery Foreside Mixed-Use zone.
- 8.3.3. Reduce land area per dwelling unit requirements for multifamily housing.
- 8.3.4. Explore ways of supporting the financial feasibility of the redevelopment of smaller parcels.
- 8.3.5. Look for opportunities to leverage town-owned land or buildings to support town-wide goals for housing and job creation.
- 8.3.6. Encourage innovative *makerspace*, (do-it-yourself) DIY spaces that afford artists and small business owners with space to create, invent, and learn in the Foreside, alongside modest retail opportunities for galleries and sales.

#### 8.4 PROTECT THE WORKING WATERFRONT

- 8.4.1. Increase the long-term viability of the working waterfront through coordination with fishermen and protection of piers and dockside facilities.
- 8.4.2. Look for ways to allow and/or support unique business ideas along the waterfront that integrate traditional marinerelated businesses with new and innovative business ventures. Ensure that use definitions and permitting processes do not restrict innovative ideas for keeping marine-related jobs and industries financially-viable in Kittery.
- 8.4.3. Ensure creative and innovative uses in the Shoreland Overlay Zone do not have to go through an onerous approval process if and when they trigger a Special Exception permit.

# 8.5 SUPPORT CREATIVE AND VIABLE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE RT. 1 CORRIDOR (OUTLET AREA AND RT. 1 BY-PASS)

8.5.1. Engage in a planning process for the Outlet Mall and the Rt. 1 By-pass areas

### 8.6. EXPLORE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPMENT IN THE BUSINESS PARK

- 8.6.1. Determine what uses would be desirable and marketable in the Business Park and make updates to the base zone that reflect those uses.
- 8.6,2. Review and revise the Business Park zoning district's dimensional standards in relation to land area per dwelling unit and minimum lot size.
- 8.6.3. Provide clear direction in the Zoning Ordinance with regard to the minimum dimensional standards for development under the Mixed Use Cluster provisions that are applicable to development in the Business Park zoning district.

#### RELATED STRATEGIES IN OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 3.3. Develop guidelines for the future redevelopment of the Route 1 Corridor
- 3.5. Attract new businesses to the Business Park
- 6.3.3 Evaluate the Town Code regarding the use of pesticides and herbicides with chemicals in waterfront and other areas.

- 7.1.6. Refine existing and develop new tools to help with planning and implementation
- 7.4.3. Align the Capital Investment Plan with the municipal growth-related capital investments identified in the Comprehensive Plan.
- 9.1.5. Monitor, plan for, and mitigate the potential impacts of climate change on Kittery's BUILT ENVIRONMENT
- 9.2.2. Consider Town policy changes that encourage the use of renewable energy sources.

### LAND USE: THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

Environmental Stewardship	By concentrating new development and redevelopment in areas that are already developed and served by existing infrastructure, environmentally sensitive resources can be preserved for the use and enjoyment of future generations.
Health & Wellness	Developing in a compact and connected way can reduce dependency on personal automobiles and provide residents with alternatives like walking and biking to get from place to place. A sprawling development pattern separates land uses and reinforces detrimental health outcomes.

### Economic & Social Vitality

- A mix of residential and commercial development in Kittery can provide jobs and housing to residents and create a stable and sustainable economy.
- Supporting existing businesses and growing the tax base through additional commercial development will help the Town maintain a strong fiscal position to invest in the future.

### **FUTURE LAND USE PLAN**

The Future Land Use Plan (Map 8.1) provides a graphic depiction and roadmap for how land use policies apply to land in Kittery. The primary purpose of the map is to support the community's vision for the future development of Kittery. It is intended to help guide future development to locations that the Town feels are appropriate for different types of uses, as well as steering growth away from protected lands, natural resources, and areas that are not currently serviced by water and/or sewer infrastructure. It is important to note that the Future Land Use Plan is not meant to serve as a zoning map. It can, and should, be used to guide future zoning decisions when the Town undertakes to adjust its zoning regulations to better reflect the vision, goals, and strategies described in this Comprehensive Plan. The boundary delineations shown on the Plan are intended to be general and flexible, with

#### State of Maine Goal

To encourage orderly growth and development in appropriate areas of each community, while protecting the state's rural character, making efficient use of public services, and preventing development sprawl.

(Maine Growth Management Act
((30-A M.R.S.A. §§ 4312 - 4350)

the intention of guiding future zoning ordinance changes and zoning map amendments consistent with this Comprehensive Plan.

The Future Land Use Plan is consistent with Kittery's vision of an historic seacoast community with small-town character. It is important to note that the Town developed differently over the past sixteen years as compared to the growth and no-growth designations identified in the 1999/2000 Future Land Use plan. This Plan recognizes the changes that have occurred since the last Comprehensive Plan and incorporates these. Conservation and rural areas are protected from development in order to maintain the natural features and scenic quality of these areas. Traditional neighborhoods are identified and any redevelopment that occurs will be guided in such a way so that it is in keeping with the context of these neighborhoods, that is the historic, natural, and other features that define each neighborhood's character. The Plan also identifies areas for mixed use in order to add to the Town's vitality and provide for a range of housing types and retail uses.

The Future Land Use Plan contains two overarching designations that should be used to guide future land use, zoning, and development decisions in Kittery over the next ten years. The

As in the 1999/2000 Comprehensive Plan, "the guiding principle of the Town's efforts to manage the use of the land should be to encourage a development pattern that maintains the historic pattern of a built-up center, traditional moderate density neighborhoods, and open outlying areas."

three land use designations, "Growth Areas," and "Limited Growth Areas" are intended to guide Kittery's growth to appropriate and desirable locations. In addition to this, three "Neighborhood Conservation Areas" are identified as an overlay to these growth designations in recognition that these three areas require specific attention. The main themes of the Future Land Use Plan embody the following concepts:

• The Town should continue its efforts to encourage development to locate in areas where public utilities are already provided for, namely sewers, and where transportation infrastructure facilitates the safe and efficient movement of people and goods. The Town should also look to direct new development, where feasible, to vacant or underutilized sites and buildings within developed areas where public utilities are already in place or could be provided in a simple and cost-efficient manner. Development should be directed away from areas with natural constraints, key wildlife or open space corridors, protected shorelands, and areas where public utilities are not yet available and would be costly to extend.

- The Town should continue its efforts to direct new commercial and multifamily residential development to existing commercial, industrial, and urban/suburban residential districts as appropriate and allowed through the zoning ordinance. To help facilitate successful redevelopment in line with the vision set for in this Comprehensive Plan, the Town should consider undertaking a Comprehensive Zoning Revision to align zoning with the Comprehensive Plan. As noted in the Land Use Existing Conditions Chapter, there are too many similar zoning districts and allowable uses and performance standards do not match with the purpose statements in some districts.
- A revision of the ordinance would help align Comprehensive Plan goals with actual land use regulations that would help shape the outcome of many growth areas in town, and help protect no growth/limited growth areas. This should include establishing efficient permitting procedures, especially in growth areas.
- The Town Code should be reviewed, revised and updated to address and account for potential impacts of sea level rise and climate adaptation.
- The Town should consider amending zoning to provide for more affordable housing options. This could be accomplished through the adoption of an Inclusionary Zoning ordinance, adjustments to the

#### From Section 4 of the State of Maine Chapter 208.

The Future Land Use Plan divides the community into geographical areas identified as either most suitable for growth or most suitable for rural uses unless exempted under 30-A M.R.S.A. §4326(3-A), more fully described below. The Future Land Use Plan also incorporates a map of critical natural resources and any designated critical rural and critical waterfront areas within the community.

**Growth Areas.** A community's Future Land Use Plan must identify a growth area or areas. The designation of growth areas is intended to ensure that planned growth and development and related infrastructure are directed to areas most suitable for such growth and development. Land areas designated as growth area must be consistent with the following provisions.

- (1) The Future Land Use Plan must designate as growth area those lands into which the community intends to direct a minimum of 75% of dollars for municipal growth-related capital investments made during the planning period.
- (2) Built-out or developed areas that may not have capacity for further growth but require maintenance, replacement, or additional capital investment to support existing or infill development must also be designated as growth areas.
- (3) Growth areas must generally be limited to land areas that are physically suitable for development or redevelopment. Growth areas may include incidental land areas that are physically unsuitable for development or redevelopment, including critical natural resource, however, the plan must addresses how these areas will be protected from negative impacts of incompatible development to the greatest extent practicable or, at a minimum, as prescribed by law.
- (4) To the greatest extent practicable growth areas should be located adjacent to existing densely-populated area.
- (5) Growth areas, to the greatest extent practicable, should be limited to an amount of land area and a configuration to encourage compact, efficient development patterns (including mixed uses) and discourage development sprawl and strip development.
- (6) Growth areas along roads should be configured to avoid strip development and promote nodes or clusters of development.

See Appendix for full description of State requirements and definitions.

#### Preserving Kittery's town character

Preserving the unique historical, cultural, and natural resources in Kittery is a critical component to maintaining the Town's character. Currently, the Town has very few options for identifying and preserving the historical, archeological, and cultural assets that exist. Many of these features are discussed in the Historical and Cultural Resources chapter of the Comprehensive Plan, but many of the actions relate back to land use and zoning regulations.

- Use the Comprehensive Plan and Future Land Use Map as a guide for encouraging new development in identified locations, while protecting open spaces, agricultural land, and natural and historical resources.
- Identify regulations that can be amended or added to the Town's land use code that will further the preservation and protection of historic resources, with input from the Planning Board and other stakeholders. If an Historic Commission is established and the town becomes a certified local government, amend the zoning to include an historic preservation ordinance.

Accessory Dwelling Unit ordinance, or the adoption of regulations related to co-housing and tiny houses. In order to accommodate affordable units within a new multifamily development, the Town should consider lessening the square foot per dwelling unit requirements in some zoning districts where mixed use and multifamily would be accepted and encouraged.

• In general, the Town should encourage the protection of open space and natural landscape features within developments or in the no growth/limited growth areas. This could be accomplished by looking at the Cluster Development requirements to find out why it is not producing the results intended, or looking into a transfer of development rights (TDR) program to permanently protect open spaces. The Town should continue to work closely with groups like the Kittery Land Trust to acquire key pieces of open space, particularly where parcels are contiguous to existing protected open spaces.

For the purposes of satisfying the requirements in the State Growth Management Law and access to related State funding, both growth areas and neighborhood conservation areas should be considered as growth areas but only to the extent that is consistent with the policies set forth in the Future Land Use Plan designations. The use of State technical assistance and/or funding shall accommodate growth and development only to the extent envisioned in this plan. For example, state funding for utility upgrades to correct deficiencies in a "neighborhood conservation areas" would be appropriate whereas improvements that would expand the capacity to allow more intensive use of the land may not be, particularly in cases where that new intensive development is out of scale and character with the existing neighborhood.

For the purposes of assigning more manageable areas for future land use designations in Kittery, the Future Land Use map provides boundary lines depicting where each of the three designations begin and end. A more specific description of the land uses

envisioned within each of the three designations is provided below. For example, within the Growth designation the Town would like to see a mix of land uses which includes mixed use, higher density residential, and commercial. In some locations, it may be appropriate to mix these different uses where in other locations it may be more appropriate to separate them across multiple parcels of land. Future zoning changes should not only consider the three designations for guidance, but also the land use categorizations that attempt to provide another layer of detail to help guide future development in Kittery.

#### LAND USE DESIGNATIONS

Today, the areas depicted on the Future Land Use Map as "growth areas" contain a mix of many different higher intensity uses which include commercial and retail development along the Route 1 and Route 1 Bypass corridors, smaller-scale compact mixed-use development in the Foreside, suburban-style single family housing north and south of Route 236, and tracts of largely vacant land where future development could be accommodated.

Future Land Use Map identifies a hierarchy of land use intensity through the designation of two growth designations, namely Growth and Limited Growth.

**GROWTH AREAS** are those areas where it is anticipated that nonresidential and residential growth will most likely occur and can be accommodated (i.e. because it can be conveniently served by public facilities and services) and are geographically suited for development (e.g. do not negatively impact protected natural features).

The idea behind the growth areas is to attract new residential and commercial development to these locations in order to relieve pressure from other parts of Kittery where growth is not desired. In order to accomplish this, the Town should take a closer look at

#### TWO LAND USE DESIGNATIONS

#### **GROWTH AREAS**

- 75% or more of future non-residential growth is expected
- areas that are or can relatively easily be served by public facilities and services
- are accessible by a variety of modes of transportation
- promote more compact and denser pattern of development
- where there is existing development

#### **LIMITED GROWTH AREAS**

- include land with significant resource constraints to development or use
- areas with important agriculture or commercial forestry use
- areas that lack public utilities and/or are distant from public service
- land that is unsuitable for intense development
- intensive development is discouraged
- protection of rural characteristics priority

#### **Neighborhood Conservation Areas**

- infill projects that fill out existing neighborhood
- smaller scale development that is in keeping with character of specific context

The three Neighborhood Conservation Areas are:

- o Foreside
- o Kittery Point
- Admiralty Village

the Zoning Ordinance and ensure performance standards and dimensional requirements are promoting and allowing the types of development envisioned for the different locations within the larger growth area. The Town should also review the boundary lines of zoning districts to see if changes should be made to encourage certain land uses in locations where they may not be allowed today.

#### **NEIGHBORHOOD CONSERVATION AREAS**

The intention of the neighborhood conservation designation is to identify areas in Kittery that are made up of relatively fully developed neighborhoods that in some cases contain all residential uses, or a mix of residential and commercial uses.

The objective of these areas is to allow a limited amount of infill development that maintains a similar development pattern to what exists today, and ensure new development matches the character and scale of the neighborhood.

Three specific locations, or neighborhoods, are depicted on the Future Land Use Map

- Kittery Foreside
- Kittery Point
- Admiralty Village

These are very unique areas in Kittery, each with their own development pattern and character that was seen as desirable to maintain by the public when discussed throughout the Comprehensive Plan process.

Recognizing that these areas are likely to see at least some level of development activity over time, it is important that zoning allows and encourages redevelopment that balances financial viability with consistency of character to what exists today.

**LIMITED GROWTH AREAS** include rural areas where intensive development will be discouraged. These areas also include areas with significant natural resource constraints to development or use (e.g. areas of agriculture or commercial forestry, areas that lack public utilities and areas that are distant from public services).

There are three "neighborhood conservation areas" located within these growth areas. Additionally, other areas of the Town are described below, recognizing that decisions regarding implementation of the zoning should incorporate the particular features of these areas.

A description of each desired land use type, approximate locations within the growth area, and some considerations for future zoning discussions are offered below to help guide decisions in Kittery moving forward. It may be desirable to consider developing a set of **Design Guidelines** for some of these areas in order to ensure that development and/or redevelopment is in keeping with the character of each area.

#### **GROWTH AREAS**

The growth areas include designations for:

- Mixed Use
- Commercial and Business
- Urban Residential
- Suburban Residential
- Low Density Residential
- Compact Residential

#### MIXED USE

The Town continues to envision a mixed-use area along Route 1 north of the Kittery Outlets that includes a mix of residential and commercial uses. This area could help support the provision of both multi-family housing opportunities, as well as strengthening the Town's commercial base while providing internal and external connections for pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists. This area could serve as a location for supporting additional multi-family housing units that include a percentage of affordable units. The close proximity to the outlets may also provide an opportunity to address the housing issues that J-1 workers face during their seasonal employment. The Town should also look at the performance standards for both mixed use and multi-family residential development in this area to determine if current lot area per dwelling unit requirements and density restrictions are creating barriers to future development in this corridor. Over time, the mixed use area could extend further south to incorporate the Kittery Outlets if property owners saw an opportunity to begin integrating additional uses into the retaildominated portion of the Route 1 corridor.

NEIGHBORHOOD CONSERVATION AREA: FORESIDE: The
Foreside area in addition to being in the Growth Area is
identified as being a "Neighborhood Conservation Area"
in recognition of its special features. The compact nature
of the existing development pattern and relatively small
lot sizes can make it challenging to redevelop parcels.
There is also a desire by some in the community to review
the boundaries of the Kittery Foreside Mixed Use zoning
district to potentially look at expanding that district to

increase the footprint of the Foreside. The existing land use mix of residential, commercial, and mixed use buildings in the Foreside provide precedence for modest density in a walkable, more urbanized environment.

The mixed-use designation is intended to allow for the reuse and redevelopment in the downtown area of Kittery Foreside. Zoning should be flexible and encourage a more urbanized pattern of development than what may be appropriate in other neighborhood conservation locations. The Town should encourage buildings to be located closer to the street, continuous street frontage, parking to the rear and sides of buildings, mixed use where appropriate, and multi-story buildings to help frame the street. Due to the smaller lot sizes in the Foreside, the Town should look for ways in the zoning to provide flexibility to encourage reuse and redevelopment. This could include flexible parking regulations, reductions in required on-site open space, and increased allowable building coverage. Allowable uses should include a wide range of residential uses, live-work space, maker space, retail, service-oriented businesses, and community and public uses.

• KITTERY BUSINESS PARK located off Route 236 and I-95 is a well-located property that is envisioned to support a high quality park-like setting for both businesses and residents where a mix of uses could be accommodated. The Town has already worked to bring sewer service to the property, but additional investments in utilities are needed to support future development. This property continues to be a priority for the Town, and represents a

location where additional development could be accommodated. Looking forward, the Town should consider reviewing the allowable uses, dimensional requirements, and standards in the mixed use cluster section of the Ordinance to ensure regulatory barriers are minimized and the language used is clear, concise, and easy for a potential developer to follow.

## **COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS**

Within the growth area designation there are several different commercial development areas and nodes that tend to have their own identity characterized by uses, scale, and overall aesthetics. For example, the commercial development along Route 1 where the Kittery Outlets are located is very different from the commercial node along Shapleigh Road just north of Whipple Road. Fortunately, the Town has established several commercial zoning districts to help regulate appropriate uses and development size and scale. The Future Land Use Plan envisions a continuation of both regionally-serving and locally-serving commercial areas in Kittery, with the only potential change being the possible incorporation of additional uses within the Kittery Outlets over time. It may be desirable to consider establishing Design Guidelines for the potential redevelopment of these areas.

**LOCAL BUSINESS.** The following are additional existing commercial areas serve Kittery's residents. Any future

redevelopment should be in keeping with their specific context in terms of scale and character. These areas are:

- Wallingford square
- Walker Street
- Shapleigh Rd (Between Manson Av. and Whipple Road)
- o Pepperrell Road (in Kittery Point area)
- Lewis Square

#### URBAN RESIDENTIAL

This land use category (similar to the Urban Residence zone) is intended to complement the existing older sections of Kittery southeast of Route 1 out to Spruce Creek, with the exception of the Foreside and Admiralty Village (both described in the neighborhood conservation section). The majority of properties in this area are served by both public water and sewer, and are able to accommodate a limited amount of medium density residential development. These neighborhoods and areas tend to be within a reasonable walking distance to commercial nodes and are serviced by a wide range of existing infrastructure. Future uses in the urban residential area should include a range of residential uses (both single family and small multi-family structures), lowintensity commercial uses such as artist galleries, home offices and businesses, studios, and bed and breakfasts. Given the tighter development pattern and smaller lots sizes found in this area, the Town should consider lowering minimum lot size requirements from 20,000 square feet to 10,000 or 15,000 square feet to accommodate the redevelopment of

smaller lots. Where lots are within the Spruce Creek Watershed, the Town may want to consider keeping the 20,000 square foot limit or implement stormwater management requirements to minimize run-off and encourage on-site storage and recharge.

## SUBURBAN RESIDENTIAL

This land use category is intended to accommodate residential development at a slightly lower density than that of the urban residential category. This land use would be primarily focused on the area west of I-95 and south of Route 236, and would not include the office park area. Since the year 2000, this area has experienced the construction of several new suburban-style residential dwellings. Most of this area is currently served by public water, but not public sewers thereby limiting the development potential on many of the parcels. Basic minimum lot sizes in this area should continue to stay at 40,000 square feet, but the Planning Board could consider reducing minimum lot sizes to 20,000 square feet in the future if public water and sewer are both made available. This could provide opportunities for clustering, smaller and more affordable homes, and slightly higher densities than are currently allowed. Appropriate uses in this area should include single family, two-family, and small-scale multi-family dwellings, community and public uses, and similar low-intensity uses.

A description of each desired land use type, approximate locations within the neighborhood conservation areas, and some

considerations for future zoning discussions are offered below to help guide decisions in Kittery moving forward.

# LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

NEIGHBORHOOD CONSERVATION AREA: Kittery Point: This land use category is intended to preserve the established character of the existing Kittery Point neighborhood while still allowing for some new development that is consistent with this current patterns. Kittery Point has the majority of Kittery's older buildings, which tend to be scattered rather than in a compact village center like the Foreside. Kittery Point is bounded on the south and east sides by both Piscataqua and Barter's Creeks, creating the need to manage stormwater runoff from new development. It is important to the people of Kittery that the history and character of Kittery Point be preserved, as well as reflected in any new development that may come in the future.

Where public water and sewer is not available, lot sizes should remain at the 40,000 square foot minimum. The Town may wish to consider some limited objective criteria for new development that needs dimensional relief from current zoning requirements in order to better match the historical character and development patterns of surrounding structures. If the Town (in this case it may be the Planning Board or Zoning Board of Appeals) feels the aesthetic character of the proposed development would be improved by granting relief that may be something to consider. Allowable uses should include single family, two-family, and low-density multi-family housing options, community facilities, public uses, and marine-related uses.

# **COMPACT RESIDENTIAL**

**NEIGHBORHOOD CONSERVATION AREA: Admiralty Village:** This land use category is intended to apply to the older, higher density residential area where public water and sewers are available or can be provided. Admiralty Village is predominantly residential in nature and the neighborhood where some of the Town's more affordable units can be found.

Within the Admiralty Village area, the density and character of new residential development should be similar to what exists today which is upwards of ten units per acre. Where new construction and development impacts Spruce Creek, mitigation should be put in place to minimize stormwater runoff. Allowable uses should include single family, two-family, and low-density multi-family housing options, community facilities, and public uses.

#### LIMITED GROWTH DESIGNATIONS

Areas designated on the Future Land Use Map as "limited growth" represent land where the town would like to discourage growth and development in order to protect natural resources and limit the expansion of public utilities, services, and infrastructure. Much, if not all of the land in this designation relies on private water and septic for servicing existing and future development. The Town does not wish to promote additional development in the limited growth areas, nor promote the extension of public infrastructure needed to support it. Since

2000, 74 percent of new residential development occurred in the Rural Residential zoning districts. This Comprehensive Plan seeks to direct new development to areas in the growth designation to help preserve what remains of Kittery's open land and natural landscapes. If new residential development is to take place in the limited growth areas, that development should be designed as a cluster subdivision with the goal of preserving more open space on site while clustering new residential structures in a more compact manner.

A description of each desired land use type, approximate locations within the limited growth areas, and some considerations for future zoning discussions are offered below to help guide decisions in Kittery moving forward.

Limited Growth Designations include:

- Rural Residential
- Natural Resource Areas

# RURAL RESIDENTIAL

This land use category is intended to describe areas in Kittery where the Town desires to maintain what remains of its rural characteristics and undeveloped landscapes. Allowed uses within these areas should include agriculture and forestry, limited community and public uses, small-scale businesses related to agriculture, marine-related uses along coastal areas, and very low density residential uses. The Town should continue to push for cluster developments in the rural residential areas to help preserve as much open space and natural area as possible. As

recommended in the land use implementation section, the Town should evaluate the current Cluster regulations to ensure they are providing enough density to make development financially viable and attractive to current landowners. This will help in avoiding the fragmentation of land and creation of more suburban-style residential development patterns. The Town may also wish to consider revising the required lot sizes in the zoning districts that fall within the limited growth designation. Currently, there is a mixture of 40,000 and 80,000 square foot lot area minimums. The Town should evaluate whether those lot area minimums are appropriate for encouraging the type of development desired and whether the lot minimums are providing enough disincentive to steer developers toward a cluster approach for residential development.

Currently, Gerrish Island and Cutts Island have the higher 80,000 square foot lot minimums because of the special nature of those areas. The Town should consider continuing to distinguish these unique environments from the other rural residential locations in Kittery.

# NATURAL RESOURCE AREAS

Natural Resource Areas lie within both current growth and limited growth areas and reflect Resource Protection and Shoreland Overlay Zones. The intent of this designation is to protect the value of important natural resources. Where development is allowed, care must be taken to preserve environmental features.



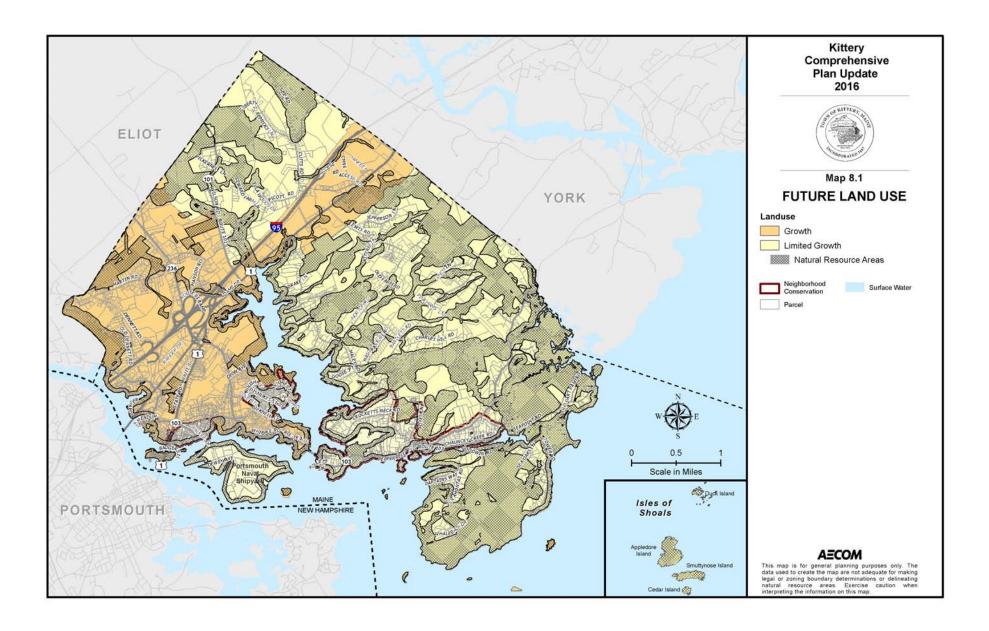
Marsh, Kittery

These areas that represent locations in Kittery that are either protected open spaces or critical natural resource areas where development should be restricted and managed to protect the natural environment. That is, these areas should be retained as natural areas and only natural resource related activities and low intensity recreational uses should be allowed. Land designated as open space and under permanent protection cannot and should not be developed on.

As mentioned, this designation is similar to the Resource and Shoreland Overlay zone provisions in the current zoning ordinance. Areas under this category include:

- o the entire shorefront,
- streams tributary to Spruce Creek

- o high value wetlands
- o buffers around high value wetlands
- o critical wildlife habitat
- o undeveloped 100-year floodplains



# COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE



Seapoint Beach

#### State of Maine Goals:

- To protect the quality and manage the quantity of the State's water resources, including lakes, aquifers, great ponds, estuaries, rivers, and coastal areas.
- To protect the State's other critical natural resources, including without limitation, wetlands, wildlife and fisheries habitat, sand dunes, shorelands, scenic vistas, and unique natural areas.
- To safeguard the State's agricultural and forest resources from development which threatens those resources.
- To protect the State's marine resources industry, ports and harbors from incompatible development and to promote access to the shore for commercial fishermen and the public.
- To encourage municipalities to develop policies that assess community needs and environmental effects of municipal regulations, lessen the effect of excessive parking requirements for buildings in downtowns and on main streets and provide for alternative approaches for compliance relating to the reuse of upper floors of buildings in downtowns and on main streets.

(Maine Growth Management Act ((30-A M.R.S.A. §§ 4312 - 4350)

GOAL STATEMENT: ESTABLISH SHORT, MEDIUM AND LONG TERM PLANS TO ADDRESS THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE, INCLUDING INCREASED STORM FREQUENCY AND STRENGTH, COASTAL EROSION AND RISING OCEAN LEVELS, AND TRANSITION OF BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE ENERGY CONSUMPTION TO LOW AND ZERO IMPACT METHODS

Objective 9.1. Establish plans to address the effects of climate change.

**Objective 9.2.** Reduce energy consumption and transition to low and zero impact methods.

**Objective 9.3.** Provide education and incentives to protect the environment and improve quality of life.

# **OVERVIEW**

Climate change is a change in the statistical distribution of weather patterns when that change lasts for an extended period of time (i.e., decades to millions of years). Climate change may refer to a change in average weather conditions, or in the time variation of weather around longer-term average conditions (i.e., more or fewer extreme weather events).¹ Coastal communities are especially vulnerable to climate change for a number of reasons. For example, projected effects such as impact estuarine systems²:

- Sea level rise
- Increased temperatures
- Changes in precipitation and storm intensity
- Ocean acidification

Examples of specific impacts that may occur in estuaries and other coastal areas include:

- salt-water intrusion into aquifers as the sea rises
- flooding of coastal wetlands and marshes
- changes to water availability and quality
- changes in habitat and species distributions
- lower oxygen levels in wetlands
- ocean acidification (due to higher concentrations of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere)
- a range of impacts from more severe coastal storms.

<sup>1</sup> https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Climate change

These impacts may occur in conjunction with other pressures to the natural and built environment, such as coastal population growth, presenting additional challenges to coastal communities.

In order for communities to become "climate ready," they need to reduce risks and improve resiliency by:

- proactively identifying areas that are particularly vulnerable
- monitoring for changes, and developing and implementing adaptation plans.

These adaptation plans may contain a wide range of adaptation actions that are designed to reduce impacts and/or take advantage of potentially beneficial opportunities resulting from climate change.

Adaptation plans should be linked to management goals, such as maintaining water quality of marshes and wetlands, protecting coastal development, preserving habitat, or controlling invasive species.

The first step in responding to climate change is to understand current conditions as completely as possible<sup>3</sup>. There are a number of State Departments in Maine (including Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, Marine Resources, Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, and Environmental Protection, among others) that have on-going programs that monitor various natural and built environments and track changes over time. Recognizing that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> US EPA, Climate Change in Coastal Communities https://www.epa.gov/cre/climate-change-coastal-communities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Maine Department of Environmental Protection, Monitoring, Mapping, Modeling, Mitigation and Messaging: Maine Prepares for Climate Change, September 2014.

changes in the climate can result in vulnerabilities to both our natural resources and our built environment, it will be important to establish a baseline and then use this to monitor local changes to Kittery's environment.

The ultimate goal of climate adaptation strategy is to effectively mitigate the potential detrimental effects of a changing climate. Mitigation projects are generally physical constructions that preserve or protect existing infrastructure or natural features. Town policy can encourage and support mitigation measures.

In order for Kittery's climate adaptation plan to be most effective, its recommendations should be widely publicized and the public should be educated on what role they can play in preparing for climate change, but also in helping to be a steward of the environment. Education and outreach will be an important part of mitigation.

A new Climate Adaptation Committee will need to be formed to help develop the Climate Adaptation Plan. The Energy Advisory Committee should also be re-energized.

Recommendations Coastal Community Resilience were developed based on an assessment of existing conditions, public input, best practice, input from Town Department Heads and relevant Boards and Committees, as well as a review by the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee and Planning Board.

## KITTERY VOICES: PUBLIC INPUT

Kittery residents participated in the Comprehensive Planning process through several live and on-line forums, where they freely expressed concerns about and wishes for the future of Kittery; forums included the following:

- 3 town-wide public forums
- one on-line survey
- Committee presence at several Town events
- A continuous conversation on an on-line forum
- Comment Boards at Town Hall and the Kittery Community Center.
- A poll on election day regarding top recommendations

A detailed documentation of the public's input is summarized in the introduction to this report and more fully documented in Volume III of the Plan.

# ASSESSMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: ISSUES AND IMPLICATIONS

Topic area #9 of the comprehensive plan focuses on positioning Kittery to be resilient and to take measures to protect the environment in a way that meets the needs of Kittery residents, and is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan's vision and goals for the future. See Volume II of this Plan for a full documentation of Existing Conditions.

According to what are considered to be "middle of the road" predictions for global sea level rise changes, Maine is expected to experience two (2) feet of sea level rise over the next 100 years<sup>4</sup>. This one effect of climate change can significantly impact Kittery's natural resources, the built environment, the economy, as well as recreation, housing, retail located near the water's edge, among other uses and activities.

The following information specific to climate change in the State of Maine is from a document produced by the University of Maine entitled "Maine's Climate Future," 2015 Update and are just some examples of the potential impacts of climate change that Kittery could experience.

- Average annual temperature across Maine warmed by about 3 degrees F (1.7 degrees C) between 1895 and 2014.
- Models predicting future climate change developed by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) predict that annual temperature will increase another 3 – 5 degrees F (1.7-2.8 degrees C) across Maine between 2015 and 2050.
- Changes in temperature affect our experience, changing the length and character of each season.
- Maine's warm season (defined as when average daily temperature is above freezing increased by two weeks

<sup>4</sup> Maine Geological Survey, Department of Conservation, "Pursuing Coastal Community Resiliency in Southern Maine."

- from the early 1900s to the 2000s. Climate change models predict that the warm season will increase by an additional 2 weeks over the next 50 years.
- As Maine's summers become warmer and longer, the number of excessively hot and humid days when heat indices rise above 95 degrees F (35 degrees C) are likely to increase. Especially at risk are the elderly and young children.
- The incidence of Lyme disease and other insect-born diseases is on the rise. This has been linked to temperatures that make habitat more suitable for deer



The view from Fort McClary includes marine wildlife.

ticks and their hosts.

- Changing climate is putting wildlife at risk. Vulnerable species include Maine moose. Simultaneously changes in temperature patterns create opportunities for the introduction and expansion of potentially invasive species.
- A significant increase in extreme precipitation events (more frequent and intense storms) has been observed across Maine, especially in coastal communities. This trend is expected to continue.
- The total amount of accumulated snow is predicted to decline, however, extreme snowfall events with significant accumulations (strong nor'easters) are likely to increase in frequency.

These changes in the climate impact coastal communities in a number of ways including the following:

- Storms force towns to make costly repairs to roads and infrastructure.
- Intense rain events pollute lakes and streams
- Longer growing seasons, extreme precipitation events and greater variability in the weather offer both opportunities and challenges to Maine's farmers.

- The longer summers may represent an opportunity to expand the tourist season, but simultaneously the excessively hot days pose a public health hazard especially to the young and elderly.
- The unreliability of winter weather means that seasonal events and activities, many linked to local economies, are often negatively affected.
- Changes in the temperature and acidification of the ocean's water is affecting where marine species are found. These changes are expected to continue to affect the fishing industry.
- Flood zones have moved inland as a result of larger and more frequent storms. Increased frequency of flooding poses a threat to property and potential harm to humans.

# **KEY RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following are the recommended policy directions for the Topic Area of Coastal Community Resilience. See the Table at the end of the Implementation Chapter for specific Action Steps for achieving these. The Table includes a partial list of existing resources, Lead and Partners to carry out the actions, suggested phasing, etc.

GOAL STATEMENT 9.0: ESTABLISH SHORT,
MEDIUM AND LONG TERM PLANS TO ADDRESS THE
EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE, INCLUDING
INCREASED STORM FREQUENCY AND STRENGTH,
COASTAL EROSION AND RISING OCEAN LEVELS,
AND TRANSITION OF BOTH PUBLIC AND PRIVATE
ENERGY CONSUMPTION TO LOW AND ZERO IMPACT
METHODS

# 9.1 ESTABLISH PLANS TO ADDRESS THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE

- 9.1.1. Identify, monitor, plan, and mitigate the potential impacts of sea level rise
- 9.1.2. Review and update the Town's Emergency Plan in case of extreme weather conditions
- 9.1.3. Develop a regional approach to addressing the potential impacts of climate change.
- 9.1.4. Monitor, plan for, and mitigate the potential effects of climate change on Kittery's natural resources
- 9.1.5. Monitor, plan for, and mitigate the potential effects of climate change on Kittery's built environment

- 9.1.6. Identify, mitigate and take advantage of opportunities created by the potential impacts of climate change on Kittery's economy.
- 9.1.7. Monitor, plan for, and mitigate the potential effects of climate change on Kittery's public health
- 9.1.8. Increase public awareness regarding the potential impacts of climate change.

# 9.2 REDUCE ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND TRANSITION TO LOW AND ZERO IMPACT METHODS

- 9.2.1. Develop a plan to transition to low and zero impact energy sources
- 9.2.2. Consider Town policy changes that encourage the use of renewable energy sources
- 9.2.3. Develop a public awareness campaign to focus attention on the need to transition to renewable energy sources

# 9.3 PROVIDE EDUCATION AND INCENTIVES TO PROTECT THE EVIRONMENT AND IMPROVE QUALITY OF LIFE

- 9.3.1. Develop policies that lessen the effects of the built environment on natural resources
- 9.3.2. Explore alternative and additional recycling options
- 9.3.3. Promote ecological practices
- 9.3.4. Continue to encourage businesses to consider more ecofriendly choices in their procedures and the goods and services they use and sell
- 9.3.5. Increase public awareness regarding the need to protect the environment for future generations and to prepare for climate adaptation

#### RELATED STRATEGIES IN OTHER TOPIC AREAS

- 6.1.6. For environmentally sensitive and secluded locations, encourage additional non-motorized visitors through installation of bike racks and bike/pedestrian paths.
- 6.3.3 Evaluate the Town Code regarding the use of pesticides and herbicides with chemicals in waterfront and other areas.

- 6.3.5. Identify a suitable site for storage of the town's floating docks during coastal storms, and prepare specific operational plans to move floats there in advance of storms.
- 6.3.7. Encourage owners of marine businesses and industries to participate in clean marina/boatyard programs
- 8.1.3. Review and revise Town codes to account for the impacts of sea level rise and climate adaptation.

# COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE: THREE KEY PLANNING PRINCIPLES

# Environmental Stewardship

- Many of the recommendations suggest strategies for protecting the environment for the enjoyment of future generations.
- Recommendations regarding increasing awareness regarding how individuals can make "greener" choices, integrating sustainability education into the school curriculum and adopting ordinances that promote the use of renewable energy resources are oriented at protecting the environment for future generations.

	The preparation of a Climate     Adaptation Plan will help to protect     human settlements but also the     environment.
Health & Wellness	Protecting the environment and planning for future climate change promotes the health and wellness of Kittery's residents in a number of ways including ensuring that they are protected from extreme weather conditions.
Economic & Social Vitality	Climate change can result in negatively impacting certain sectors of the economy including fishing, agriculture and outdoor recreation. By planning for adaptation, these impacts can be mitigated.
	Increasing awareness regarding the potential negative effects of climate change and sea level rise as well as ways of protecting the natural environment, can result in community building as people work together to protect their community.



Portsmouth Naval Shipyard

# IMPLEMENTATION TABLES BY TOPIC AREA

# **INTRODUCTION**

At the first meeting with the Comprehensive Plan Update Committee, we asked the members what they would consider to be a successful outcome of the planning process. In different words, all those seated around the table said the same thing – that they would consider the Plan a success if it was able to engage residents to identify their shared values and then to forge enough consensus so that the Plan could be carried forward to implementation.

Under each goal, a series of objectives provides more detail regarding aspects of these. For each policy directive, a number of strategies are listed outlining the HOW to achieve each of these. At the end of the section, **IMPLEMENTATION TABLES** provide a resource of options and additional guidance, including ideas regarding action steps and existing resources.

The Tables present strategies and action steps phased to help achieve the goals and objectives. For each of these, a LEAD is identified whose responsibility includes inviting PARTNERS (both those listed as well as others that may become relevant) to initiate action.

# **GOALS**

To protect the town's character by preserving and protecting HISTORIC FEATURES, AND CULTURAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES and promoting an awareness of the Town's unique history.

To protect Kittery's NATURAL RESOURCES including watershed, fresh water, wetlands and vernal pools, agricultural and forest resources, open space and recreation.

To support desirable ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, reduce dependence on Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, and increase the Town's tax base while also providing local jobs.

To provide a range of HOUSING types to meet the needs of individuals throughout the lifecycle and to support residents with a diversity of incomes.

To improve safety and ease of GETTING AROUND TOWN and better connect the "pieces" of Kittery. Also provide safe and pleasant alternatives to automobile travel with safe and pleasant bike and walking paths.

To protect the Town's COASTLINE, the working waterfront, and ensure appropriate access and enjoyment of the water while protecting it from environmental impacts.

To improve TOWN GOVERNANCE. Provide quality MUNICIPAL FACILITIES and SERVICES

To ensure that regulations support the desired LAND USES.

To establish short, medium and long term plans to address the effects of climate change for COASTAL COMMUNITY RESILIENCE, and to transition to low and zero impact energy methods

## **IMPLEMENTATION TABLES**

The Implementation Tables follow. They are the policy recommendations, that is, the HOW, strategies to employ to get from the existing conditions to the vision, that is, how to achieve the goals and meet the objectives. The recommendations were informed by the following:

- Inventory and Assessment of Existing Conditions
- Review of other relevant documents and future trends
- Interviews with Town Staff
- Public input
- CPU Committee Review
- Best practice
- State Requirements

Recommendations are presented for each Topic Area; they are intended to be updated periodically. Each section begins with the Goal Statement and is further articulated by listing objectives that fall under each goal. Strategies and related Actions are listed below these. Some Existing Resources are listed and the Lead party responsible for carrying out the action is identified along with potential partners. An indication of the level of Priority is in the last column. The following page is a KEY to the terms used in the Matrices.

# KEY TO IMPLEMENTATION TABLES: DEFINITION OF TERMS

The following is a key to the notation used in the implementation plan tables. The Implementation Plan is organized under **nine goals and related objectives**, and a list of strategies recommended to achieve these. These are presented in table format with separate columns for:

- Strategies
- Existing Resources
- Actions
- Funding Need
- Notes
- Lead and Partners
- Priority

**Existing Resources:** identifies some of the known relevant organizations or other resource(s). Intended as a starting point, it is not a comprehensive listing of these. Existing studies are also referenced here. It should be noted that not all have been adopted, they may be useful as references nevertheless.

Italics: use to indicate reference to an existing document or study

**Funding Category:** capital and/or operating and maintenance cost

**Endnotes:** provided for relevant details and/or additional information or reference(s).

**Lead**: The Town department, board, committee or other entity that is considered the most appropriate as the party responsible to lead the effort. Others listed are considered relevant **Partners**. (new): indicates a board or committee that is being recommended and that doesn't currently exist.

# **Priority/Timing**

**#1: Immediate**: 1-5 years

#2: Intermediate: 5-10 years

#3: Future (re-evaluate in 10 years): 10 – 20 years

On-going (continue & support action already in progress)

**NOTES:** indicates if the strategy requires that a new staff position/committee be created, and provides cross-reference information to other related strategies indicated by SEE ALSO.

**SEE ALSO:** used to indicate the instances where the strategy relates to more than one goal.

**Ripe Apple** ( ): when an action step is considered to be a "low-hanging fruit", that is, relatively low cost, low level of effort, with desirable impacts.

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GOAL STATEMENT: protect the town's character by preserving and protecting historic features and archaeological and cultural resources and promoting an awareness of the town's unique history

<b>OBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTE</b>	CT HISTORIC AND ARCH	IAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
1.1.1 Create a Kittery	Kittery's historic	Conduct an inventory of	None	See <b>ENDNOTE 1.1.1A</b> for	LEAD: Interested Kittery	1
Historic Preservation	buildings and	historic resources, including		information about the	residents	
Committee	landscapes;	landscapes, archaeological		Maine Antiquities	PARTNER: Maine	
	Owners of historic	resources and buildings		Statute, which oversees	Historic Preservation	
	buildings;			protection of the state's		
	Maine Historic			archaeological resources		
	Preservation					
	Commission					
		D 1 11 11	N.	c =115110== 5	1545 1611 1811	
		Research and document the	None	See ENDNOTE 1.1.1B	LEAD: Kittery Historic	
		history of inventoried			Preservation Committee	
		properties				
		Develop an education and			LEAD: Kittery Historic	1
		advocacy process for			Preservation Committee	
		informing residents about			Treservation committee	
		options for preserving and				
		protecting historic resources				
						·

<b>OBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTEC</b>	CT HISTORIC AND ARCH	IAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Create a Kittery Historic		Coordinate efforts with				
Preservation		regard to education and				
Committee, continued		advocacy by reaching out to				
		historic property owners				
		Consider merits and benefits of pursuing Certified Local Government status, and forming a Kittery Historic Preservation Commission		See <b>ENDNOTE 1.1.1C</b> for information about the Certified Local Government (CLG) program		
1.1.2 Ensure that new development is in keeping with the context of the neighborhood	Historic buildings constructed in the Colonial, Federal, Greek Revival, Victorian, and 20th century architectural styles	Retain historic exteriors when feasible and interiors when appropriate and desired, historic interiors as well	Operating Cost		LEAD: Newly-formed Kittery Historic Preservation Committee PARTNERS: Planning Board Town Council	2
		Review existing zoning and consider revisions that result in compatible dimensions (heights, setbacks, etc.) with historic areas				

OBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTEC	CT HISTORIC AND ARCH	AEOLOGICAL RESOURCES				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Ensure that new	<u> </u>	Update the Planning Board's	J			
development is in		existing Design Handbook				
keeping with the		(for the Route 1 commercial				
context of the		area)				
neighborhood,						
continued						
		Develop design standards				
		for new development that is				
		located in historic areas				
1.1.3 Identify and protect	Kittery's diverse	Conduct a town-wide survey	Operating Cost	CLG Grant Program(s)	LEAD: Newly-formed	2
the diversity in building	-	of historic buildings of 100 or			Kittery Historic	_
and landscape styles	buildings representing	more years in age and add			Preservation Committee	
which currently make	an array of architectural	restrictions for their			PARTNERS: Town	
up Kittery's fabric	styles	protection			Council	
					individual owners of	
					historic properties	
					Kittery Historical and	
					Naval Museum	
					Planning Board	
		Write ordinance(s) in the				
		Town Code to protect				
		known prehistoric and				
		historic archaeological sites,				
		through Planning Board				
		review of development				
		around these resources				

OBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTEC	CT HISTORIC AND ARCH	HAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Identify and protect the		Write ordinance(s) in the				
diversity in building and		Town Code to protect				
landscape styles which		significant public buildings				
currently make up		and landscapes, including				
Kittery's fabric,		those identified by the				
continued		Maine Historic Preservation				
		Commission, through				
		Planning Board review of				
		development of and around				
		these resources				
		Provide real estate tax				
		abatements to home and				
		business owners who				
		undertake efforts to				
		preserve their historic				
		properties				
		Explore the possibility of				
		forming public/private				
		partnerships to foster the re-				
		purposing of historic				
		buildings, such as the Rice				
		Public Library building.				
	1		1			1

OBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTEG	CT HISTORIC AND ARCH	AEOLOGICAL RESOURCES				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
1.1.4 Establish historic	Intact clusters of	Once historic resource	Operating Cost	CLG Grant Program(s)	LEAD: Newly-formed	3
districts to protect	buildings in historic	inventory/survey is		can help fund this	Kittery Historic	
significant clusters of	settings: Foreside,	completed, establish historic		strategy	Preservation Committee	
_	Kittery Point	districts (such as the			PARTNERS: individual	
protecting the town's		Foreside) to help guide			owners of historic	
historic charm		planning decisions			properties	
					Kittery Historical and	
					Naval Museum	
		Create districts that				
		preserve the ambiance of				
		Kittery's heritage as a				
		shipbuilding community				
1.1.5 Preserve	School House at Cutts	Place preservation	Operating Cost/Capital		LEAD: Newly-formed	2
threatened historic	Island Lane	restrictions on properties	Cost (restoration of the		Kittery Historic	
properties and scenic	Rice Public Library	deemed critical components	bas relief)		Preservation Committee	
roads from demolition	Wood Island Life Saving	of Kittery's historic			PARTNERS: individual	
or radical alteration	Station	landscape			owners of historic	
	Scenic Route 103				properties	
	(Pepperrell Road)				Kittery Historical and	
	Maine State Scenic				Naval Museum/Society	
	Byways Program				Planning Board	
					WILSA	
					KOSAC	
					Kittery Park and	
					Recreation Commission	
					MHPC	
l .	I.	1				1

OBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTEG	CT HISTORIC AND ARC	HAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Preserve threatened		Provide incentives for		An example of adaptive		
historic properties and		adaptive re-use of historic		re-use is conversion of		
scenic roads from		buildings		the Rice Public Library		
demolition or radical				building into a welcome		
alteration, continued				center, history center,		
				children's museum, or		
				town offices		
		Consider creating a review				
		process requiring a waiting period before an identified				
		historic structure can be				
		demolished or relocated				
		demonstred of relocated				
		Develop alternative means		National Endowment for		
		of interpreting difficult-to-		the Humanities; Maine		
		access historic sites (such as		Commission on the		
		Wood Island) by placing		Humanities can provide		
		exhibits at accessible		support for this action		
		locations in Kittery (e.g. Fort		step		
		Foster; Kittery Historical and				
		Naval Museum/Society)				
		Enact a fence height				
		restriction to preserve views				
		in scenic and historic areas				
		in scenic and mistoric areas				

OBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTEC	DBJECTIVE 1.1: PROTECT HISTORIC AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES						
		Potential Actions Not					
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority	
Preserve threatened		Enact a dark sky-related					
historic properties and		ordinance that limits lumen					
scenic roads from		output, requires low-					
demolition or radical		temperature for LED lighting					
alteration, continued		and prohibits animated signs					
		Evaluate the feasibility of		See also Strategy 5.1.3			
		adding "scenic road"					
		designations to protect					
		views					
		Address condition of bronze		Funding required to			
		sculpture at John Paul Jones		restore bronze bas relief			
		Park		sculpture and its setting			

<b>OBJECTIVE 1.2: PROM</b>	OTE KITTERY'S HISTORY	/				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
1.2.1 Support efforts of	Existing museum		Operating Costs		LEAD: Kittery Naval and	2
the existing Kittery	collection of documents	museum so that expanded	to		History Museum/ Society	
Naval and History	and artifacts pertaining	low cost or free access to the	Museum/Society		staff, board	
Museum/Society to	to Kittery's social,	museum for Kittery residents			PARTNERS: museum	
expand programming,		is possible			volunteers	
operations, and	history					
facilities	existing museum					
	building and addition					
	other historic buildings					
	in Kittery (Taylor Building at Rice Public					
	Library)					
	Library)					
		Support museum efforts to				
		increase public outreach and				
		broaden programming to				
		include educational events				
		Support the museum's				
		efforts to relocated some or all of the museum collection				
		to a larger facility, possibly in				
		an historic building/buildings				
		an mistoric building/buildings				
		Support the expansion of the				
		museum so that it may house				
		and display Wood Island				
		history				

<b>OBJECTIVE 1.2: PROMO</b>	OTE KITTERY'S HISTOR'	Υ				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
1.2.2 Develop education		Continue the interpretive	Operating Cost	Maine Humanities	LEAD: Newly created Kittery	2
and raise awareness	Portsmouth Naval	sign program that educates		Council	Historic Preservation	
regarding history and	Shipyard Museum	residents and visitors about			Commission	
nature (e.g. Portsmouth		Kittery's history and how life			PARTNERS: Kittery	
Naval Shipyard	Naval Museum/Society	has changed			Historical and Naval	
Museum, Kittery	Kittery Maine Historic				Museum/Society	
Historical and Naval	Improvement				Kittery Land Trust	
Museum, Kittery Land	Committee				Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	
Trust, Mt. Agamenticus	Mount Agamenticus to				Mount Agamenticus to the	
to the Sea initiative)	the Sea Initiative (York				Sea Initiative (partner)	
	and Kittery)					
		Create markers for historic				
		properties (i.e. plaque				
		program)				
		Support the public school				
		third grade curriculum to				
		learn about local history and				
		historic sites				

OBJECTIVE 1.3: SUPPO	RT AND NUTURE KITTE	RY'S COMMUNITY OF WORK	ING ARTISTS			
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
1.3.1 Provide a mechanism to support arts-related business start-ups	Kittery Art Association, Morgan Gallery at the Kittery Community Center, privately-owned local galleries and performance spaces		Operating Costs			2
1.3.2 Provide an increased number of artists studio spaces	Existing properties well- positioned for adaptive- reuse		Capital Costs			2
1.3.3 Provide more support and visibility to the work of local artists	Local artists and craftspersons Kittery Art Association Local galleries and performance spaces	Develop a public art program that places the work of Kittery's visual artists within the Kittery landscape on a rotating basis	Operating Costs	Maine Arts Commission; New England Foundation for the Arts Expeditions (touring grants)	LEADS:Local artists and craftspersons PARTNERS: Maine Arts Commission; New England Foundation for the Arts	2
1.3.4 Institute a Percent for Art Program in the construction of public buildings	Percent for Art Program;	As public building construction projects come on line, enlist the expertise of the Maine Arts Commission staff to guide the process		1% of public building construction costs	LEADS: Town Manager town department involved in construction project PARTNERS: artists	3

# TOPIC AREA 1: HISTORIC, ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES

#### **ENDNOTES**

- **1.1.1A.** Maine Revised Statute Title 27, Chapter 13 (informally known as the Maine Antiquities Law) pertains to the identification and protection of Maine's prehistoric and historic archaeological resources. Private properties that are subjects of a preservation agreement between the owner(s) and the Maine Historic Preservation Commission and are either listed on the National Register of Historic Places or are posted are classified as protected sites. Excavation of such sites requires a state-issued permit. For more information, refer to Chapter 27 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated, sections 371-378 (27MRSA § 371-378).
- **1.1.1.B.** The Kittery Historic Preservation Committee will be formed by the Comprehensive Plan Implementation Committee.
- amendment to the National Historic Preservation Act. The program is designed to promote preservation planning and cultural resource protection efforts at the local level that are consistent with state and Federal standards and guidelines. A fundamental requirement for participation is the adoption of a historic preservation ordinance that, in accordance with the program's guidelines, creates a local historic preservation commission and implements a formal review process. A local government becomes certified when it meets state and Federal program requirements, formally applies to the Maine Historic Preservation Commission for participation, signs a Certification Agreement, and is approved by the Commission and the National Park Service. CLGs are eligible to apply to the Commission for annual grant funds that are specifically dedicated to the program, including architectural and archaeological surveys, preparation of National Register nominations, public education programs, preservation, rehabilitation and restoration projects, activities related to comprehensive planning, and the development of community specific design manuals. There are currently ten Certified Local Governments in Maine: Bangor, York, Topsham, Kennebunk, Hampden, Lewiston, Saco, Castine, Portland, and Gardiner. For additional information, see the Maine Historic Preservation Commission's website: http://maine.gov/mhpc/certified\_local\_government/index.html

# GOAL STATEMENT: protect Kittery's natural resources including watershed, fresh water, wetlands and vernal pools, agricultural and forest resources, open space and recreation

	-0. realitair air air air air air air air air air						
		TICAL OPEN SPACES FOR PASS			PRESERVATION OF WILDLI	FE	
HABITATS, COASTAL (SALTWATER) WETLANDS, FRESHWATER WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS							
		Potential Actions Not Limited					
Strategy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority	
2.1.1 Protect existing	Existing unprotected	Complete inventory of open	Operating	Task is already	LEAD: Kittery Open Space	Ongoing	
open lands, including	open spaces	spaces in Kittery	Cost/Capital Cost	underway by KOSAC	Advisory Committee	l	
farmlands and	(particularly in the area			Control of the Contro	(KOSAC) Kittery Land Trust	l	
wetlands, from over-	north of Spruce Creek)				PARTNERS: Kittery	l	
development	Federal Wetlands				Conservation Commission	l	
	Protection Act				Maine Farmland Protection	l	
	Maine Natural				program/American Farmland	l	
	Resources Protection				Trust	l	
	Act					l	
	American Farmland					l	
	Trust					l	
	Maine Farmland					l	
	Protection Program					l	
	Maine Farmland Trust					l	
	Kittery Land Trust;					l	
	Kittery Open Space					l	
	Advisory Committee					l	
	(KOSAC)						
	Kittery Conservation					I	
	Commission					i	

Kittery Planning Board

# OBJECTIVE 2.1: PROTECT AND PRESERVE CRITICAL OPEN SPACES FOR PASSIVE RECREATION, VISUAL IMPACT AND PRESERVATION OF WILDLIFE HABITATS, COASTAL (SALTWATER) WETLANDS, FRESHWATER WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS

		Potential Actions Not Limited				
Strategy	Existing Resources		Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Protect existing open lands, continued		Consider negotiating conservation easements/restrictions and/or agricultural easements/restrictions, or other actions, such as Transfer of Development Rights (TDR) on unprotected open spaces particularly wetlands and				
		farmlands  Consider purchase of unprotected open spaces				
		Prohibit destruction of manmade wetlands which are functioning wetlands and have hydric soils, vegetation, and creatures, characterizing the areas as wetlands and vernal pools) by reviewing the existing ordinance, and increasing restrictions, as required			LEAD: Kittery Conservation Commission PARTNERS: Federal and State Wetlands Protection Acts	

#### OBJECTIVE 2.1: PROTECT AND PRESERVE CRITICAL OPEN SPACES FOR PASSIVE RECREATION, VISUAL IMPACT AND PRESERVATION OF WILDLIFE HABITATS, COASTAL (SALTWATER) WETLANDS, FRESHWATER WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS Potential Actions Not Limited **Existing Resources** to the Following Lead & Partners Funding Notes Priority Strategy Unprotected farms and 2.1.2 Protect Kittery's Evaluate the existing land use Operating Cost LEADS: Kittery Planning Ongoing remaining farmland forested lands ordinance and institute changes Board Kittery Economic (including forests) that support farm operations Development Committee Maine Farmland Trust and direct development of Kittery Land Trust PARTNERS: Maine Farmland designated growth areas Trust

Integrate farming and forestry into town-wide strategy for economic development including promotion of farms and locally raised farm products

Promote the use of Maine's current use property tax programs and Voluntary Municipal Farm Support

Program

Kittery Land Trust )

#### OBJECTIVE 2.1: PROTECT AND PRESERVE CRITICAL OPEN SPACES FOR PASSIVE RECREATION, VISUAL IMPACT AND PRESERVATION OF WILDLIFE HABITATS, COASTAL (SALTWATER) WETLANDS, FRESHWATER WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS Potential Actions Not Limited **Existing Resources** to the Following Funding Lead & Partners Priority Strategy Notes LEAD: Kittery Planning Board 2.1.3 Protect wildlife Existing zoning Allow the Planning Board to Operating Cost ordinance; existing amend zoning ordinance so that PARTNERS: Kittery corridors through the development preserved open spaces Conservation Commission adjacent unprotected process, portions of Kittery Land Trust undeveloped land that buffer open spaces preserved open spaces, may Kittery Land Trust also be preserved (helping to foster corridors) **Operating Cost** LEAD: Kittery Planning Board Amend zoning ordinance to 2.1.4 Strengthen zoning Existing zoning 2 regulations to better ordinance allow for varied densities and PARTNER: Kittery preserve critical open Existing undeveloped open space requirements by Conservation Commission spaces and key natural zone in order to the purpose of lands a specific zone, and to protect features the most important resources and features Further increase and target open space requirement 2.1.5 Review existing Existing regulations Consider revisions to existing **Operating Cost** LEAD: Town Council hunting regulations to allowing hunting hunting policies improve safety of throughout the year residents while, at the (except Sundays) same time protecting

residents' right hunt

#### OBJECTIVE 2.1: PROTECT AND PRESERVE CRITICAL OPEN SPACES FOR PASSIVE RECREATION, VISUAL IMPACT AND PRESERVATION OF WILDLIFE HABITATS, COASTAL (SALTWATER) WETLANDS, FRESHWATER WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS Potential Actions Not Limited Funding **Existing Resources** to the Following Lead & Partners Strategy Notes Priority Review existing hunting Add hunting regulations to the regulations to improve Town website and the Town safety of residents kiosk so that residents are more while, at the same time informed of policies protecting residents' right hunt, continued 2.1.6 Consider Kittery Land Trust/Brave Review York River Committee's None Required SEE ENDNOTE 2.1.6.A LEAD: KOSAC endorsing the York Boat Harbor Initiative; effort **River Committee's** KOSAC efforts to designate the York River Watershed as a Federal Wild and Scenic River with the Mount Agamenticus-tothe-Sea Initiative and Brave Boat Harbor Initiative

# OBJECTIVE 2.1: PROTECT AND PRESERVE CRITICAL OPEN SPACES FOR PASSIVE RECREATION, VISUAL IMPACT AND PRESERVATION OF WILDLIFE HABITATS, COASTAL (SALTWATER) WETLANDS, FRESHWATER WETLANDS AND VERNAL POOLS

		Potential Actions Not Limited					
Strategy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority	
2.1.7 Preserve scenic vistas and views, including scenic roadway corridors	Multiple scenic views and roadway corridors located throughout	<u> </u>	None Required	SEE ENDNOTE 2.1.7.A for a listing of		1	
		Work with property owners on voluntary measures, such as limiting fence heights					
		Revisit town ordinances and revise to provide critical viewshed protection measures, including a view protection					
		Evaluate the feasibility of adding "scenic road" designations to protect views					
		Explore the possibility of creating a scenic overlay district or districts					

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCREASE OPPORTUNITIES FOR RECREATION									
		Potential Actions Not							
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority			
2.2.1 Implement a	Existing fields and	Evaluate the	Operating Costs/Capital	Obtain funding from an	LEAD: Kittery	1			
master plan for athletic	facilities; draft <b>Athletic</b>	recommendations of the draft	and Maintenance Costs	array of sources,	Department of				
fields	Fields Master Plan with	Athletic Fields Master Plan	spelled out in the	including user fees;	Public Works				
	specific implementation	and establish priorities for	recommendations	(	PARTNERS:				
	recommendations		section of the plan;	fiscal impact of	Kittery Parks				
		priorities should take into	alternative funding	implementation on tax	Commission				
		account the projected cost)	mechanisms suggested	payers; Maine Bureau of					
		(Note: the draft <b>Athletic</b>	in the <b>Athletic Fields</b>		Recreation				
		Fields Master Plan had not	Master Plan	and Water Conservation	Department				
		been adopted by Kittery Town		Fund;" in addition to					
		Council at the time of the		property tax revenues					
		writing of this plan and was							
		still under review							
		Update existing playgrounds							
		and develop new playgrounds							
		near athletic fields, and							
		include bike racks at the fields							
		for children to store their							
		bikes while at play							
		Consider tennis courts,							
		volleyball and badminton							
		facilities to existing							
		playgrounds							
		piaygioulius							
	•	•	•						

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCREA	ASE OPPORTUNITIES F	OR RECREATION				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Implement a master		Upgrade facilities to include				
plan for athletic fields,		more offerings for seniors,				
continued		such as "senior" softball				
		Include more				
		agricultural/vocational				
		activities at the schools,				
		including greenhouses and				
		gardens				
		Increase access to existing		See Strategy 5.2.1		
		recreation facilities by				
		installing sidewalks (leading				
		to the facilities) and bike racks				
		Re-evaluate the plan every 10				
		or so years to reflect changes				
		in Kittery's demographics				

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCREA	ASE OPPORTUNITIES FO	R RECREATION				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
2.2.2 Consider	Fort Foster	Add a line-up of live concerts	Operating Cost/Capital		LEAD: Kittery	2
expanding the season at		and events, including music	Cost (additional toilet		Parks and	
Fort Foster		and plays	facilities)		Recreation	
					Department	
					PARTNERS:	
					Kittery	
					Department of	
					Public Works	
					park volunteers	
2.2.3 Reduce dog and	Existing dog ordinance;	Increase awareness regarding	Operating Costs		LEAD: Kittery	1/Ongoing
horse waste at area	many open spaces that	enforcement of waste	(enforcement)/Capital		Department of	
beaches and parks	appeal to dog owners	ordinance, supporting the	Costs (dog waste		Public Works	
(particularly Seapoint	and dogs; regulations	efforts of the Police Chief	stations/bags; methane		PARTNERS:	
Beach and Rogers Park)	enforced by other towns	Enforce leash law;	convertor; signs)		citizen	
through enhance	including York, New	Establish volunteer dog patrol			volunteers,	
enforcement and public	Castle, Rye, Ogunquit,				Kittery Police	
education	Wells and Hampton				Department	
	Beach					
		Develop more effective			LEAD: Kittery	
		means of controlling dogs at			Park	
		Fort Foster, such as issuing			Commission	
		dog walking "permits" in the				
		form of tags				

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCRE	ASE OPPORTUNITIES F	FOR RECREATION			
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners Priority
Reduce dog and horse waste at area beaches and parks, continued		Hire a student intern/interns with money from the Fort Foster gate receipts to be a resource officer during the summer months and in September (a beach "steward")			
		Limit the times of year dogs are permitted on the beach, including during bird migration and during summer months; limit hours dogs can be on the beaches			
		Consider developing a designated dog park or fenced off area of the beach(es) where dogs can run off leash			
		Increase restrictions on dog behavior and increase enforcement			

ASE OPPORTUNITIES F	FOR RECREATION				
Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
	Raise the fine for uncollected dog waste to \$100 per incident; retain revenue for programming and improvements at Fort Foster and Seapoint Beach				,
	Use fees collected from enforcement fines to maintain public spaces and recreation sites; support the schools' efforts with this approach				
	at the beaches for dog owners to dispose of the dog feces; institute an "adopt a				
	Existing Resources	Existing Resources  Limited to the Following  Raise the fine for uncollected dog waste to \$100 per incident; retain revenue for programming and improvements at Fort Foster and Seapoint Beach  Use fees collected from enforcement fines to maintain public spaces and recreation sites; support the schools' efforts with this approach  Install more waste receptacles at the beaches for dog owners to dispose of the dog feces; institute an "adopt a waste receptacle" program to foster community involvement in the effort to	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following  Raise the fine for uncollected dog waste to \$100 per incident; retain revenue for programming and improvements at Fort Foster and Seapoint Beach  Use fees collected from enforcement fines to maintain public spaces and recreation sites; support the schools' efforts with this approach  Install more waste receptacles at the beaches for dog owners to dispose of the dog feces; institute an "adopt a waste receptacle" program to foster community involvement in the effort to	Existing Resources  Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following Raise the fine for uncollected dog waste to \$100 per incident; retain revenue for programming and improvements at Fort Foster and Seapoint Beach  Use fees collected from enforcement fines to maintain public spaces and recreation sites; support the schools' efforts with this approach  Install more waste receptacles at the beaches for dog owners to dispose of the dog feces; institute an "adopt a waste receptacle" program to foster community involvement in the effort to	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following  Raise the fine for uncollected dog waste to \$100 per incident; retain revenue for programming and improvements at Fort Foster and Seapoint Beach  Use fees collected from enforcement fines to maintain public spaces and recreation sites; support the schools' efforts with this approach  Install more waste receptacles at the beaches for dog owners to dispose of the dog feces; institute an "adopt a waste receptacle" program to foster community involvement in the effort to

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCRE	ASE OPPORTUNITIES F	OR RECREATION				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Reduce dog and horse		Explore placing methane		"Park Spark" was an		
waste at area beaches		conversion apparati in public		experiment that placed		
and parks, continued		spaces and recreation sites to		a methane digester in a		
		convert dog waste to energy		Cambridge, MA park		
				that converted dog		
				waste in to methane		
				gas, used to power a		
				park light.		
				(SEE ENDNOTE #2.2.3.A)		
		Place kiosks or bulletin boards				
		explaining need to collect and				
		dispose of waste property,				
		and the negative effects of uncollected waste				
		unconected waste				
		Erect more signs with				
		regulations pertaining to the				
		conduct of dogs and their				
		owners on the beaches				
		Consider/evaulate restriction				
		of hours/times of year for dog				
		access to beaches				

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCREA	ASE OPPORTUNITIES FO	OR RECREATION				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Reduce dog and horse		Issue day passes to out-of-	<u> </u>			
waste at area beaches		town visitors, to be purchased				
and parks, continued		on line, permitting their				
		dog(s) to visit Kittery				
		Continue tradition,				
		established by the				
		Conservation Commission in				
		the 1990s, of organizing				
		community clean up days to				
		remove trash and waste from the beaches				
		the beaches				
2.2.4 Support the	Existing Kittery	Involve the community,	Operating Cost		LEAD: Kittery	2
Kittery Community	Community's building	through a comprehensive	(engagement		Community	
Center's strategic plan	and outdoor facilities	public engagement process, in	1		Center (staff	
for program expansion	Kittery Park and	deciding when and how to	(expanded facilities)		and board)	
	Recreation Commission	implement the strategic plan			PARTNER:	
					Kittery Park and	
					Recreation	
					Commission	
2.2.5 Increase	Existing park and	Create on-line and printed	Operating Cost		LEAD: Park and	1
awareness of existing	recreation facilities	guides to the recreation			Recreation	
resources and how to	Park and Recreation	resources of Kittery and make			Commission	
enjoy them	Commission	them available to residents			PARTNERS:	
	Conservation	and visitors			Conservation	
	Commission				Commission	
	KOSAC				KOSAC	

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCREA	ASE OPPORTUNITIES FO	R RECREATION				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
2.2.6 Establish new and beautify existing small passive recreation spaces in the commercial areas	Existing "pocket parks"; small underutilized spaces in commercial areas	Identify/locate possible locations for new pocket parks	Capital Cost	Potential public-private partnerships	LEAD: Economic Development Committee PARTNERS: Garden Club volunteers	2
2.2.7 Continue to give preference to Kittery residents for use of launching facilities, recreational fields and facilities	Existing recreation fields, mooring, boat launching and docking facilities		Operating Cost	In areas operated by the Army Corps of Engineers, lower mooring fees for residents are prohibited by law	Harbor Master Kittery Recreation	2
2.2.8 Create new kayak- launching sites to provide greater access	Existing underutilized sites	Identify new kayak launch sites in existing town-owned locations, such as Rogers Park	Capital Cost	Also see Strategy 6.1.5	LEADS: Kittery Harbor Master Kittery Recreation Department	2

OBJECTIVE 2.21 INCREA	ASE OPPORTUNITIES FO	DR RECREATION				
ODJECTIVE 2.2. INCILE	152 OFF ORTOTALIST C	Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
2.2.9 Revisit existing	<u> </u>	Undertake a comprehensive	Operating Cost (funds to		LEAD: Town	1
	allow hunting	public engagement process	hire a public	7 1130 See Strategy 2.11.4	Council	
	throughout the year,	that involves all citizens of	engagement specialist		PARTNERS:	
_	except on Sundays	Kittery in determining the	and revise the existing		residents of	
same time, may reserve	•		hunting ordinance)		Kittery	
the right to own a		town. In the process, take				
firearm and hunt	hunting areas	into account the fact that				
	throughout the town	many Kittery residents are				
	S	enthusiastic and responsible				
		hunters, and others see				
		hunting as means of				
		controlling the				
		overpopulation of deer; and				
		still others would like to limit				
		the types of				
		hunting/prey/weapons				
		allowed (including traps), or				
		ban the activity altogether				
		Place signage in the Town				
		Farm Forest and Rogers Park				
		to alert residents that hunting				
		is occuring during specified				
		times and signs that warn				
		hunders of homes nearby and				
		the limit on types of weapons				
		that can be used				

OBJECTIVE 2.2: INCREA	ASE UDDUBLI INITIES EC	OR RECREATION				
ODJECTIVE 2.2. INCREA	TOL OF FORTONITIES FO	Potential Actions Not				
Ctratagu	Evicting Docoures	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Driority
Strategy  2.2.10 Work with public	Existing Resources		Funding Operating Cost	notes	LEAD: Kittery	,
-	•	Collaborate with marketing efforts of the Maine Island			,	Ongoing
	including routes on the		(marketing and materials		Open Space	
extend and maintain the	. •	Trail Association			Advisory	
existing network of	Park, Fort Foster, Brave		distribution)/Capital and		Committee	
trails for non-motorized	·		Maintenance Cost (trail		PARTNERS:	
uses, and connect these	· ·		expansion and		Kittery	
	abandoned trolley		management)		Conservation	
systems	tracks, Fort McClary and				Commission	
	the Rachel Carson				Maine Island	
	National Wildlife Refuge				Trail Association	
	Maine Island Trail					
	Association					
	Maine's Landowner					
	Liability Law (Title 14,					
	M.R.S.A. 159-A)					
		Construct connections				
		between existing trails				
		a constant constant grant				
		Provide educational materials				
		regarding the benefits and				
		protections for landowners				
		allowing public recreational				
		access on their property				
		1	l .	l	ı	

#### **ENDNOTES**

2.1.6.A. York River Study Committee and Partnership Wild & Scenic Rivers. The York River Study Committee was formed to work with community members to develop a York River Watershed Management Plan and evaluate the suitability of a Partnership Wild and Scenic River designation for the river and its tributaries. The Study Committee includes members from Eliot, Kittery, South Berwick, and York. The York River Committee is in the process of obtaining designation for the York River Watershed as a Partnership Wild and Scenic River from the federal government. In 1968, the U.S. Congress passed the "National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act" which made it the policy of the United States that certain selected rivers of the Nation, and their immediate environments, that possess outstandingly remarkable scenic, recreational, geologic, fish and wildlife, historic, cultural or other similar values, should be protected in free-flowing condition for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations. As of December 2014, 160 rivers have been designated in 36 states.

#### For more information:

York River Study Committee website: <a href="http://www.yorkrivermaine.org/">http://www.yorkrivermaine.org/</a>
NPS Partnership Wild and Scenic Rivers website: <a href="https://www.nps.gov/orgs/1912/Partnership-Wild-and-Scenic-Rivers.htm">https://www.nps.gov/orgs/1912/Partnership-Wild-and-Scenic-Rivers.htm</a>

2.1.7.A. The 1999 Update of the Kittery Comprehensive Plan listed the following scenic views, vistas and roads as meriting protection:

### Category One (Highest Value) Scenic Views And Vistas

- View 1-1. The view over Seapoint Beach (180 degree view)
- View 1-2. The view of the marsh from Seapoint Road past and across from the former boat building barn
- View 1-3. The view from Chauncey Creek Road toward Gerrish Island
- View 1-4. The view from Chauncey Creek Road toward the Rachel Carson Wildlife Refuge
- View 1-5. The view from the Gerrish Island Bridge looking to the east
- View 1-6. The view from the Route 103 bridge over Spruce Creek (360 degree view)
- View 1-7. The view from Old Ferry Lane toward the Back Channel and Harbor
- View 1-8. The view of Spruce Creek from the Route One/Quarterdeck area
- View 1-9. The view of the Back Channel from Badger's Island and the Foreside (180 degree view)
- View 1-10. The view on the approach to the Eliot Bridge (180 degree view)

### Category Two (Very High Value) Scenic Views And Vistas

- View 2-1. The view from Chauncey Creek Road toward Pepperrell Cove
- View 2-2. The view of the harbor from the turn in Pepperrell Road at the Congregational Church

- View 2-3. Pocket views of the river from Whipple Road near Tilton Avenue
- View 2-4. The view of agricultural land (Johnson Farm Area) from the Wilson Road
- View 2-5. The view of Spruce Creek between Route One and I-95
- View 2-6. The view of Legion Pond from the Old Post Road
- View 2-7. The view of Pepperrell Cove from the Kittery Point town wharf area (180 degree view)
- View 2-8. The view from the Crockett Neck Road causeway easterly toward Barter's Creek
- View 2-9. The view from the Crockett Neck Road causeway westerly toward Spruce Creek
- View 2-10. The view of agricultural land from Picott Road
- View 2-11. The two views of Spruce Creek from Picott Road
- View 2-12. Pocket views of Pepperrell Cove and Wood Island from Pepperrell Road
- View 2-13. Fort Foster views (200 degree view from central area and views all around)

### Category Three (High Value) Scenic Views And Vistas

- View 3-1. The view from Route 103 toward Brave Boat Harbor going west at the Town line
- View 3-2. The view from Route 103 toward Brave Boat Harbor going east near the Town line
- View 3-3. The view from the Gerrish Island bridge looking west along Chauncey Creek
- View 3-4. The view of Pepperrell Cove from the Fort McClary area (200 degree view)
- View 3-5. The view from Whipple Road northerly toward Spruce Creek
- View 3-6. The view from Seapoint Road northeast of Log Cottage
- View 3-7. The view from Seapoint Road over the stonewall toward the marsh and Gerrish Island
- View 3-8. The view from Tower Road toward Seapoint Beach/salt marsh (180 degree view)

### Category One (Highest Value) Scenic Roads

- Road 1-1. Route 103 including Whipple Road, Pepperrell Road, Tenney Hill Road, and Brave Boat Harbor Road
- Road 1-2. Seapoint Road
- Road 1-3. Chauncey Creek Road
- Road 1-4. Hunter and Newmarch Streets Road 1-5. Government Street
- Road 1-6. Crockett Neck Road from Route 103 to Bond Road
- Road 1-7. Old Ferry Lane
- Road 1-8. Picott Road
- Road 1-9. Wilson Road from Picott Road to the Eliot line
- Road 1-10. Haley Road from Route One to Hartley Farm Road

### Category Two (Very High Value) Scenic Roads

Road 2-1. Tower Road

Road 2-2. Love Lane

Road 2-3. Cutts Road from Picott Road to Betty Welch Road

Road 2-4. Goodwin Road

Road 2-5. Old Dennett Road west of I-95

Road 2-6. The half mile of Bartlett Road near the York line

Road 2-7. Lawrence Lane Road 2-8. Adams Road

### Category Three (High Value) Scenic Roads

Road 3-1. Miller Road

Road 3-2. The upper end of Norton Road

Road 3-3. Pocahontas Road Extension

Road 3-4. Litchfield Road

Road 3-5. Betty Welch Road

2.2.3.A. **Park Spark Project.** The Park Spark project transformed dog waste into energy (methane) through a publicly fed methane digester as an interactive urban intervention that questions our current waste system, and at the same time creates an opportunity for others to participate in the (re)imaging of the byproduct energy (methane).

For more information:

http://parksparkproject.com/artwork/1116247.html

GOAL STATEMENT: to support desirable economic development, balance the relationship with the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, and increase the town's tax base while also providing local jobs.

OBJECTIVE 3.1: ATTRACT AND RETAIN BUSINESSES TO SUSTAIN THE VIBRANT CENTER AT FORESIDE THAT PROVIDES RESIDENTS AND VISITORS WITH PLACES TO GO AND SPACES TO GATHER

VISITORS WITH PLA	CES TO GO AND SPAC	ES TO GATHER.				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
3.1.1. Encourage the collaboration of existing parties concerned with Kittery's economic development	Greater York County Chamber of Commerce, Outlet Merchants Assocation, Economic Development Committee	Town should initiate contact with local businesses and help facilitate first meeting to gauge interest.	•		LEAD: Local business community PARTNERS Greater York Chamber of Commerce, Outlet Merchants Assoc.,	1
		Businesses in Foreside organize and form their own organization, could be a 501 c3 or other non-profit.				
		Group sets priorities and begin advocating for improvements. Group could also begin writing grants if non-profit status is acheived.				

OBJECTIVE 3.1: ATTR. VISITORS WITH PLAC		SINESSES TO SUSTAIN THES TO GATHER.	IE VIBRANT CENTER A	AT FORESIDE THAT PR	OVIDES RESIDENTS A	ND
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
3.1.2. Evaluate recommendations from the Foreside Forums report to determine if and when they should be implemented.	Greater York County Chamber of Commerce	Town, in partnership with businesses and residents, identifies priorities for implementation.	Businesses and Town could form a funding partnership	Encourage participation of those on Foreside email list	LEAD: Town Staff, Town Council, Economic Development Committee  PARTNERS: Foreside Business Community	1
		Responsibilities and funding are identified, Town moves forward with implementation.				

		Potential Actions Not				
		Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
3.2.1. Undertake a town- wide Economic	Title 16 Land Use and Development Code for Kittery.	ž	TIF grants CIP operating funds Other grants	Notes	LEAU & Faithers  LEAD: Planning Department, Economic Development Committee  PARTNERS: Businesses, Land Owners, Local Realtors and Brokers	1
		Consider small area plans as a follow-on activity that could help inform regulatory changes and future infrastructure needs/investments			LEAD: Economic Development Committee	
		Make changes to local zoning to adapt economic target areas and attract new private investment			LEAD: Planning Department  PARTNERS: Economic Development Committee; Local Businesses	1

OBJECTIVE 3.2: CON	ITINUE TO PROMOTE	ECONOMIC DEVELOPME	ENT IN AREAS ALREA	DY IDENTIFIED BY TH	E TOWN.	
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
3.2.2. Establish resources to continually update the Kittery Economic Development Opportunities website with fresh content and up to date contact information for Town staff.	Existing Economic Development Opportunities website	promotional material.	Town funded Merchant supported (e.g. Business of the month highlighted on page)		LEAD: Town Manager, Planning Department, Economic Development Committee	1
		Add a page that highlights commercial space for lease, for sale, or properties available for new development				

<b>OBJECTIVE 3.2: CON</b>	ITINUE TO PROMOTE	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMI	ENT IN AREAS ALREA	DY IDENTIFIED BY TH	E TOWN.	
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Establish resources to continually update the Kittery Economic Development Opportunities website with fresh content and up to date contact information for Town staff, continued	York County Chamber of Commerce. Kittery	Evaluate the need for a full- time or part-time position and identify funding for someone to work with the Planning Department to serve as a liaison to the business community	Town Funding		LEAD: Town Council, Town Manager	2
3.2.3. Consider the benefits of hiring an economic development staff person or other strategy to accomplish objective	Development	Evaluate the need for a full- time or part-time position and identify funding for a staff member to work with the Planning Department and serve as a liaison to the business community	Town Funding		LEAD: Town Council, Town Manager  PARTNERS: Businesses, Economic Development Committee	2

<b>OBJECTIVE 3.2: CON</b>	ITINUE TO PROMOTE	ECONOMIC DEVELOPME	ENT IN AREAS ALREA	DY IDENTIFIED BY TH	E TOWN.	
Church a street	F. iskin a D. sassana	Potential Actions Not Limited to the	From disc se	Nata	Land O Double and	Dui a nita
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
3.2.4. Continue to		Discuss options including			LEAD: Town Council,	2
explore possibility of		the municipality's ability to			Town Manager,	
state legislation that		retain a portion of the State			Legislative Delegation	
would allow		sales tax collected by				
municipalities		businesses in the community			PARTNERS:	
additional taxing		or to impose a local sales tax			Businesses, Economic	
options		option to be retained by the			Development	
		municipality to help mitigate impacts.			Committee	
3.2.5. Consider and explore redevelopment options for the Water District parcel.	Water District parcel	Continue to discuss redevelopment options with the Water District and interested developers			LEAD: Town Manager  PARTNERS: Water  District	2

#### OBJECTIVE 3.3: DEVELOP GUIDELINES FOR THE FUTURE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE ROUTE 1 CORRIDOR\* INTO A MIXED-USE, PEDESTRIAN-ORIENTED AREA. **Potential Actions Not** Limited to the **Existing Resources** Funding Lead & Partners Priority Strategy Notes **Following** LEAD: Planning Board, 3.3.1. Engage property owners and businesses Planning Staff in a process to explore mutually beneficial PARTNERS: Property options for the potential Owners, Businesses, Regional Planning future redevelopment of the area Commission, Consultants, Economic Development Committee 3.3.2. Evaluate through Draft a scope of work for Town Funding, Regional LEAD: Planning Board, 1 planning and market planning, market analysis, Planning Commission **Planning Staff** and transportation Grants/ Assistance analyses, the range of options for the area that engineering services to **PARTNERS: Property** includes the Route 1 reenvision the Route 1 area Owners, Businesses, Outlet Mall that would **Regional Planning** help set the stage for Commission, future regulatory change Consultants, Economic and possible **Development Committee** infrastructure investments. Allow recommendations to drive any zoning changes and infrastructure investments

<sup>\*</sup>Route 1 corrider includes the outlet malls and the Route 1 Bypass

OBJECTIVE 3.3: DEVELOP GUIDELINES FOR THE FUTURE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE ROUTE 1 CORRIDOR* INTO A MIXED-USE, PEDESTRIAN-								
ORIENTED AREA.								
		Potential Actions Not						
		Limited to the						
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority		
Evaluate through		Consider the formation of						
planning and market		an overlay district or zoning						
analyses, the range of		changes to allow for						
options for the area that		additional land use options						
includes the Route 1		in the area around the						
Outlet Mall that would		Route 1 Mall.						
help set the stage for								
future regulatory change								
and possible								
infrastructure								
investments, continued								

<sup>\*</sup>Route 1 corrider includes the outlet malls and the Route 1 Bypass

#### OBJECTIVE 3.4: SUPPORT THE MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING JOBS AND THE CREATION OF JOBS FOR A VARIETY OF SKILL SETS AND RANGE OF **SALARIES** Potential Actions Not Limited to the **Existing Resources** Following Funding Notes Lead & Partners Priority Strategy LEAD: Planning Board, Title 16 Land Use and Create a paper and online None Required if 3.4.1. Create a **Development Code for** Completed by Staff Planning Staff streamlined permitting permitting guide that explains how the process works, process for small Kittery. staff/boards/committees that PARTNERS: Property businesses that is easy to read and follow. need to weigh in along the Owners, Businesses, Regional Planning way, costs, timelines, and required forms and filings. Commission, Consultants, Economic **Development Committee** Look for ways to speed up the permitting process, particularly for small businesses. Consider designating a staff member as a liaison to the business community. This person can be a resource for permitting, licensing, zoning, and general questions about businesses in town.

#### OBJECTIVE 3.4: SUPPORT THE MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING JOBS AND THE CREATION OF JOBS FOR A VARIETY OF SKILL SETS AND RANGE OF **SALARIES** Potential Actions Not Limited to the **Existing Resources** Following Funding Notes Priority Lead & Partners Strategy Consider designating a Town Create a streamlined permitting process for staff person in the planning small businesses that is department as a small easy to read and follow, business liaison to help with continued permitting and to be a resource for questions. 3.4.2. Remain flexible Title 16 Land Use and None Required if LEAD: Planning Board, 2 Completed by Staff and nimble in unique Development Code for **Planning Staff** economic development Kittery. areas like the Foreside PARTNERS: Property or Gourmet Alley to Owners, Businesses ensure these locations remain eclectic and interesting. Engage members of the LEAD: Planning Board, 3.4.3. Continue to 2 support Kittery's fishing industries in Kittery in **Planning Staff** maritime-based a conversation about their industries - including sales program, and look for PARTNERS: Property fishing and lobster- by ways to connect them with Owners, Businesses maintaining access to local restaurants and seafood the working waterfront vendors. and creating innovative Consider encouraging avenues to connect connections through a Dockfishing to the local to-Dish Program https://docktodish.com. economy.

#### OBJECTIVE 3.4: SUPPORT THE MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING JOBS AND THE CREATION OF JOBS FOR A VARIETY OF SKILL SETS AND RANGE OF **SALARIES** Potential Actions Not Limited to the **Existing Resources** Following Funding Notes Lead & Partners Priority Strategy Support boat building Continue to support LEAD: School Kittery's maritime-based program at Traip Academy Department industries - including fishing and lobster- by maintaining access to the working waterfront and creating innovative avenues to connect fishing to the local economy, continued 3.4.4. Work LEAD: York Chamber, 2 Engage in a regional cooperatively with other Regional Planning discussion with York County **York County** Chamber, SMRPC, and Commission, local municipalities to explore surrounding municipalities municipalities regional approaches to about the cross-promotion of economic development. sites that would support a PARTNERS: Property regional approach to Owners, Businesses, **Economic Development** economic development. Committee

a	5 · · · · 5	Potential Actions Not Limited to the				<b>.</b>
Strategy 3.5.1. Consider engaging the services of a consultant to complete an economic/feasibility study for the Business Park area.	Plan could be a UNH	Following Hire consultant to complete study and help inform future zoning and infrastructure decisions by helping to identify potential zoning changes and infrastructure needs as a way to maximize future tax revenue potential while minimizing impacts on adjacent neighborhoods.	Town Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners  LEAD: Planning  Departmen, Economic  Development  Committee  PARTNERS: Property  Owners/Developers in the IBP	Priority 1
		Discuss with University of Maine				
3.5.2. Continue to engage in targeted outreach to identified business and industry sectors marketing Kittery's economic development areas.	Greater York County Chamber of Commerce. Kittery Economic Development Committee and Website.	Routine maintenance and upkeep of the EDC website	Town Funding, Volunteer Time, Resources from the York Chamber.		LEAD: Planning Department, Economic Development Committee  PARTNERS: Property Owners/Developers in the IBP	1

OBJECTIVE 3.5: ATT	RACT NEW BUSINESS	SES TO THE BUSINESS IND	USTRIAL PARK.			
		Potential Actions Not				
		Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Continue to engage in targeted outreach to identified business and industry sectors marketing Kittery's economic development areas, continued		Identify conferences or showcases to attend to promote land and spaces available in Kittery				
		Identify similar businesses or industry partners who may have insights on what businesses in those sectors are looking for in terms of amenities, infrastructure, costs/revenues, workforce characteristics, etc.				
		Talk with brokers and real estate agents about marketing property in Kittery				
		Work with land owners to actively market properties through websites and brokers				

# GOAL STATEMENT: to provide a range of housing types to meet the needs of individuals throughout their lifecycles and to support residents with a range of incomes.

	DBJECTIVE 4.1: ATTRACT YOUNG PEOPLE AND RETAIN RESIDENTS WITH A VARIETY OF INCOMES								
OBJECTIVE 4.1: ATT	TACT TOUNG PEOPLE		T A VARIETY OF INCOM	E3					
		Potential Actions Not Limited							
Strategy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority			
4.1.1. Undertake a		Create a scope and request for	Municipal Funds, or		LEAD: Planning Board,	1			
housing plan		proposals to undertake a	Request to Regional		Planning Department				
		comprehensive town-wide	Planning Commission						
		housing plan. Plan should include			PARTNERS: Town				
		an indepth analysis of housing			Manager				
		supply, demand, and strategies to							
		encourage a variety of housing							
		types and price points							
		Explore possibility of local regional							
		planning commission undertaking							
		the study on behalf of the town							
		Create and implement prioritized							
		list of strategies for housing							
4.1.2. Create a housing	Look to other towns in	Create a Housing Committee or	None Required	Part -	LEADS: Town Council,	1			
committee or housing	the area that have	Housing Trust to oversee the			Town Manager, Planning				
trust	housing committees or	implementation of the housing			Department				
	housing trusts.	plan							
			1		1	ĺ			

ODJECTIVE 4.1. ATTI		AND RETAIN RESIDENTS WIT	I	ME3		
		Potential Actions Not Limited				
Strategy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
4.1.3. Adopt inclusionary		Research existing successful	None Required if	See Strategy 4.1.2 on the	Town Council, Planning	1
zoning as a way to	Development Code for	inclusionary zoning policies in	Completed by Staff	creation of a housing	Board, Planning	
create more affordable	Kittery.	Maine		committee.	Department	
housing in Kittery						
		Country and the district of the body				
		Create a working group to help				
		shape Kittery's inclusionary zoning policy. Group should include local				
		housing developers				
		nousing developers				
		Create a working group to help				
		shape policy. Group should				
		include input from local housing				
		developers				
		Adopt an inclusionary zoning				
		policy				
4.1.4. Update zoning	Title 16 Land Use and	Determine zones in which	None Required if	See strategy 4.1.5. for	Planning Board, Planning	2
regulations to	Development Code for	residents would support	Completed by Staff	financial/regulatory	Department	
	Kittery	development of additional multi-	completed by blan	incentives	o cparament	
housing where		family housing				
appropriate				See end notes for links to		
				descriptions		
		Encourage development where				
		public utilities and existing				
		transportation infrastructure				
		already exist				
1						

<b>OBJECTIVE 4.1: ATTR</b>	RACT YOUNG PEOPLE	AND RETAIN RESIDENTS WIT	H A VARIETY OF INCOM	IES		
_		Potential Actions Not Limited				
Strategy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Update zoning	Ţ,	Provide property owners in the				•
regulations to		area around the Route 1 Outlet				
encourage multi-family		Mall with options to redevelop				
housing where		commercial properties with				
appropriate, continued		housing and/or mixed-use via an				
		overlay district				
		Draft use and dimensional				
		requirements that encourage				
		multi-family and mixed-use				
		development where appropriate				
		Change allowable uses to provide				
		for new housing types such as tiny				
		houses or co-housing				
4.1.5. Provide tax		Build in incentives to encourage	None Required if		Town Council, Planning	3
incentives or modified		the use of the cluster bylaw	Completed by Staff		Board, Town Manager,	
dimensional and parking					Assessor, Tax Collector,	
standards for					Planning Department	
developers who create						
housing in desirable						
locations at a variety of						
price points.						
		Consider using the Wester District				
		Consider using the Water District site to catalyze a public/private				
		partnership that achieves the				
		Town's housing goals				
		Town 3 Housing goals				
<u> </u>						l

<b>OBJECTIVE 4.1: ATTR</b>	ACT YOUNG PEOPLE	AND RETAIN RESIDENTS WIT	H A VARIETY OF INCOM	IES		
		Potential Actions Not Limited				
Strategy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Provide tax incentives		Ease permitting fees or time lines				
or modified dimensional		for developers who provide				
and parking standards		housing that meets the Town's				
for developers who		goals				
create housing in						
desirable locations at a						
variety of price points,						
continued						
		Consider a tax incentive for				
		developments that meet the				
		Town's housing goals				
		Use inclusionary zoning fees (if				
		any are generated) to help				
		subsidize affordable units in				
		existing or new development				
4.1.6. Work with area		Develop an online program that	Volunteer or Paid by the		LEAD: Area Employers,	2
employers to set up a		can match housing opportunities	Employer.		Town Manager	
volunteer or paid		with existing Kittery residents to			DARTHERS DI	
housing program where		the needs of short-term			PARTNERS: Planning	
employees on a J-1 visa can stay with Kittery		employees. The Town should work with employers to determine level			Staff, Kittery Residents	
residents		of need and timeframe				
i esidello		or need and differrance				

<b>OBJECTIVE 4.2: SUP</b>	PORT ELDERLY RESI	DENTS' ABILITY TO AGE IN	PLACE			
Strategy		Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
4.2.1. Create a tax incentive program to lower property taxes for senior residents.		Create a program similar to a circuit breaker, senior work-off program, or Property Tax Fairness Credit	None Required if Completed by Staff	Program is envisioned to help lower property taxes for seniors through an abatement or a volunteer work-off program	LEAD: Town Council	2
4.2.2. Update zoning regulations to allow for different housing types that meet the needs of today's senior residents	Title 16 Land Use and Development Code for Kittery.	Update zoning to allow for new housing types such as co- housing or tiny houses	None Required if Completed by Staff		LEAD: Planning Board, Planning Department	1
		Explicitly note under allowable uses by zoning districts where assisted living is allowed and encouraged				
		Relax the regulatory standards for accessory dwelling units such that a new accessory structure could be constructed to provide alternative housing types in Kittery				

<b>OBJECTIVE 4.2: SUPI</b>	PORT ELDERLY RESI	DENTS' ABILITY TO AGE IN I	PLACE			
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
4.2.3. Provide incentives	Title 16 Land Use and	Design density bonuses for	None Required if	mar.i.	LEAD: Planning	1
for developers to take	Development Code for	developers who utilize the	Completed by Staff		Board, Planning	
advantage of Kittery's	Kittery	cluster bylaw, particularly in			Department	
cluster zoning		locations that are served by				
ordinance, particularly		sewers or have on-site				
if affordable housing is		wastewater treatment				
provided. This may						
include expedited						
permitting, reduced						
application fees, relaxed dimensional						
standards, relaxed						
parking standards						
where applicable						
Wile е арріісавіе						
4.2.4. Ensure any new	Title 16 Land Use and	Ensure site plan review process	·	See Goals and	LEAD: Planning	1
development restricted	•	includes a review of	Completed by Staff	Strategies from the	Board, Planning	
to seniors is within a	Kittery	transportation connectivity		Transportation	Department	
safe walking distance to				Section of the		
nearby amenities and a				Comprehensive		
local public transit				Plan.		
option						
		Encourage larger-scale senior				
		housing development to				
		include transportation demand				
		management solutions to				
		increase travel options for				
		seniors				
				I	1	

# Kittery Comprehensive Plan 2015-2025 TOPIC AREA 4: HOUSING

OBJECTIVE 4.2: SUPPORT ELDERLY RESIDENTS' ABILITY TO AGE IN PLACE							
		Potential Actions Not					
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority	
Ensure any new		Encourage the integration of					
development restricted		new senior housing options					
to seniors is within a		into mixed-use or housing					
safe walking distance to		developments in close					
nearby amenities and a		proximity to daily needs					
local public transit		amenties like retail,					
option, continued		restaurants, town services,					
		grocery stores, etc.					

GOAL STATEMENT: To improve safety and ease of getting around town and better connect the "pieces" of Kittery. Provide alternatives to automobile travel with safe and pleasant bike accommodations and walking paths.

ODJECTIVE - 1 ADDI	DECC TD A FELC CAFETY	AND CONCECTION				
OBJECTIVE 5.1: ADDI	RESS TRAFFIC SAFETY	AND CONGESTION			ī	
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
5.1.1 Create a Transportation Advisory Committee	Bicycle Coalition of Maine Eastern Trail Alliance	_	None required initially	Transportation Advisory Committee would include a group of volunteer	LEAD(S): Town Council; and Planning Department	1
Advisory Committee		evaluate transportation improvements		representatives from town departments and residents who would be appointed by the Town Council.	Training Department	
5.1.2 Identify measures to improve operations, mobility and safety	Kittery Area	Continue to work with the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard to reduce traffic impacts of shipyard employees at shift changes	Town operating budget		LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works; Planning Department; and Transportation Advisory Committee;  PARTNER(S): Portsmouth Naval Shipyard Authority	2

OBJECTIVE 5.1: ADD	RESS TRAFFIC SAFETY	'AND CONGESTION				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Identify measures to improve operations, mobility and safety, continued	C 222	Identify improvements to reduce congestion and improve safety at critical roadways and intersections  SEE END NOTE #1			LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works; Planning Department; and Transportation Advisory Committee	1
		Identify streets that need signage, such as advance warning; e.g., Route 103, wayfinding	Town operating budget		Same as above	2
		Enforce speed limits and temporary and/or permanent speed reader signs	Apply for grant funding		LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works; Planning Department; and Police Department	1
		Evaluate circulation patterns and access, including one-way streets; e.g., making Walker Street a one-way pair			LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works; Planning Department; and Transportation Advisory Committee	3
					1	

OBJECTIVE 5.1: ADD	RESS TRAFFIC SAFETY	AND CONGESTION				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Identify measures to improve operations, mobility and safety, continued		Explore coordinated improvement plan for Route 236 west of the Turnpike			Same as above	3
		Review street design standards for residential subdivision and dead-end streets standards to discourage dead-end streets and cul-de-sacs which reduce connectivity and mobility in neighborhoods			Same as above	2
		Consider a program to construct turnarounds on dead end streets			Same as above	2
		Evaluate intersections for potential operations optimization, including left-turn signals and signal timing and phasing improvements			Same as above	1

OBJECTIVE 5.1: ADD	RESS TRAFFIC SAFET	AND CONGESTION				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priorit
Identify measures to improve operations, mobility and safety, continued		Improve roadway destination signage to I-95 on Route 236 Traffic Circle	MaineDOT		<b>LEAD(S):</b> MaineDOT	1
		Adopt an ordinance or regulation for reviewing traffic movement permits that is consistent with the policy and purpose of Title 23 M.R.S.A. §704-A. Traffic Movement Permit			LEAD(S): Planning Department; and Transportation Advisory Committee  PARTNER(S): MaineDOT	2
	Kittery Area Comprehensive Transportation System (KACTS)	Continue to support the regional transportation planning process			LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): MaineDOT; and KACTS	1
5.1.3 Maintain public roadways, sidewalks, bike paths and trails	Kittery Road Surface Management System	Continue to operate and fund the <b>Road Surface Management System</b> and expand the program to include sidewalks, bike paths and trails	Department of Public Works operating budget		<b>LEAD(S):</b> Department of Public Works	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 5.1: ADDI</b>	RESS TRAFFIC SAFETY	AND CONGESTION				
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Maintain public roadways, sidewalks, bike paths and trails, continued	ZNISHING MESOULICES	Consider feasibility of adding more roads to "scenic road" designations to protect views	· unum <sub>b</sub>	Also see Strategy 1.1.6 of Topic Area 1: Historic & Cultural Resources	LEAD(S): Newly-formed Kittery Historic Preservation Commission  PARTNER(S): Individual owners of historic properties; Kitt ery Historical and Naval Museum/Society; Planni ng Board; Kittery Park and Recreation Commission; and	2
		Investigate designation of			Maine Historic Preservation Commission Same as above	3
		Route 103 as scenic byway  Develop an annual plan to repaint and/or restripe pavement markings for traffic, pedestrians and bicycles			<b>LEAD(S):</b> Department of Public Works	2

OBJECTIVE 5.1: ADD	RESS TRAFFIC SAFETY	AND CONGESTION				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Maintain public roadways, sidewalks, bike paths and trails, continued	Ü	Continue and expand Kittery Adopt-A-Road Program to promote cleanliness of roads or sections in the Town and traffic islands.	J		LEAD(S): Department of Public Works; and Planning Department	2
		Develop a Complete Streets Policy (SEE END NOTE #2) to accommodate all modes of transportation and make streets attractive and safe which would encourage more pedestrian and biking activities.			LEAD(S): Transportation Advisory Committee; and Kittery Department of Public Works  PARTNER(S): Planning Department	1
		Maintain and routinely service street lights to create a safe environment at night; e.g. on the Badgers Island Bridge and Badgers Island (SEE END NOTE #9)			<b>LEAD(S):</b> Kittery Department of Public Works	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 5.2: MAK</b>	E WALKING AND BIKIN	NG SAFE AND PLEASANT				
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
5.2.1 Improve pedestrian and bicycle facilities by providing and developing sidewalks, walking trails and bike paths	DPW existing Kittery Sidewalks Condition Report prepared in 1999 for previous Comprehensive Plan Title 16 Land Use and Development Code of Town of Kittery	Identify roads and key destinations where sidewalks and bike paths are needed or are incomplete; e.g., complete sidewalk on Walker Street; evaluate feasibility of sidewalk on Love Lane to provide safe pedestrian access  SEE END NOTE #3	America Walks and the Every Body Walk!	See Strategy 5.1.1 for Transportation Advisory Committee	LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works and Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee and Public Schools	1
		Consider providing sidewalk between Kittery and Kittery Point and providing bicycle accommodations in Kittery, Kittery Point and Gerrish Island	Department of Public Works operating budget and grant funding Maine Downtown program provides grants for "downtown" areas (like Foreside)	sidewalk on Route 103 for its entirety	LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works and Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee	1

OBJECTIVE 5.2: MAK	E WALKING AND BIKIN	NG SAFE AND PLEASANT				
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Improve pedestrian and bicycle facilities by providing and developing sidewalks, walking trails and bike paths, continued		Consider providing safe pedestrian walkways or bike paths/lanes between Kittery destinations and potential future parking areas	Department of Public Works operating budget	Also see Strategy 2.2.1 of Topic Area 2: Natural Resources and Recreation	LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works and Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee; Public Schools; Kittery Park and Recreation Commission; and Local business owners	1
		Consider improving and providing increased opportunities for bicycling in Kittery Point and on streets such as Route 103, Rogers Road, Haley Road, and Route 236			Same as above	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 5.2: MAK</b>	E WALKING AND BIKIN	IG SAFE AND PLEASANT				
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Improve pedestrian and bicycle facilities by providing and developing sidewalks, walking trails and bike paths, continued		Evaluate opportunities for providing bike accommodations on roads including bike lanes, wide shoulders and "Share the Road" signs. Some potential streets include Route 103, Route 236 and Haley Road	Department of Public Works operating budget and grant funding		Same as above	1
		Develop a sidewalk and pedestrian plan, including updating the existing Sidewalk Condition Report; conducting an inventory to identify existing conditions and gaps in the pedestrian network; and identifying opportunities for new trails			<b>LEAD(S):</b> Kittery Department of Public Works and Planning Department	1

OBJECTIVE 5.2: MAK	E WALKING AND BIKIN	NG SAFE AND PLEASANT				
		Potential Actions Not				
		Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Improve pedestrian		Work with schools,			LEAD(S):	1
and bicycle facilities by		Community Center and			Kittery Department of	
providing and		Town departments to			Public Works and	
developing sidewalks,		prioritize sidewalk projects			Planning Department	
walking trails and bike		on town-owned facilities				
paths, continued		and recreational areas			PARTNER(S):	
					Transportation	
					Advisory Committee;	
					Public Schools; Town	
					departments	
					1545(5)	
		Consider implementing a	Town operating budget		LEAD(S):	3
		pilot program to close			Kittery Department of Public Works and	
		Foreside roadways to				
		vehicle traffic for a Sunday once a month during			Planning Department	
		Isummer			PARTNER(S):	
		Janniel			Transportation	
					Advisory Committee;	
					and Local business	
					owners	

OBJECTIVE 5.2: MAK	E WALKING AND BIKIN	NG SAFE AND PLEASANT				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Improve pedestrian and bicycle facilities by providing and developing sidewalks, walking trails and bike paths, continued	Existing resources	Identify intersections that need pedestrian facilities, including pedestrian signals, crosswalks and handicap ramps; for e.g., provide crosswalk/s along with pedestrian activated flashing lights at the intersection of Government Street and Prince Avenue	Department of Public Works operating budget and MaineDOT		LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works and Planning Department	1
		Consider providing pedestrian amenities; e.g., benches, shade trees and lighting	Grant funding		Same as above	2
5.2.2 Update Land Use and Development Code of Town of Kittery to include standards for bicycle accommodations	Title 16 Land Use and Development Code of Town of Kittery	Review the "Design and Construction Standards for Streets and Pedestrian Ways" in the <i>Land Use and Development Code</i> of Kittery to include standards for bicycle accommodations			LEAD(S): Town Council and Planning Department	2

<b>OBJECTIVE 5.2: MAK</b>	E WALKING AND BIKIN	NG SAFE AND PLEASANT				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
5.2.3 Develop Complete Streets Policy		Develop Complete Streets Policy (SEE END NOTE #2) to accommodate all modes of transportation and make streets attractive and safe which would encourage more pedestrian and biking activities.			LEAD(S): Transportation Advisory Committee; and Kittery Department of Public Works  PARTNER(S): Planning Department	1
		Complete planned sidewalk projects such as the Whipple Road Sidewalk project	Department of Public Works		<b>LEAD(S):</b> Kittery Department of Public Works	1
5.2.4 Promote pedestrian and bicycle education	Healthy Places for Healthy People (Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Smart Growth Technical Assistance Program) SEE END NOTE #5	Town (to be formed Transportation Advisory Committee) to promote Walker's Education, e.g. walk facing the traffic, walk on left side of the road etc.			LEAD(S): Kittery Department of Public Works and Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee and Public Schools	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 5.2: MAK</b>	E WALKING AND BIKIN	IG SAFE AND PLEASANT				
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Promote pedestrian and bicycle education, continued		Consider providing bicycle education program for public, including both children and adults, e.g. ride on right side of the road etc.	Bicycle Coalition of Maine	Maine is a resource that will be providing	LEAD(S): Bicycle Coalition of Maine; and Public Schools	1
		Require event organizers during bicycle events in Kittery to 1) distribute "Be Courteous" handouts with rules for acceptable bicyclist behavior and 2) place people at narrower portions of the road  SEE END NOTE #6	Bicycle Coalition of Maine		LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Bicycle Coalition of Maine; and Event organizers	2

OBJECTIVE 5.3: EX	OBJECTIVE 5.3: EXPLORE WAYS OF PROVIDING NON-VEHICULAR MODES OF TRANSPORTATION									
Strategy 5.3.1 Improve transit service and connections	Existing Resources  COAST bus service  York County Community Action Corporation (YCCAC) "Local Rides" transit service	Potential Actions Not	Funding	Notes See Strategy 5.1.1 for	Lead & Partners  LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee; and Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	Priority 1				
		Consider partnering with COAST to extend routes in Kittery and provide weekend service	COAST		LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee; and COAST	1				

<b>OBJECTIVE 5.3: EX</b>	OBJECTIVE 5.3: EXPLORE WAYS OF PROVIDING NON-VEHICULAR MODES OF TRANSPORTATION									
Strategy Improve transit service and	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following Coordinate with Portsmouth Naval Shipyard about	Funding PNSY	Notes	Lead & Partners  LEAD(S):  Planning Department	Priority				
connections, continued		expanding shuttle buses for Navy Shipyard workers			PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee; and Portsmouth Naval Shipyard					
		Review current paratransit service for adequacy of providing service for the elderly, disabled, and low income populations	KACTS		LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): York County Community Action Corporation (YCCAC)	3				
5.3.2 Promote alternative modes of transportation	Go Maine (Maine's statewide commuter service	Evaluate potential for car- sharing opportunities such as Zipcar			LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): MaineDOT and KACTS	1				

OBJECTIVE 5.3: EXPLORE WAYS OF PROVIDING NON-VEHICULAR MODES OF TRANSPORTATION									
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority			
Promote alternative modes of transportation, continued	State of Maine's van service to York County, Kittery Community Center's van service	Explore opportunities for expanding existing van services	MaineDOT	Notes	LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): MaineDOT and Kittery Community Center	3			
5.3.3 Consider bike sharing alternatives		Consider designating areas for "bike sharing" service such as Hubway		Also see Strategy 5.2.1	LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee	1			
5.3.4 Consider boat taxis	Town of Kittery Port Authority Rules and Regulations	Consider providing boat taxis to Portsmouth and recreational areas	Private		LEAD(S): Private company	3			

OBJECTIVE 5.3: EXPLORE WAYS OF PROVIDING NON-VEHICULAR MODES OF TRANSPORTATION									
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority			
5.3.5 Promote		Evaluate potential for			LEAD(S):	1			
sustainable green		providing electric car charging			Planning Department				
transportation		stations, including public-			D. 1 D. T. 1 (5)				
practices		private partnerships			PARTNER(S):				
					Department of Public				
					Works;				
					Chamber of				
					Commerce; and				
					Private businesses				

<b>OBJECTIVE 5.4: EXP</b>	LORE WAYS OF INCREA	ASING PARKING OPTIONS				
		Potential Actions Not				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
5.4.1 Evaluate town-	Title 16 Land Use and	Develop a town-wide Parking	Town and State	The Town is conducting a	LEAD(S):	1
wide current parking	Development Code of	Management Plan to evaluate		new parking study in	Town Council; and	
conditions and	Town of Kittery.	parking supply, demand and		November 2016.	Planning Department	
parking policies	Recodified on July 26,	utilization in Downtown				
	2010 and latest	Kittery and commercial areas;			PARTNER(S):	
		e.g., Foreside, Kittery Point,			Local business owners;	
		and develop strategies to			Portsmouth Naval	
		improve operations and			Shipyard; and	
		reduce impacts on local			Local residents	
	(Listening Sessions on the					
	Future of Kittery Foreside,	SEE END NOTE #7				
	2014)					
		Review current on-street and			LEAD(S):	1
		off-street parking regulations			Town Council; and	
		and policies and revise to meet			Planning Department	
		development strategies				
		Evaluate parking supply and			LEAD(S):	2
		demand and increase			Planning Department;	
		enforcement of parking			and	
		regulations in Seapoint Beach			Police Department	
		area and Fort Foster				

OBJECTIVE 5.4: EXF	PLORE WAYS OF INCREA	ASING PARKING OPTIONS				
Strategy Evaluate town-wide current parking conditions and parking policies, continued	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following Identify ways for better management of existing parking spaces; e.g., consider off-site remote parking for employees	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners  LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Local business owners; and Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	Priority 1
		Consider locations for central and satellite parking facilities to serve the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard and Foreside			LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	1
5.4.2 Maximize parking efficiency and explore shared parking opportunities		Consider designating some off- street spaces for shared-use (Rice Building parking) and shared vehicle (Zip Car) use SEE END NOTE #8	Department of Public Works		LEAD(S): Planning Department  PARTNER(S): Transportation Advisory Committee; and Local business owners	1

OBJECTIVE 5.4: EXF	OBJECTIVE 5.4: EXPLORE WAYS OF INCREASING PARKING OPTIONS								
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority			
Maximize parking efficiency and explore shared parking opportunities, continued		Stripe on-street parking spaces on public roadways	Department of Public Works		<b>LEAD(S):</b> Kittery Department of Public Works; and Planning Department	1			
		Consider reverse angle parking in some areas such as Foreside			Same as above	2			
		Include bike-racks in parking areas	Town operating budget or grants		Same as above	1			

#### **END NOTES**

- 1. Evaluate roadways and intersections including:
  - End of US 1 Bypass to Intersection of US 1 Bypass & US 1 Bypass Southbound;
  - End of I-95 Southbound to Intersection of Exit 1 On-Ramp from I-95 North to Dennett Road I-95 SB;
  - Intersection of Entrance to Maine Outlet/Shop Center/US 1 to Entrance to Mall/ US 1/Wilson Road;
  - Intersection of New State Road, Rogers Road and State Road;
  - Intersection of Manson Road, Picott Road, and Wilson Road;
  - Intersection of Shapleigh Road, Whipple Road, and Woodlawn Avenue;
  - Intersection of Ramp off to Rogers Road southbound;
  - Intersection of Manson Avenue and Shapleigh Road; and
  - Intersection of State Road and Walker Street.

All recommendations with regard to specific streets should be reviewed by the Transportation Advisory Committee before being implemented.

- Intersection improvements may include optimizing and coordinating signalized intersections.
- Care should be taken especially where students are crossing to go to the schools.
- 2. MaineDOT Complete Streets Policy (adopted June 8, 2014) states that "The intent of this formalized policy is to help ensure that all users of Maine's transportation system our- customers including bicyclists, pedestrians, people of all ages and abilities, transit users, and motor vehicle users, have safe and efficient access to the transportation system".
- 3. Sidewalks New sidewalks should be added in context and compatible to the surroundings and adjacent land use. Items such as material type, curb type, dimensions, and alignment should be reviewed for each specific location.
- **4. America Walks** It is a 501©(3) nonprofit national organization devoted exclusively to making America a great place to walk. Together, America Walks and the Every Body Walk! Collaborative award micro grant funding up to \$1500 for projects related to increasing walking and walkability.
- 5. Healthy Places for Healthy People (Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Smart Growth Technical Assistance Program) It is a new program to help communities partner with community health centers (including Federally Qualified Health Centers), nonprofit hospitals, and other health care facilities to create walkable, healthy, economically vibrant places. Under this program, communities will receive planning assistance to develop action plans focusing on health as an economic driver and catalyst for downtown and neighborhood revitalization.

#### 6. Ride Safety Reminders from the Bicycle Coalition of Maine:

- Helmet Use is required.
- This event is taking place on open roads. Other traffic will be present.
- Ride single file a safe distance from the road's edge when cars are present.
- Only pass on the left.
- Communicate with other riders. Call out "on your left" when passing and point out hazards.
- Use hand signals and verbal announcements when you are changing position or turning.
- Obey all traffic signs and signals. Stop at stop signs and lights.
- If you stop along the route, get completely off the road to make room for other riders and cars.
- Be courteous and friendly to all other road users.
- **7. Parking Management** Paid parking is one component of managing parking operations that also includes policies and restrictions; supply, demand, and utilization; short-term and long-term parking; signage; and enforcement.
- **8. Shared Parking** is a land use strategy for optimizing parking capacity by sharing spaces by two or more land uses based on peak parking demands. Under this strategy, separate parking spaces are not provided for individual land use thus reducing land dedicated for parking.

#### 9. Some of the public's specific input:

- Several lights have been out for a while on the bridge to Badger's Island.
- At Government/Route 1, pedestrians get the signal to cross while the right turning lane from Government can turn on red. This results in cars that don't stop or slow down, even honking at pedestrians who have a walk signal. This intersection (and Walker/Route 1) remains dangerous for pedestrians even though there's a signal and crosswalk. There needs to be a change for car traffic so that a right turn is not permitted while the pedestrians are crossing.
- The crosswalk buttons on Walker St/Route 1 rarely function. This means that pedestrians often use the crosswalk without a signal to cross.

There is a need to provide some sort of method for the Town's residents to inform the Town of these issues/needs and that exploring an app for this purpose might be useful.

# GOAL STATEMENT: To protect the town's coastline and working waterfront, and to ensure appropriate access to and enjoyment of the water, while pretecting it from environmental impacts

		CESS TO THE WATERFRO				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
6.1.1 Develop a public education campaign to inform boaters on navigational challenges,	NOAA Navigation Charts; Kittery Port Authority's (KPA) website info on launching sites; Local	Review existing documents on navigation in Kittery area Increase safety for kayakers by having a Sign-In Book and providing a safety warning (similar to that given by the Main Island Trail Assoc.)  Provide information regarding safety matters such as strong currents in Piscataqua River and avoiding commercial vessels	J	Use existing information to greatest extent possible; added value is in making information easily accessible and		1
		Meet with local boaters to compile check information			LEAD Kittery Port Authority PARTNERS Kayaking and boating clubs and guides	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.1: ENSU</b>	RE APPROPRIATE AC	CESS TO THE WATERFRO	NT			
<u> </u>	- · · · · ·	Potential Actions Not Limited to the	- "			<b>5</b>
	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Develop a public education campaign to inform boaters on navigational challenges, continued		Design easy-to-understand pamphlets and posters for public education			Same as above	1
		Encourage local boaters and visitors to take boating education courses			LEAD Kittery Port Authority  PARTNERS Maine Dept. of Inland Fisheries/Commercial fisherman/marina	1
6.1.2 Explore the possibilities of providing shared parking working with owners of Frisbee Store property		Evaluate options to allow use of parking area for providing public parking		located at the rear of the lot and must be	<b>PARTNERS</b> Kittery Planning Dept., Kittery	1
		Evaluate fee purchase of property			Same as above	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.1: ENSU</b>	RE APPROPRIATE ACC	CESS TO THE WATERFRO	NT			
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
6.1.3 Explore opportunities for water- based tourism to Kittery	Commercial boat operators in greater	Evaluate demand, identify potential docking locations, and determine level of interest from local businesses Promote Appledore Island as part of Kittery		Government Street Wharf is publicly-owned but is predominantly used by commercial fishermen and is built to	LEAD Commercial boat operators and local businesses  PARTNERS Economic Development Committee, Port Authoriy	2
showing existing access points for boaters	KPA website with information on launching locations; 2014 Quality Improvement Plan for Kittery's Shore and Harbors; Maine Coastal Public Access Guide-Southern Region: South Berwick to Freeport	Compile list of locations suitable for publication, based on site access, size, adjacent land use, and water access Identify safety issues on maps		Information is readily available on sites, but a review of sites suitable for inclusion (and likely increased usage) must be performed.	LEAD Kittery Port Authority  PARTNERS Local boaters, Coast Guard, and commercial fishermen	1
		Prepare one-page document for distribution and posting on KPA and Town of Kittery websites			LEAD Kittery Port Authority PARTNER Public information staff	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.1: ENSU</b>	RE APPROPRIATE AC	CESS TO THE WATERFRO	DNT			
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
6.1.5 Determine whether appropriate locations exist for additional public access to water/waterfront	Town land use and zoning maps	Determine level of demand and site usage constraints.	Town budget	New sites for public access will need some level of parking, compatible adjacent land uses, and direct access to water	LEAD Kittery Planning Department  PARTNER Kittery Port Authority	1
	Open space inventories	Review town land use and zoning maps for potential parcels/sites	User fees from site users		Same as above	2
		Consider giving residents lower cost to say on the mooring list				
		Better manage existing parking				
		Explore possiblity of using railroad line as a trail to connect Traip to Foreside				
		Inform and involve public	Possible grants		Same as above	2

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.1: ENSU</b>	OBJECTIVE 6.1: ENSURE APPROPRIATE ACCESS TO THE WATERFRONT								
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority			
6.1.6 For environmentally sensitive and secluded locations like Seapoint Beach, encourage additional nonmotorized visitors through installation of bike racks and bike/pedestrian paths.	Locations identified for improved bicycle/pedestrian access, as identified in Comprehensive Plan update process	Engineering/planning study of site access requirements, such as dedicated paths or "Share the Road" signage; bicycle racks for storage.	Town DPW maintenance budget for signage, "Complete Streets" programs and other transportation improvement grants.	Any site improvements should be done in context of larger bike/pedestrian access improvements throughout Kittery. For example, linking waterfront parks to commercial areas like Kittery Foreside	LEAD Kittery Planning Department  PARTNER Kittery Public Works, York County DOT, Maine DOT, Kittery Transportation Advisory Council	1			
		Consider encouraging the establishment of a Chauncy Creek Watershed Assoc.							
6.1.7 Continue collaboration with Wood Island Life Saving Station (WILSSA)	Existing tenure and concession agreements with WILSA	Support WILSSA permit application for new pier and marine railway restoration at Wood Island Station	No direct cost to Kittery		LEAD Kittery Town Council  PARTNER Kittery Port Authority, Wood Island Life Saving Association (WILSSA)	On-going			

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.1: ENSU</b>	IRE APPROPRIATE AC	CESS TO THE WATERFRO	NT			
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Continue collaboration with Wood Island Life Saving Station (WILSSA), continued	In-progress restoration and remediation efforts at Wood Island	Existing funds obtained by WILSSA is paying for restoration and remediation			<b>LEAD</b> WILSSA	
6.1.8 Install signage to parking lot at Mitchell School, which is available to public in summer and on nonschool days, and offers overflow parking to Pepperrell Cove		Install signage and maps for public information.	Town DPW maintenance budget for signage, "Complete Streets" programs and other transportation improvement grants.		LEAD Kittery Public Works  PARTNER Kittery Planning Department, Kittery Transportation Advisory Council	1
6.1.9 Install No Wake Zones signed where needed		Evaluate locations (e.g., Hicks Rocks south of Route 103 Bridge) and determine best method of installation	Kittery Port Authority operating funds		LEAD Kittery Port Authority PARTNERS Fisheries Advisory Committee	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.2: PROT</b>	ECT WORKING WATE	RFRONT				
Strategy  6.2.1. Continue to support Kittery's maritime-based economy including the fishing and shellfishing industry by maintaining access to the working waterfront and creating innovative avenues to better connect fishing to the local economy	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following Conduct poll/outreach/meetings with commercial fishermen and boat operators to determine needs and challenges they face Explore innovative ways to better connect fishing to the local economy (e.g. Dock to Dish programs)	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners  LEAD Kittery Port Authority PARTNERS Kittery Economic Development committee, Fisheries Advisory Committee, commercial boaters and fishermen, shore facility operators (marinas, etc.)	Priority 1
6.2.2 Identify any needed improvements or operational changes to Government Street Wharf	2014 Quality Improvement Plan for Kittery's Shore and Harbors contains a physical condition assessment of the pier	Discuss with commercial users of the pier to identify operating constraints and identify any engineering requirements for expansion (if needed)		Any modifications would need to be done so as to avoid disruptions to commercial users. The wharf is built to the limits of the lot line.	<b>LEAD</b> Kittery Port Authority <b>PARTNERS</b> Pier users, Kittery Public Works	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.2: PROTI</b>	OBJECTIVE 6.2: PROTECT WORKING WATERFRONT									
Strategy		<u> </u>	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority				
6.2.3 Identify whether additional shoreside facilities would benefit marine-based industries	2014 Quality Improvement Plan for Kittery's Shore and Harbors	Conduct poll/outreach/meetings with commercial fishermen and boat operators to determine need			LEAD Kittery Port Authority PARTNERS Fisheries Advisory Committee, other commercial boat operators and shore facility operators	2				
_	Kittery Zoning Map Kittery Town Land Use and Development Code	Conduct poll/outreach/meetings with commercial fishermen and boat operators to determine need, and review zoning of candidate locations and suitability		Add clarifying language to this zoning description to state that on-site boat storage is explicitly allowed in this zone.	Department <b>PARTNERS</b> Fisheries Advisory Committee, other	2				

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.2: PROT</b>	ECT WORKING WATE	RFRONT				
Strategy 6.2.5. Consider conducting a dredging study to assess the costs, benefits, and options taking into consideration the potential environmental impacts.	Existing Resources  NOAA navigational chart for Kittery area; Authorized depths for specific locations, such as Pepperrell Cove University of NH has surveyed the environment FNP: Federal Navigation Project of Pepperill Cove	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following Conduct poll/outreach/meetings with commercial fishermen and boat operators to identify areas where navigation is difficult or impossible due to shallow depths SEE END NOTES	Funding  Dredging is typically cost-shared between Federal and non-Federal (State and local) parties	Notes	Lead & Partners  LEAD Kittery Port Authority, University of New Hampshire Amry Corps of Engineers PARTNERS Fisheries Advisory Committee, other commercial boat operators and shore facility operators	Priority 3
		Coordinate with USACE dredging program			LEAD Kittery Port Authority PARTNERS Town Council, USACE New England District	3
6.2.6 Develop a selfguided tour of the working waterfront		Identify and map points of interest; prepare descriptive text for a brochure and/or signage. The goal of the tour would be for visitors and residents to learn more of its history and present-day role in Kittery.			LEAD Kittery Planning Department PARTNERS Kittery Port Authority, Fisheries Advisory Committee	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.2: PROTI</b>	ECT WORKING WATE	OBJECTIVE 6.2: PROTECT WORKING WATERFRONT								
		Potential Actions Not Limited to the								
Strategy	Existing Resources	Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority				
6.2.7 Provide	State of Maine Working Waterfront Access Pilot			SEE END NOTES		1				

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.3: PRO</b>	TECT MARINE RESOL	IRCES				
Strategy	Existing Resources	<u> </u>	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
6.3.1. Update the Harbor Management Plan		Develop Strategic Plan and support its implementation			LEAD: Port Authority, Harbormaster	1
6.3.2 Education and advocacy effort to increase awareness in residents and business owners on effects of pollutants, pesticides, and stormwater runoff	Town of Kittery annual water quality monitoring programs; State of Maine water quality monitoring programs	Prepare easy-to-read materials that summarize Kittery's water quality challenges, and the effects of pollutants and pesticides. Distribute to property and business owners, and post on municipal website.	Town budget	Effort should include focus groups of residents and property owners	LEAD Kittery Shoreland Resource Officer PARTNERS Kittery Planning Department, Building Department, Dept. of Public Works, Southern Maine Planning and Development Commission (SMPDC)	1
6.3.3 Evaluation of a Town Code regarding use of pesticides and herbicides with chemicals, in waterfront areas	Town of Kittery annual water quality monitoring programs; State of Maine water quality monitoring programs See area towns for models	Evaluate future impacts of "build-out" development using existing zoning and chemical use		Evaluate whether ordinance should apply Town-wide to achieve greatest reduction in pollutant inflows (both residential and commercial)	LEAD Kittery Town Council PARTNERS Code Enforcement/Kittery Shoreland Resource Officer, Planning Department	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.3: PRO</b>	TECT MARINE RESOU	IRCES				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Evaluation of a Town Code regarding use of pesticides and herbicides with chemicals, in waterfront areas, continued		Literature review of existing ordinances in other communities			<b>LEAD</b> Kittery Shoreland Resource Officer <b>PARTNER</b> Planning Department	1
6.3.4 Work with Portsmouth Naval Shipyard (PNS) to identify and reduce effects of flooding on facility, and to reduce pollutant outflows	FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (in preparation); EPA remediation studies and mitigation plans; Union of Concerned Scientists (UCS) report ("The U.S. Military on the Front Lines of Rising Seas")	scenarios		UCS report notes that under highest sea level rise projections, more than a quarter of PNS would become part of tidal zones, effectively experiencing daily flooding	LEAD Town Council PARTNERS Kittery Shoreland Resource Officer, Planning Department, Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	2
6.3.5. Identify a suitable site for storage of floats during storms and update Storm Preparedness Plan accordingly	Existing Town Storm Preparedness Plan; Local knowledge of area waterways and shore locations	Determine needed storage capacity, whether on shore or in a protected waterbody	Kittery Port Authority budget and Department of Public Works budget	Removal of floats will require a phased plan (similar to Town's Storm Preparedness Plan)	<b>LEAD</b> Kittery Port Authority and Harbor Master <b>PARTNER</b> Dept. of Public Works	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.3: PRO</b>	TECT MARINE RESOL	JRCES				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
6.3.6 Evaluate feasibility/location for a boat waste pumpout facility	State of Maine Pumpout	<u> </u>	Kittery Port Authority	Existing pumpout boat service does not operate 24 hours a day, and was out of	LEAD Kittery Port Authority PARTNER Department of Public Works, Solid Waste Facility staff	1
		Identify locations and evaluate for engineering feasibility and necessary utility connections or disposal methods.	User fees	Priority is for locations with connection to municipal sewer system (such as Government Street Wharf). Pepperell Cove does not have a connection to municipal system.	Same as above	1
		Establish operating rules and fee schedule	Pumpout Grants (administered by Maine DEP and funded by US Fish and Wildlife Service with additional funding from Clean Vessel Act Grant Program (CVA).		Same as above	1

<b>OBJECTIVE 6.3: PRO</b>	TECT MARINE RESOL	JRCES				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes A voluntary designation	Lead & Partners	Priority
6.3.7. Encourage owners of marine businesses and industries to participate in clean marina/boatyard programs		Assist participants in implementing best management practices through on-site and distance technical assistance		program with a proactive approach to environmental stewardship	LEAD: Port Authority, Harbormaster	2
6.3.8. Work with local property owners, land trusts and others to protect major points of physical and visual acccess to coastal waters		Identify high value scenic views of the water and designate them for protectino through proactive development regulations. Consider regulating fence heights		especially along public ways and in public parks	LEAD: Port Authority, Harbormaster	2

#### **End Notes**

- 1. Potential funding sources for improvements to marine resources were identified in the 2014 Quality Improvement Plan for Kittery's Shore and Harbors. Potential sources include:
- Shore and Harbor Grants
- Community Development Block Grants
- User Fees
- Tax Increment Financing
- Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) Pump Out Grant Program
- Maine Department of Marine Resources (DMR) Waterfront Access Protection Program
- Public/Private Collaboration
- Other Miscellaneous State Funding Programs
- 2. Strategies 6.1.4 and 6.1.5.: The Town of Kittery will use discretion in deciding which specific public access locations are to be included in lists and maps for public usage. Criteria for inclusion include availability of automobile parking, level of environmental sensitivity of the site, and adjacent land uses. Some sites may be accessible by pedestrians or bicyclists only, which will be noted.

The Maine Coastal Public Access Guide, Southern Region: South Berwick to Freeport (Noordyk, Julia, ed. Maine: Maine Coastal Program, Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, 2013) includes useful disclaimer language that may be applicable to Kittery's list and maps, such as:

"The Guide is not inclusive of all public access on the Maine Coast:

- Island sites reachable only by private boat were not included.
- Areas not yet ready for visitation, such as those without trails, were excluded.
- Based on recommendations from land managers, some sites containing very sensitive ecological features, prone to damage by heavy visitation, were not included."

The Guide also includes useful instructions to visitors to public areas to help ensure maintenance of environmental quality (see the "Good Resipect" Guideline Private Property, Abide by Rules and Guidelines, and Protect Ecologically Sensitive Areas, which may be useful for Kittery's documents.

- 3. Strategy 6.2.5. Consider dredging study: Foremost would be an evaluation of Pepperrell Cove, which has significant sedimentation. However, careful assessment must be made for any dredging activity is done. In many areas of the Piscataqua River, silt covers sediments containing heavy metals such as mercury and arsenic that were used in the tanning industry on upstream tributaries. Exposing these pollutants
- 4. Strategy 6.3.3: In addition to the climate adaptation plans for Wells and Eliot, ME, and Portsmouth, NH, the plan "Preparing New Hampshire for Projected Storm Surge, Sea-Level Rise, and Extreme Precipitation", prepared by the New Hampshire Coastal Risks and Hazard Commission (2016), is a useful reference and example.

#### State of Maine's Working Waterfront Access Pilot Program

The Maine Working Waterfront Access Pilot Program is aimed at protecting waterfront land with the facilities, capacity, and services needed to support commercial fisheries businesses. Commercial fisheries businesses are defined as enterprises directly or indirectly concerned with the commercial harvest of wild or aquacultured fish or shellfish, including commercial fishermen, aquaculturist, fishermen's cooperatives, municipalities, owners of private piers, and businesses providing direct services to commercial fishermen and aquaculturists. http://www.seagrant.umaine.edu/files/pdf-global/o6MWRcd/o6MWR25.pdf

#### TOPIC AREA 7: TOWN GOVERNANCE, PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES, AND FISCAL CAPACITY

# GOAL STATEMENT: To improve town governance and provide adequate public facilities and services; increase fiscal capacity responsibly

OBJECTIVE 7.1: IMPRO	VE TOWN GOVERNANCE	AND ITS ABILITY TO ADAPT 1	TO CHANGE			
Strategy 7.1.1 Ensure that planning and management processes are open, informative, inclusive, respectful and welcoming	Existing Resources Town Website Cable TV	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following Increase transparency of decision-making by ensuring that information dissemination is clear, timely, and in layman's language	Funding no cost	Notes	Lead & Partners LEAD: Town Manager Town Council	Priority 1
		Establish twice yearly training workshops for all Town staff				ON-GOING
		Promote Code of Ethics				ON-GOING
7.1.2. Increase engagement and access to government		Establish and sustain community engagement channels and regularly solicit citizen opinion; include youth	no cost		LEAD: Town Manager Town Council	ON-GOING
7.1.3. Improve and increase communication		Increase and improve communication with Town residents (e.g. use a variety of ways, including social media, local cable, revamping the Town's website, etc.). SEE END NOTE 7.1.3. A	no cost		LEAD: Town Manager Town Council	ON-GOING

#### TOPIC AREA 7: TOWN GOVERNANCE, PUBLIC FACILITIES AND SERVICES, AND FISCAL CAPACITY

OBJECTIVE 7.1: IMPROVE TOWN GOVERNANCE AND ITS ABILITY TO ADAPT TO CHANGE								
Strategy Improve and increase communication, continued	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following Explore the use of communication technologies to increase the communication	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners  LEAD: Town Manager  PARTNERS: All  Department Heads	Priority 2		
		between residents and Town government. SEE END NOTE 7.1.3.B.			Department riedus			
		Consider developing a Communications Plan END NOTE 7.1.3.C.	no cost		LEAD: Town Manager	2		
		Improve internet access (encourage the provision of additional options for higher speed connection)	no cost		LEAD:			
		Consolidate existing information into a Town Calendar of Events			LEAD:	2		
		Increase use of cable TV for dissemination of information	no cost		PARTNER: Cable TV	ON-GOING		

OBJECTIVE 7.1: IMPROV	/E TOWN GOVERNANCE A	ND ITS ABILITY TO ADAPT 1	TO CHANGE			
Strategy	Existing Resources		Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
7.1.4.Support the Implementation of the Comprehensive Plan goals	Comprehensive Planning process	Establish a process for monitoring progress, reporting out to the community and establishing milestones.	no cost		LEAD: Town Manager Town Council PARTNERS: All Town Departments, Boards and Committees	1
		Revise Town Code so that it aligns with the Comprehensive Plan and is clear and easy to use.		See Also: Topic Area 8: Land Use	LEAD: Town Council, Planning Board PARTNERS: Town Planner	1
7.1.5. Look for additional funding sources to support implementation		Consider hiring a full-time professional grant writer to capture available funds		Also SEE 7.4 Maintain and Increase Fiscal Capacity	LEAD: Town Manager, TownCouncil Grantswriter	ON-GOING
7.1.6. Refine existing and develop new tools to help with planning and implementation	Existing <b>Kittery Town Code</b>	Revise Town Code so that regulations are clear and easy to use and are aligned with Comprehensive Plan goals		Also SEE Topic Area 8.0 Land Use	LEAD: Planning Board	2
	(old) Sidewalk Conditions Report	Update Sidewalk Conditions report and identify where sidewalks are needed, repairs needed, etc.			LEAD: DPW	1

OBJECTIVE 7.1: IMPROV	/E TOWN GOVERNANCE	E AND ITS ABILITY TO ADAPT	TO CHANGE			
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Refine existing and develop new tools to help with planning and implementation, continued		Become more business friendy by streamlining permitting process		Also SEE: Topic Area 3: Economic Development	LEAD: Town Council PARTNER: Economic Dev. Commission	1
	Existing GIS maps	Update town's GIS maps and establish a system for continuous update			LEAD: Planning Department	1
7.1.7. Consider new methods to recruit volunteers to serve on boards and committees		Explore ways of reaching the largest number of residents and conduct outreach to actively recruit volunteers, especially representation of demographics that are currently missing or underrepresented			LEAD: Human Resources?	1
		Develop clear messaging regarding what the Boards and Committees do, roles and expectations and information regarding opportunities and benefits of participation			LEAD: Town Council	1

OBJECTIVE 7.1: IMPRO\	/E TOWN GOVERNANCE AI	ND ITS ABILITY TO ADAPT	ΓΟ CHANGE			
Stratogy		Potential Actions Not	Funding.	Notes	Load 9 Dawtners	Deionitu
Strategy Consider new methods to recruit volunteers to serve on boards and committees, continued		Limited to the Following Make the process of being appointed easier, more standardized and respectful	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners  LEAD: Town Council	Priority 1
7.1.8. Work with surrounding communities, and to the extend that is feasible, develop a mutually beneficial regional approach	York Eliot Berwick South Berwick	Identify areas of potential collaboration and potential regional partners			LEAD: Town Manager PARTNERS: area communiites	ON-GOING
		Identify opportunities for improving connections to adjacent communities (e.g. bike paths, etc.)			LEAD: Conservation Commission	2

OBJECTIVE 7.1: IMPROV	'E TOWN GOVERNANCE AI	ND ITS ABILITY TO ADAPT 1	TO CHANGE			
Strategy	Existing Resources Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	Potential Actions Not		Notes	Lead & Partners Town Council Town Manager PNS	Priority ON-GOING
7.1.10. Encourage communication and collaboration across Town Departments		Continue to hold regular meetings with Town Department Heads and explore ways of increasing efficiencies and effectiveness by collaborating			Town Manager Town Department Heads	ON-GOING

## Kittery Comprehensive Plan 2015-2025

NTAIN AND IMPROVE M	IUNICIPAL FACILITIES				
	Potential Actions Not Limited				
Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Town Library Committee  Report existing building other sites	Explore possibilities and compare and contrast advantages and disadvantages			LEAD: Town Manager, Town Council PARTNERS:Trustees of the Library, Library Committee	1
	Consider converting Library to a Town Department			LEAD: Town Council PARTNERS:Trustees of the Library	1
	Support Library Director's efforts to support early literacy, digitize the library's collection of photographs and to provide support and programming for the increasing elderly population			Library Director, staff and volunteers	ON-GOING
	Address issue of reputation by making a point of promoting positive aspects and celebrate progress			LEAD: School Department PARTNERS: Kittery Adult Ed, Rice Library	1
	Develop more recent enrollment projections for planning purposes.			LEAD: School Department	1
	Continue to make upgrades to Traip Academy	Capital cost		LEAD: School Department	2
	Existing Resources Town Library Committee Report existing building	Town Library Committee Report existing building other sites  Consider converting Library to a Town Department  Support Library Director's efforts to support early literacy, digitize the library's collection of photographs and to provide support and programming for the increasing elderly population  Address issue of reputation by making a point of promoting positive aspects and celebrate progress  Develop more recent enrollment projections for planning purposes.  Continue to make upgrades to Traip	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following  Town Library Committee Report existing building other sites  Consider converting Library to a Town Department  Support Library Director's efforts to support early literacy, digitize the library's collection of photographs and to provide support and programming for the increasing elderly population  Address issue of reputation by making a point of promoting positive aspects and celebrate progress  Develop more recent enrollment projections for planning purposes.  Continue to make upgrades to Traip  Capital cost	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following  Town Library Committee Report existing building other sites  Consider converting Library to a Town Department  Support Library Director's efforts to support early literacy, digitize the library's collection of photographs and to provide support and programming for the increasing elderly population  Address issue of reputation by making a point of promoting positive aspects and celebrate progress  Develop more recent enrollment projections for planning purposes.  Continue to make upgrades to Traip  Capital Cost	Existing Resources  Existing Resources  Explore possibilities and compare and contrast advantages and disadvantages  Contrast advantages and disadvantages  Consider converting Library to a Town Department  Consider converting Library to a Town Council PARTNERS:Trustees of the Library  Library Director's efforts to support early literacy, digitize the library's collection of photographs and to provide support and programming for the increasing elderly population  Address issue of reputation by making a point of promoting positive aspects and celebrate progress  Develop more recent enrollment projections for planning purposes.  Continue to make upgrades to Traip  Capital cost  Leads Partners  Leads: Town Manager, Town Council PARTNERS: Trustees of the Library Council PARTNERS: Trustees of the Library  Lead: Town Council  PARTNERS: Trustees of the Library  Library Director, staff and volunteers  Library Director, staff and vo

OR IECTIVE 7 2. MAIN	NTAIN AND IMPROVE MU	INICIPAL FACILITIES				
ODJECTIVE 7.2. IVIAII	TAIN AND IMI NOVE ME	Potential Actions Not Limited				
Stratogy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Strategy Continue to provide	Existing Resources	Continue to look for ways of	runung	The Athletics Fields Study	LEAD: School Department,	
high quality education		addressing the lack of athletic fields		has some recommendations	•	2
to residents of all ages,		at the high school		regarding how to achieve	DF VV	
continued		at the high school		this (transportation may be		
				needed)		
	C ( 1)/ // 1// 1				DADTHED C. C. IV	
	Sanford Vocational High	Support students wishing to attend			PARTNER: Sanford Vocational	1
	School	the Sanford Vocational High School			High School	
	area businesses	Support the School Department's		(transportation may be	LEAD: School Department	1
		efforts to participate in Service Learning in the community		needed)	PARTNER: area businesses	
		Learning in the community				
	Kittery Adult Ed (SAD 35)	Continue and expand Adult			LEAD: School Department	2
	Mittery Addit Ed (SAD 55)	Educational opportunities			PARTNER: SAD 35	2
7.2.3 Support plans for	York District Public Health		Capital cost; may also	884	LEAD: Department of	1
the expansion of	Council York	programming (including socializing,	require additional staff;		Recreation	
programming at the	Hospital Department of	transportation, medical, health and	majority of cost will be		PARTNERS: York County	
Kittery Community	Recreation York County	wellness); possibly Adult Day Care	covered by KCC revenue		Community Action	
Center	Community Action				Corporation, Southern Maine	
	Corporation, Southern Maine Agency on Aging				Agency on Aging	
	Intaine Agency on Aging					

OBJECTIVE 7.2: MAI	NTAIN AND IMPROVE MU	JNICIPAL FACILITIES				
		Potential Actions Not Limited				
Strategy	Existing Resources	to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Support plans for the expansion of programming at the Kittery Community Center, continued		Support KCC's plans to increase pre- school services for infants and toddlers			LEAD: Department of Recreation	1
	KCC Fair Tide	Support KCC efforts to collaborate with Fair Tide Homeless shelter to determine the feasibility of establishing a town shuttle		Currently the KCC has 2 vans and a small bus used for field trips	LEAD: KCC PARTNERS: Fair Tide Homeless Shelter	1
7.2.4. Support healthy lifestyle choices and wellness SEE END NOTE 7.2.4.	Fort Foster Fort McClary Sea Point Beach Rogers Park	Increase recreational opportunities to residents of all ages			LEAD: Department of Recreation PARTNERS: DPW, School Department, KCC	2
	Kittery Community Center Town Farm/Forest					
Sidewalk Conditions Report	Evaluate the recommendations of the <b>Athletic Fields Master Plan*</b> and implement as needed and feasible	Financing may be a challenge	Also SEE Topic Area 2: Natural Resources and Recreation		2	
	Sidewalk Conditions Report	Improve and increase walking and biking infrastructure so that it is safe and pleasant		Also SEE Topic Area 5: Transportation		1

## Kittery Comprehensive Plan 2015-2025

OBJECTIVE 7.2: MA	INTAIN AND IMPROVE M	1UNICIPAL FACILITIES				
Strategy	Existing Resources	Potential Actions Not Limited to the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Support healthy lifestyle choices and wellness, continued SEE END NOTE 7.2.4.	Existing Nesources	Explore ways of increasing residents' access and enjoyment of the water	, unumg	Also SEE Topic Area 6: Marine Resources		1
	Choose to Be Healthy Coalition	Encourage cooperation with Choose to Be Healhty Coalition				
	York County Community Action social worker	Explore ways of providing support and facilities for homeless in Kittery	explore possibility of regional cooperation		LEAD:	ON-GOING
7.2.5. Maintain and upgrade existing facilities		The Solid Waste Facility is in need of some minor repairs	capital cost		LEAD: DPW	2

<sup>\*</sup> not yet adopted

•	•	IICIPAL SERVICES IN AN EFFICIENT Potential Actions Not Limited to				
Stratogy			Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Strategy 7.3.1 Continue to ensure	O	Consider expanding number of police	capital and operating	there is room for	LEAD: Town Manager, Town	2
_	Department	officers SEE END NOTE 7.3.1. A	cost	expansion in the existing	<b>.</b>	-
adequate for the	Department	JEE 2115 116 12 71511		space	Council	
community's needs						
•						
	Regional Police and Fire Departments	Support efforts to provide regional joint police and fire dispatch, to be	pending grant	7	LEAD: Kittery Police Department	1
	e epar aments	located in Kittery's Police Department.			o epai amene	
		SEE END NOTE 7.3.1.B				
	Kittery Police	Support the Police Department's			PARTNERS: York, ME;	1
	Department	efforts to establish a regional opiate addiction program.			Portsmouth, Summersworth and Rochester, NH to	
		addiction program.			establish organization HOPE	
					(Heroin-Opiate Prevention	
					Effort) for the Seacoast	
	Kittery Police	Continue to support Resource Officer			LEAD: Kittery Police	ON-GOING
	Department	position at the schools			Department	
					PARTNER: School	
					Department	
	Kittery Police	Consider using shell space on upper		-	LEAD: Town Council	2
	Department	floor for police dispatch expansion and			PARTNERS: Police	
		for potential additional police officers			Department	

OBJECTIVE 7.3: PRO	VIDE ADEQUATE MUI	NICIPAL SERVICES IN AN EFFICIENT	MANNER			
		Potential Actions Not Limited to				
Strategy	Existing Resources	the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Continue to ensure	Kittery Fire Department	Evaluate the need to transition to a full-		there is room for	LEAD: Town Council	1
public safety is		time career fire fighting department.			PARTNERS: Town Manager	
adequate for the		SEE END NOTE 7.3.1. C		Gorges Road facility	Fire Department	
community's needs,						
7.3.2. Continue to			Capital costs		LEAD: Town Manager, Town	2
provide engaging			May be a challenge to		Council	
activities for residents of all ages SEE END NOTE 7.3.2.			fund		PARTNERS: Parks, DPW	
		Provide transportation options for young people (e.g. safe walking, biking, town shuttle)			LEAD: Town Council, DPW	1
	Kittery Community	Support the KCC in its efforts to expand			LEAD: Kittery Community	ON-GOINC
	Center	its programming to residents of all			Center	
		ages, especially youth and the elderly			PARTNERS: South Maine	
					Area Agency on Aging, Parks	
	Schools	Explore ways of collaborating in order			PARTNERS:	2
	Library	to expand services; avoid duplication of			Schools	
	KCC	programming			Library KCC	

OBJECTIVE 7.3: PRO	VIDE ADEQUATE MUI	NICIPAL SERVICES IN AN EFFICIENT	MANNER			
		Potential Actions Not Limited to				
Strategy	Existing Resources	the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Continue to provide engaging activities for residents of all ages, continued SEE END NOTE 7.3.2.  Rice Public Library	Provide transportation options for elderly residents (e.g. safe walking, town shuttle). Explore York County options: https://www.yccac.org/documents/Tran sportation%20Overview.pdf			LEAD: Kittery Community Center PARTNERS: South Maine Area Agency on Aging, York County (YCCAC)	1	
	Rice Public Library	Support the library in its efforts to expand programming		***************************************	LEAD: Rice Public Library	1
7.3.3. Ensure our wastewater treatment plans and services are consistent with our land use plans  30- Year Wastewater Treatment Implementation Plan	Provide sewer extensions in established growth areas.	Betterment fees	ALSO SEE Topic Area 8.0 Land Use	LEAD: Wastewater Treatment Department PARTNER: Planning Department	2	
land use plans					Department	
land use plans		Provide sewer extensions in areas contaminated by failing septic systems.			Берагинен	1
land use plans					LEAD: Wastewater Treatment Department	3

OBJECTIVE 7.3: PROV	VIDE ADEQUATE MUN	NICIPAL SERVICES IN AN EFFICIENT	MANNER			
		Potential Actions Not Limited to				
Strategy	Existing Resources	the Following	Funding	Notes	Lead & Partners	Priority
Ensure our wastewater treatment plans and services are consistent with our land use plan, continued	Explore the possibility of providing a pump station on the water for processing wastewater from ships in the harbor.			PARTNERS: Portsmouth Wastewater Treatment Plant, ship owners	2	
		Continue to stay up-to-date with new technologies which may in the future facilitate connecting areas of Town that are currently too expensive to connect to the Town's system.				ON-GOING
		Continue to monitor water usage at the PNS (the largest user)			LEAD: Water District PARTNER: PNS	ON-GOING
		Explore elimination of betterment fees for future sewer expansion projects, leaving in place the connection fee and quartely fee. If pursued, this strategy should have maximum citizen participation			LEAD: Town Council, Wastewater Treatment Department	2
		Add ADU (accessory dwelling units) as "dwelling unit" for purposes of sewer connection			LEAD: Planning Board, Wastewater Treatment Department	2